



# creation.

AEI Team #04-2013

Jenna Dumke  
Mike Hoffacker  
Abigail Kun  
Kristiana McMunn  
Amanda Small  
Jeff Sopinski  
Emily Wychock  
Pat Zuza



# creation.

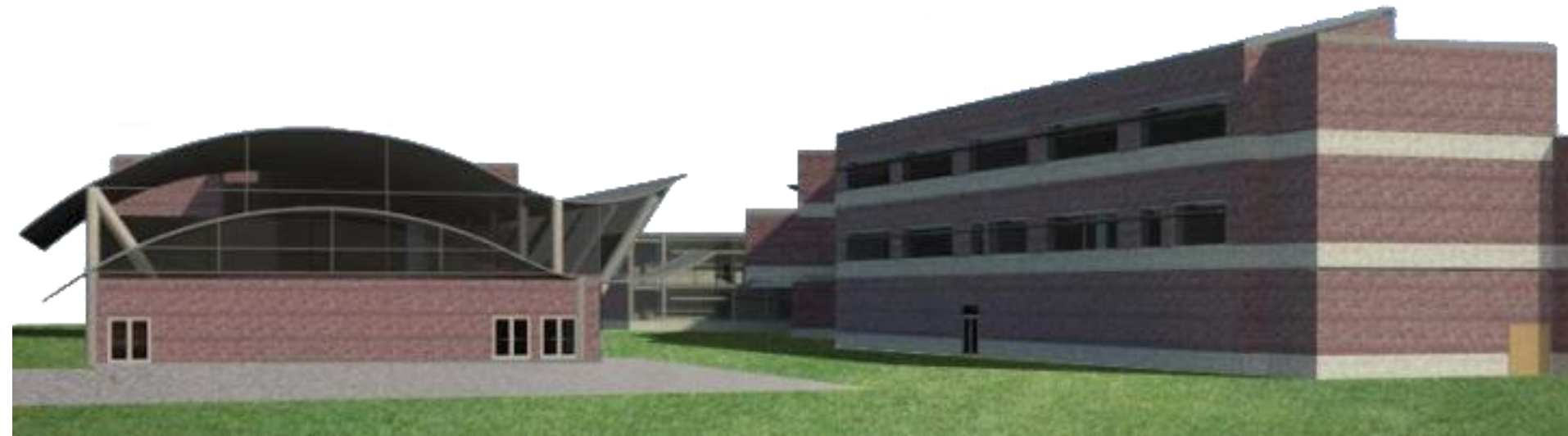
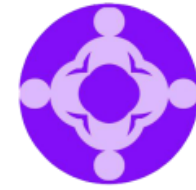
creation's one true aim is to enhance the quality of the communities we work with through innovative ideas and sustainable design

**Ingenuity | Quality | Enjoyment | Integrity**

PENNSSTATE



# Project Overview



- **The Challenge**
  - *Competition Prompt*
  - Team Response
- The Process
- Master Plan
- Site Orientation
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification



## The Challenge

1. **Construction & Design issues** related to a high performance building
2. Address **Security** for Reading, Pennsylvania
3. **LEED** Certified
4. **Budget & Schedule** for School District

1. Innovative Building Systems Approach
2. Population:88,000 5th largest city in Pennsylvania
  1. Reading has the largest share of citizens living in poverty(37%)
  2. Crime Index of 480.8 (National Average of 319.1)
3. *LEED Silver*
4. *\$19M & 14 Month Schedule*

*The term 'high-performance building' means a building that integrates and optimizes on a life cycle basis all major high performance attributes, including energy conservation, environment, safety, security, durability, accessibility, cost-benefit, productivity, sustainability, functionality, and operational considerations.*



- **The Challenge**
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## The Challenge

1. Construction & Design issues related to a high performance building
2. Address Security for Reading, Pennsylvania
3. LEED Certified
4. Budget & Schedule for School District

1. **Innovative Building Systems** Approach
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  1. Reading has the largest share of citizens living in **poverty**(37%)
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3. **LEED Silver**
4. **\$19M & 14 Month** *Schedule*



- The Challenge
- The Process
  - BIM Execution Planning
    - *Project Information*
      - BIM Roles & Organization
      - BIM Objectives & Uses
      - Collaboration Procedures
- Master Plan
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## The Process

PROJECT MILESTONE	ESTIMATED START	ESTIMATED COMPLETION	PROJECT DELIVERABLE	INVOLVED PROJECT STAKEHOLDERS
Preliminary Planning	9/1/12	9/14/12	Presentation 1	MEP, Struct, CM
Schematic Design	9/14/12	10/3/12	Presentation 2	MEP, Struct, CM
Design Development	10/3/12	10/24/12	Presentation3	MEP, Struct, CM
Construction Documents	10/24/12	11/12/12	Proposal	MEP, Struct, CM
AEI Submission	11/12/12	2/22/12	Electronic Submission	MEP, Struct, CM
Short List Selection	2/22/12	3/8/12	None	MEP, Struct, CM
Finalist Presentation	3/8/12	4/3/12	Final Presentation	MEP, Struct, CM
Award	4/5/12	4/5/12	None	MEP, Struct, CM

## BIM Execution Planning

Section 1: BIM Project Execution Plan Overview

**Section 2: Project Information**

Section 3: Key Project Contacts & Staffing

Section 4: BIM Roles and Organization

Section 5: Project BIM Objectives and Project BIM Uses

Section 6: BIM Process Design

Section 7: Collaboration Procedures

Section 8: Technological Infrastructure Requirements

Section 9: Model and Database Structure

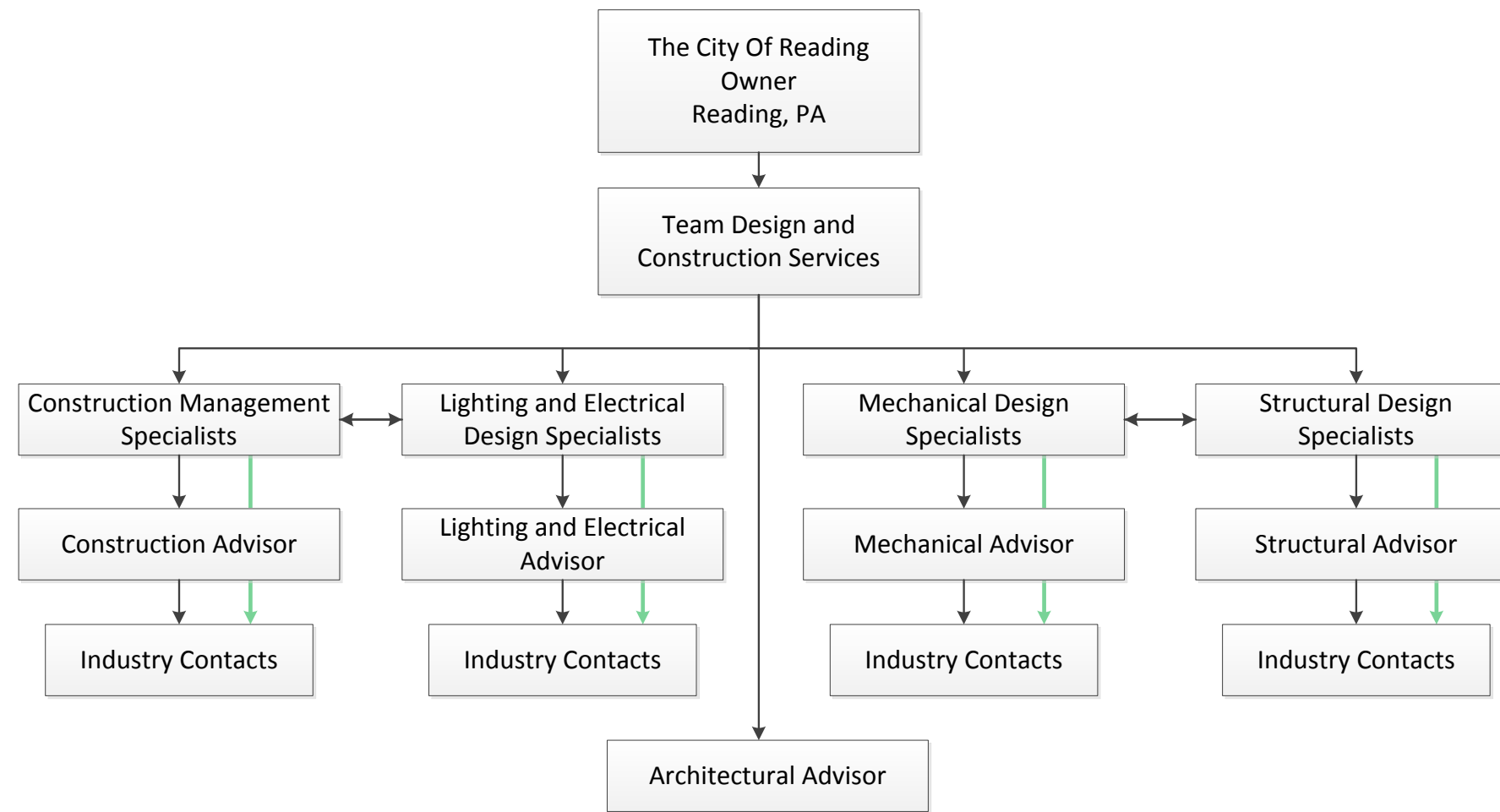
Section 10: Quality Control Procedures

Section 11: Project Deliverables

Section 12: Attachments

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# The Process



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## The Process

TASK	ROLE	Staff Size	Hours Planned	Weeks
Model Development	Architect(Collaborative)	8	2 hrs/wk	3
	CM	2	8 hrs/wk	8
	Electrical	2	8 hrs/wk	8
	Lighting	2	8 hrs/wk	8
	Mechanical	2	8 hrs/wk	8
Model Review	Structural	2	8 hrs/wk	8
	CM	2	1 hr/wk	16
	Electrical	2	1 hr/wk	16
	Lighting	2	1 hr/wk	16
	Mechanical	2	1 hr/wk	16
Structural Analysis & Design	Structural	2	10 hrs/wk	8
	Structural	2	10 hrs/wk	8
Lighting/Electrical Analysis & Design	Lighting/Electrical	2	10 hrs/wk	8
Mechanical Analysis & Design	Mechanical	2	10 hrs/wk	8
LEED Certification Plus+ Reviews	Collaborative	8	4 hrs/wk	6
Schedule Development	Construction Manager	2	5 hrs/wk	2
Cost Estimating	Construction Manager	2	10 hrs/wk	2
Value Engineering	Collaborative	8	3 hrs/wk	Ongoing
	Structural	2	4 hrs/wk	3
3D Coordination	Lighting/Electrical	2	4 hrs/wk	3
	Mechanical	2	4 hrs/wk	3
	Construction Manager	2	7 hrs/wk	3
4D Modeling	Construction Manager	2	5 hrs/wk	3
















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    - *BIM Objectives & Uses*
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## The Process






Symbol	Name	Software Uses	Symbol	Name	Software Uses
	AutoCAD	2D Drawing/Modeling		SKM	Arc Flash Studies
	Trane Trace	Mechanical Load Calculations		Trimble SketchUp	Virtual Mock-Ups
	Autodesk Revit	3D Drawing/Modeling		Microsoft Project	Construction Scheduling
	Daysim	Daylighting and Electrical Analysis		RSMeans CostWorks	Construction Estimation
	Bentley RAM	Structural System Design		Oracle P6	Construction Scheduling
	AGi32	Lighting Calculations		3ds Max	3D Model Rendering
	ETABS	Lateral Structural System Design		Autodesk Navisworks	3D Coordination & 4D Modeling
	Microsoft Excel	Mechanical & Structural Calculations & Estimate Organizational Tool			

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## The Process

Symbol	Name	Software Uses
	University Server	Store and share large files and backups, organize documents
	Revit Central Model	Integrated modeling
	Google Drive	Group communication and small document sharing
	GroupMe Application	Informal and 'instant access' group communication
	External Hard Drive	Backup all project documents

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- The Challenge
- The Process
- *Master Plan*
  - Construction Phase 1
  - Construction Phase 2
- Site Orientation
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

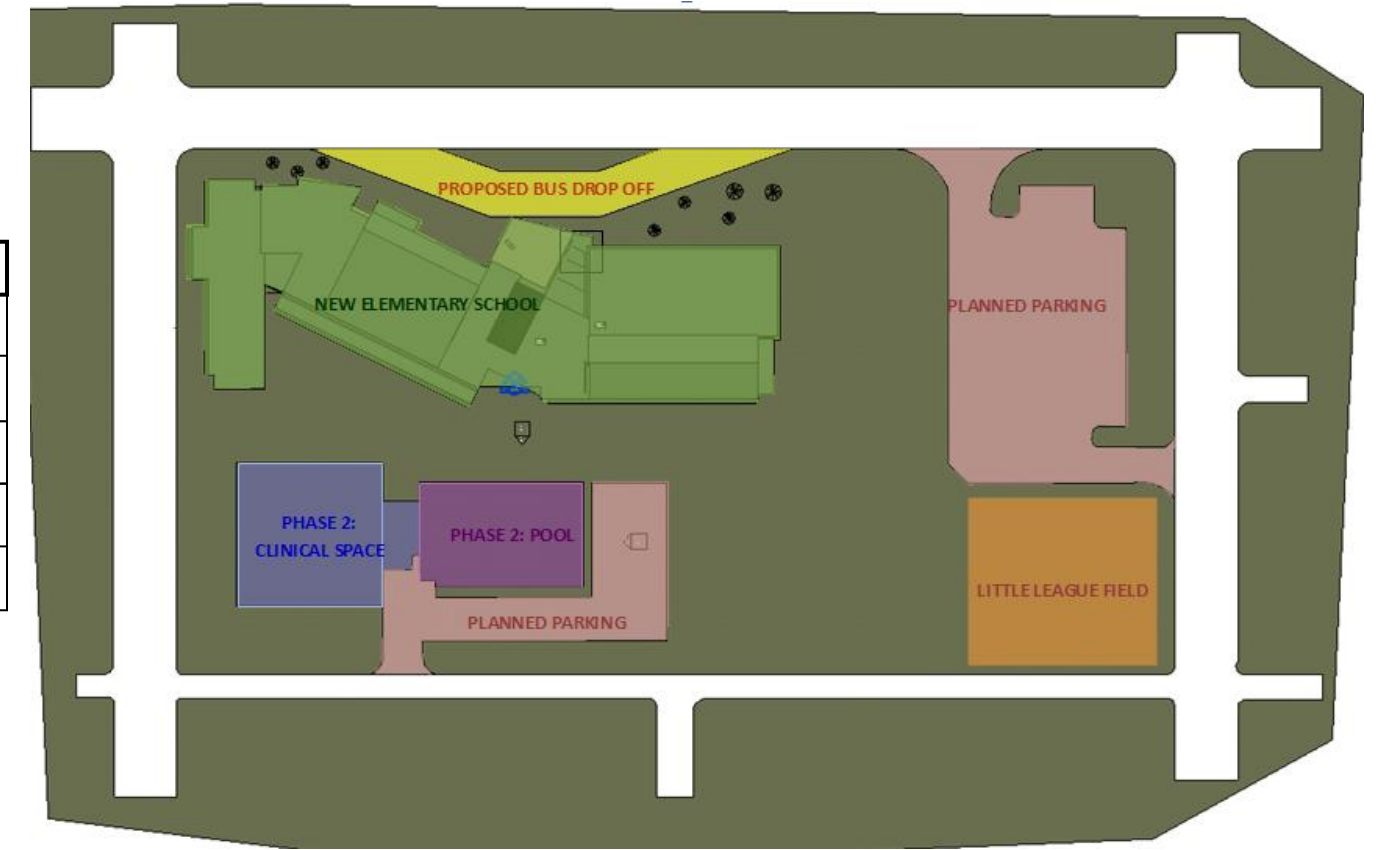
# Master Plan

## Reading Elementary

**Phase 1** – New Construction

**Phase 2** – Renovate Existing School for Pool and Clinical Space

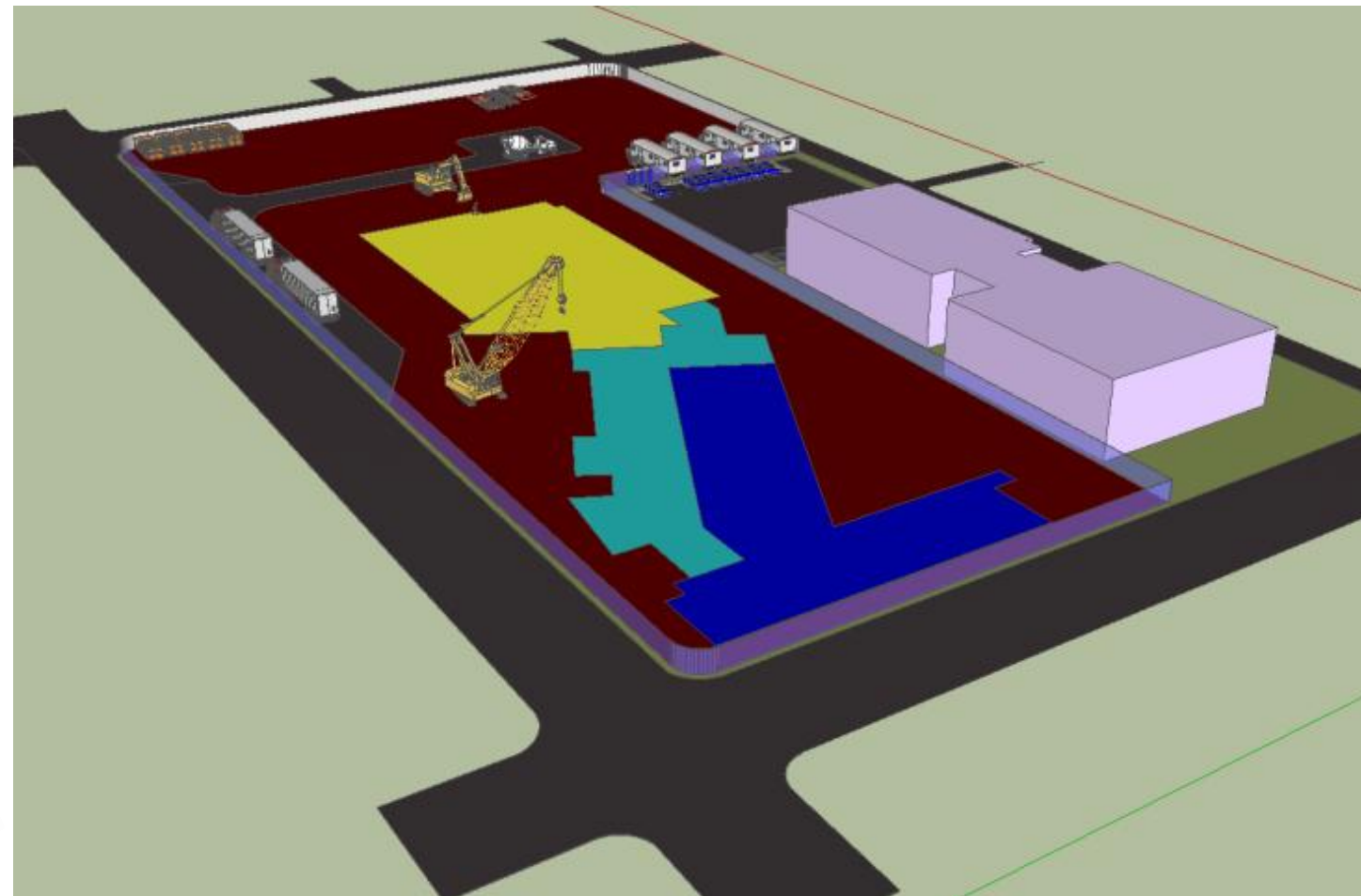
KEY	
	Proposed Bus Drop Off
	New Elementary School
	Phase 2
	Phase 2: Natatorium
	Little League Field



- The Challenge
- The Process
- **Master Plan**
  - *Construction Phase 1*
    - Construction Phase 2
- Site Orientation
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



#### Master Plan Details

- \$16,000,000 New Construction
- 12 Month Schedule
- Rammed Aggregate Pier Foundation
- Structural Steel Frame
- Prefabricated Concrete Wall Panels
- Brick & Limestone Façade
- Clerestories & Ribbon Windows
- Atrium
- Educational Green Roof Space
- Ground Source Heat Pump System
- Building Automation System
- Vandal Resistant Security System
- Bullet Proof Glass Add/Alternate

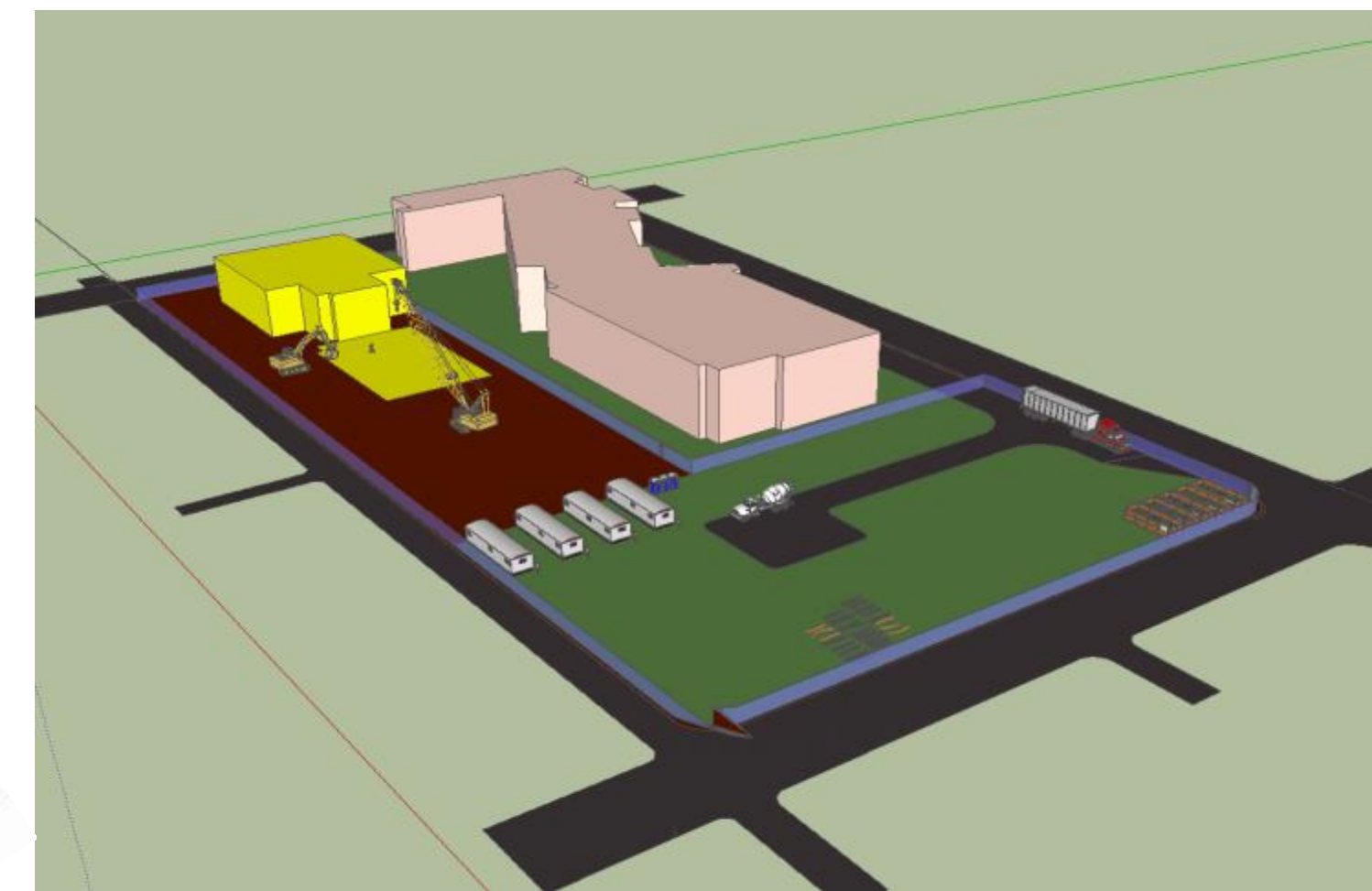


- The Challenge
- The Process
- **Master Plan**
  - Construction Phase 1
  - *Construction Phase 2*
- Site Orientation
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

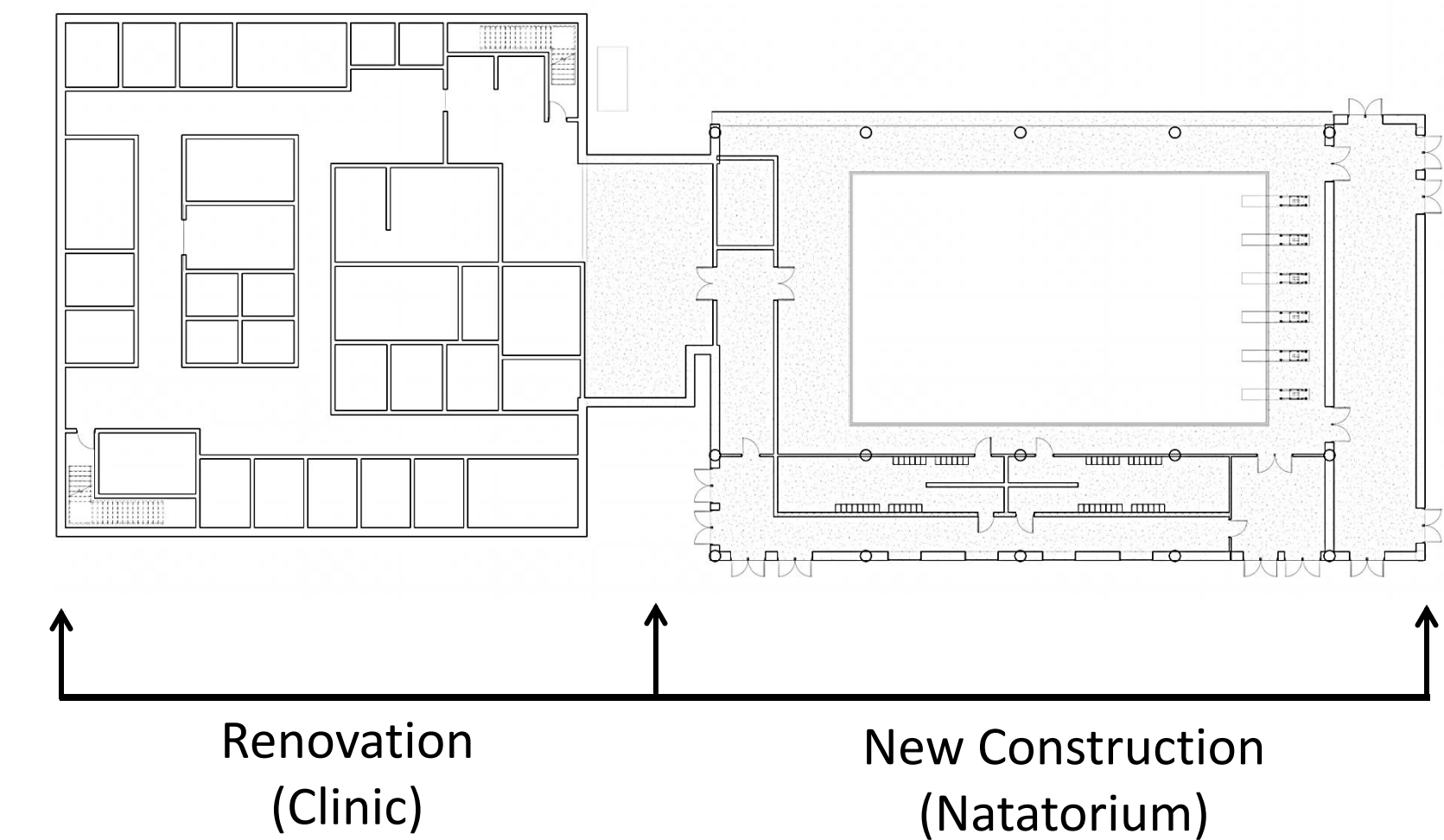
**Master Plan Details**

- \$3,000,000 Renovation
- 3 Month Schedule
- Rammed Aggregate Pier Foundation
- Structural Steel Frame
- Variable Refrigerant Volume with Heat Recovery

# Phase 2 Renovation



## Clinic and Natatorium Plan



- The Challenge
- The Process
- *Master Plan*
- Site Orientation
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

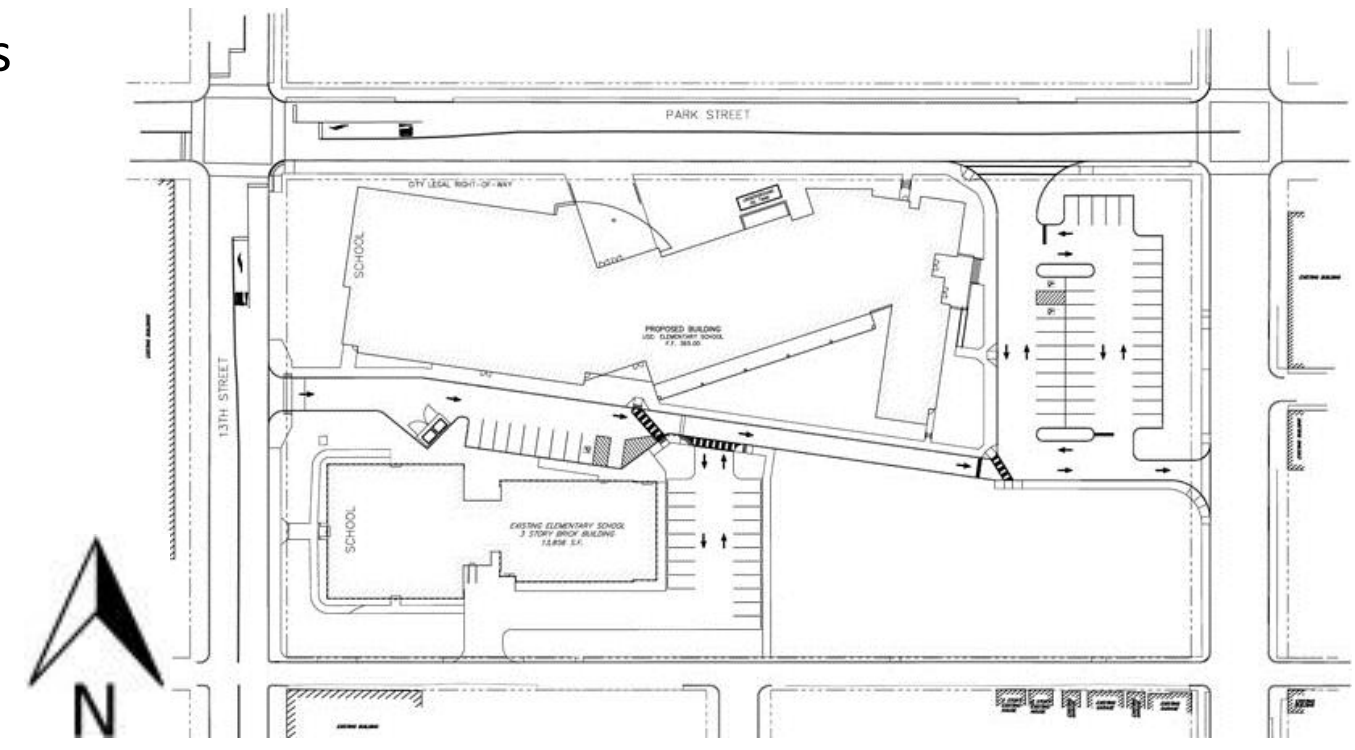
# Finished Master Plan

## Reading School District



- The Challenge
- The Process
- Master Plan
- *Site Orientation*
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

# Site Orientation

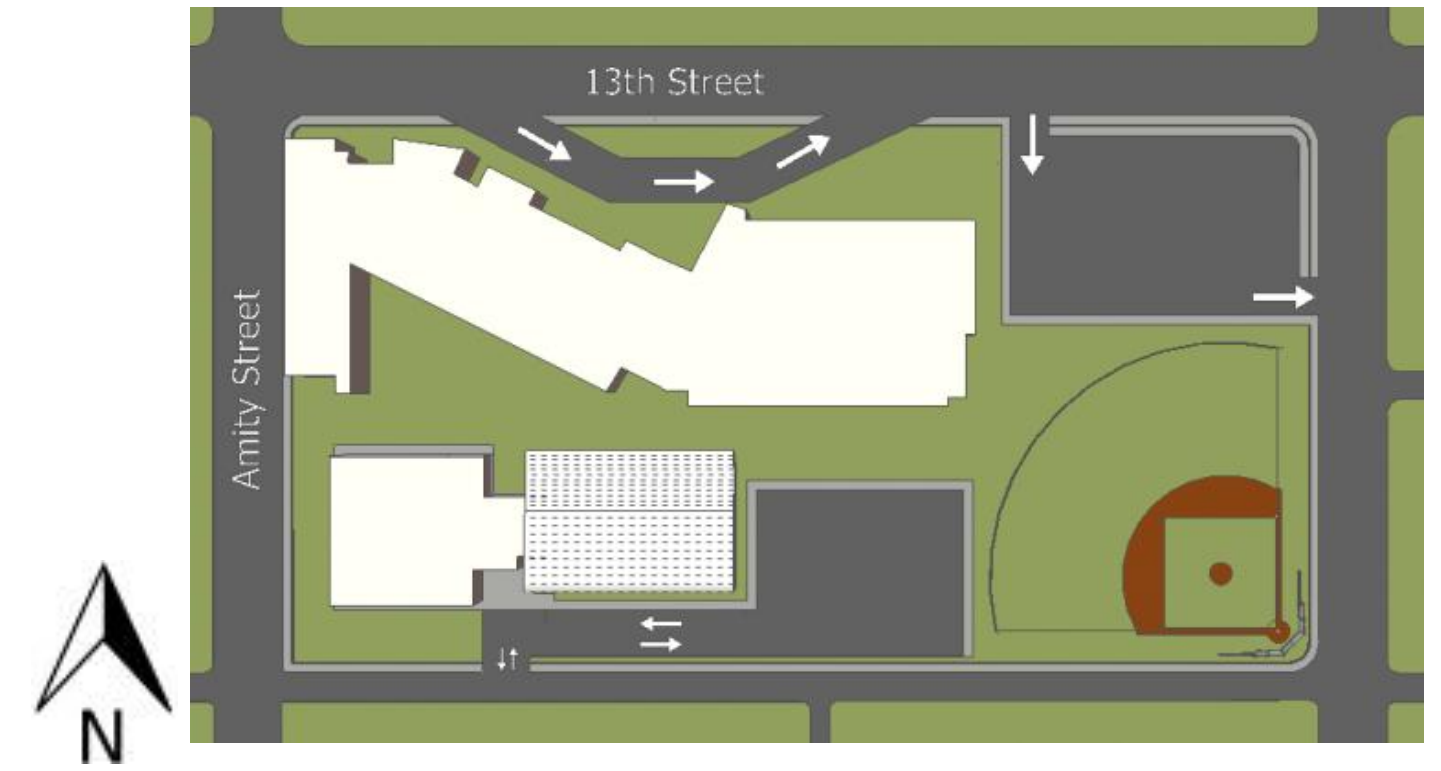
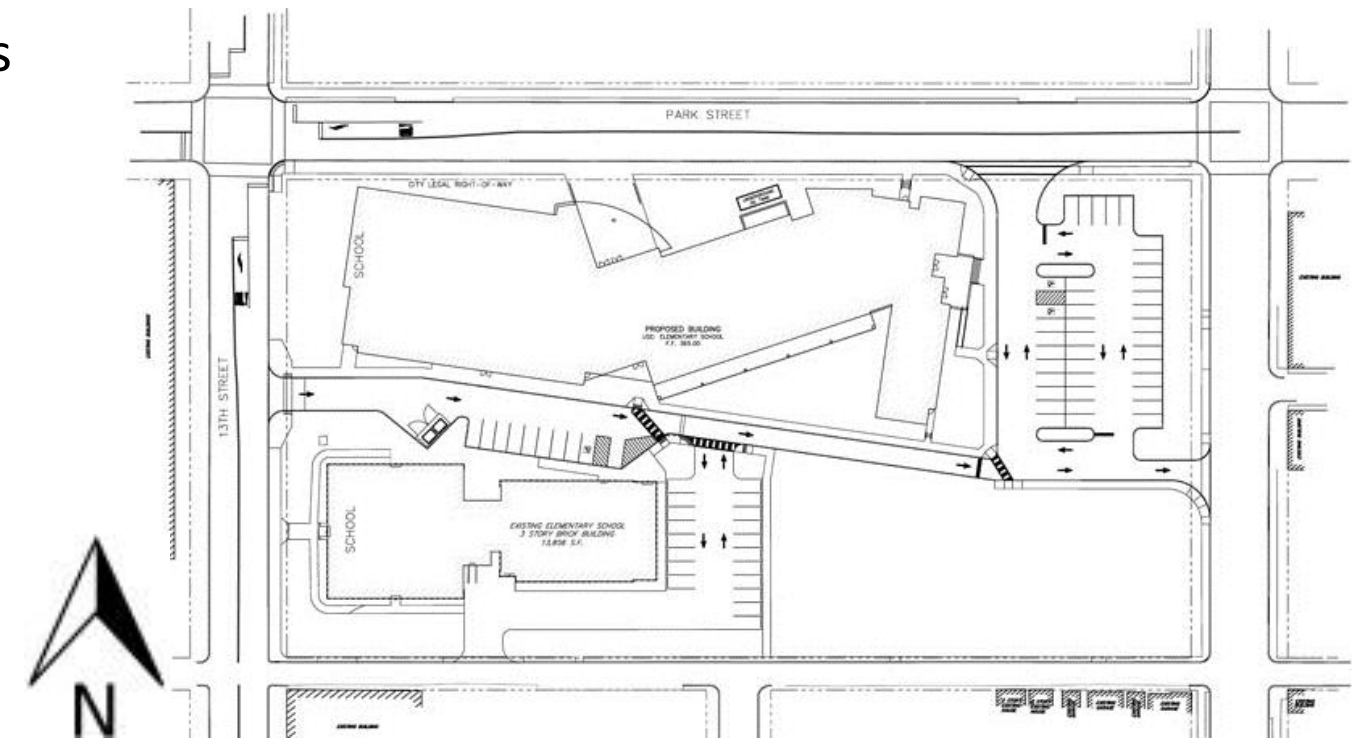


- **Project Location:**  
**Amity & 13<sup>th</sup> Streets**
- **Flip footprint over vertical axis**



- The Challenge
- The Process
- Master Plan
- *Site Orientation*
- Security Measures
- LEED Certification

# Site Orientation



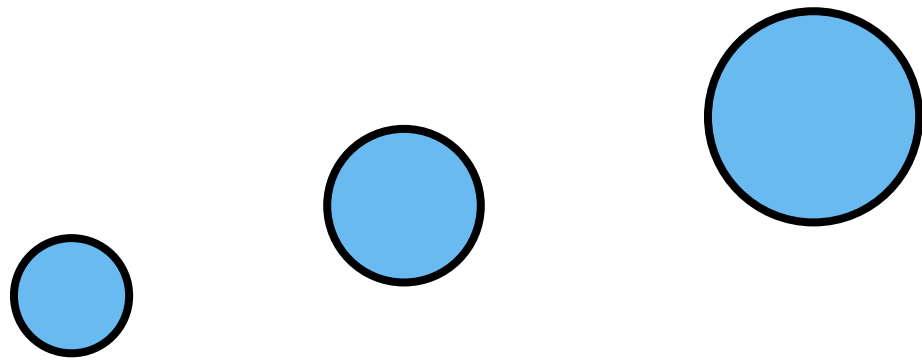
- **Project Location:**  
**Amity & 13<sup>th</sup> Streets**
- **Flip footprint over vertical axis**



# Site Orientation



creation.







- Multipurpose space near parking
- Daylighting For Perimeter Classrooms
- Maximize Outdoor Space
- Eliminate Interior Bus Loop
- Security and Safety



- The Challenge
- The Process
- Master Plan
- Site Orientation
- **Security Measures**
- LEED Certification

# Security Measures


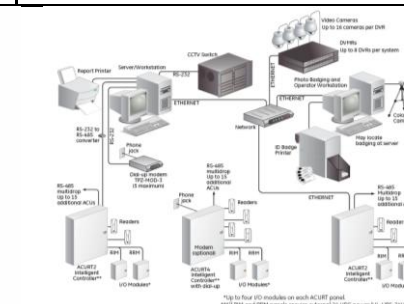


-  Visitor entrance, guests must be buzzed in and sign in at front desk
-  Unlocked for public access
-  Locked; faculty card swipe access only
-  Locked; emergency exit only

Daytime (6:00 am – 5:00 pm)



Evenings / Weekends (access to public spaces only)



Security Cameras	Topaz Access Control	Card Readers	Glass Break Sensor
			
Vandal Resistant Security Cameras	Building Control System	Building Access Control	Acoustic and PIR Glass Break Sensor and Transmitter

Also Included:

- K-rated security fence around the property
- Bulletproof glass at Main Visitor Entry
- Integrated building alarm and announcement system

- The Challenge
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- **LEED Certification**

# LEED Silver Certification

Point Breakdown			
Category	Points Possible	Points Earned	Comments
Sustainable Sites	25	19	
Water Efficiency	10	4	
Energy & Atmosphere	35	13	
Materials & Resources	14	5	
Indoor Environment Quality	15	9	
Innovative Design	6	1	
Regional Priority	4	1	
<b>Total:</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>52</b>	LEED Silver



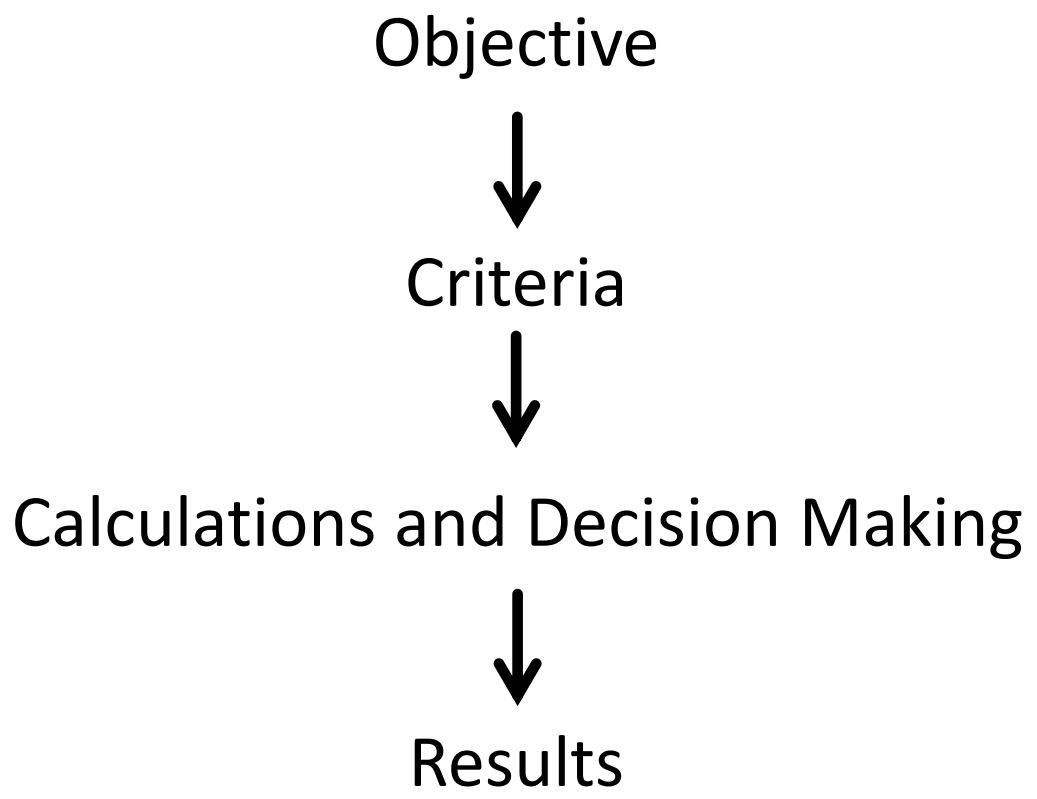
# Structural Systems





- *Design Process*
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion

# Design Process



- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - *Foundation*
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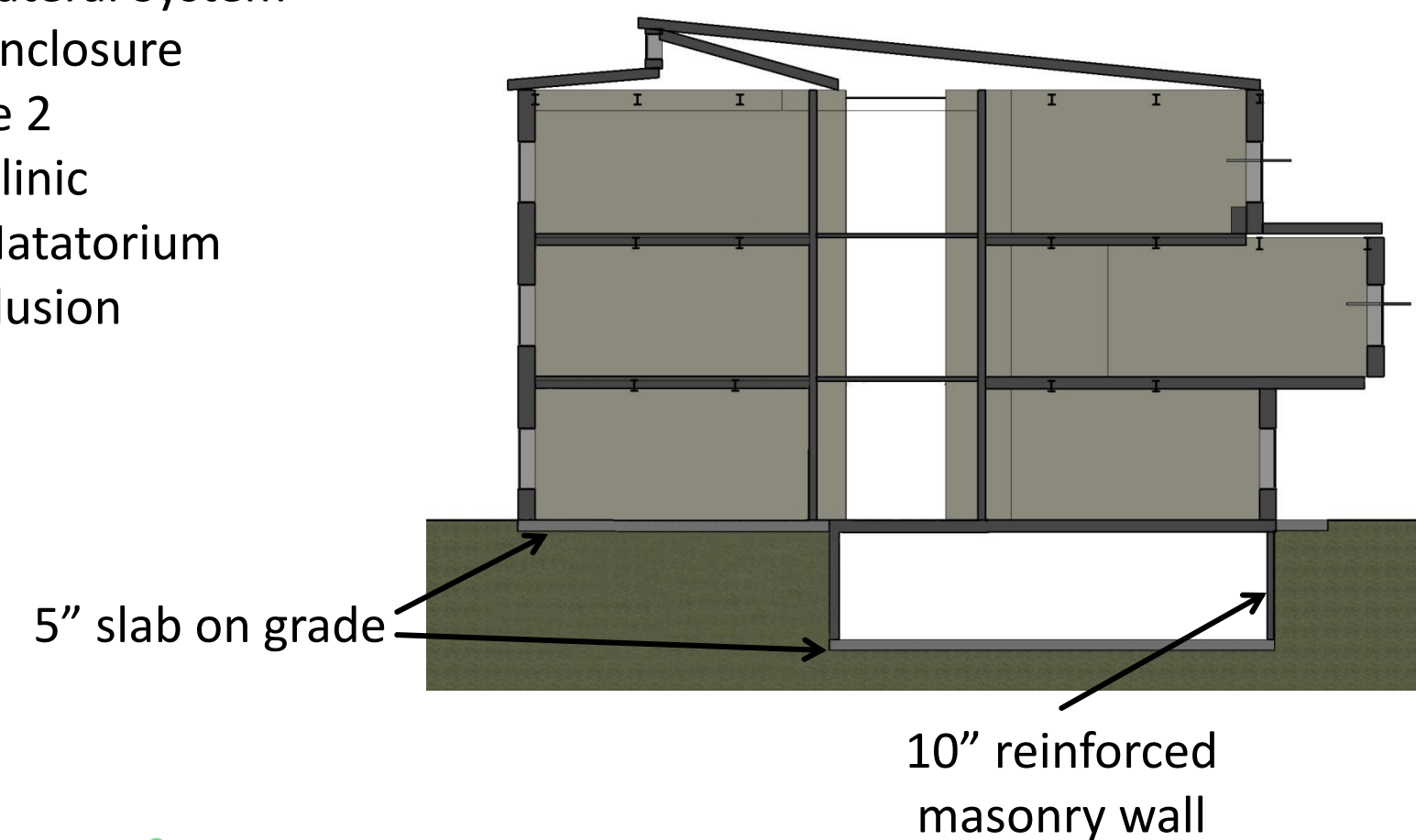
## Foundation

### Design Criteria

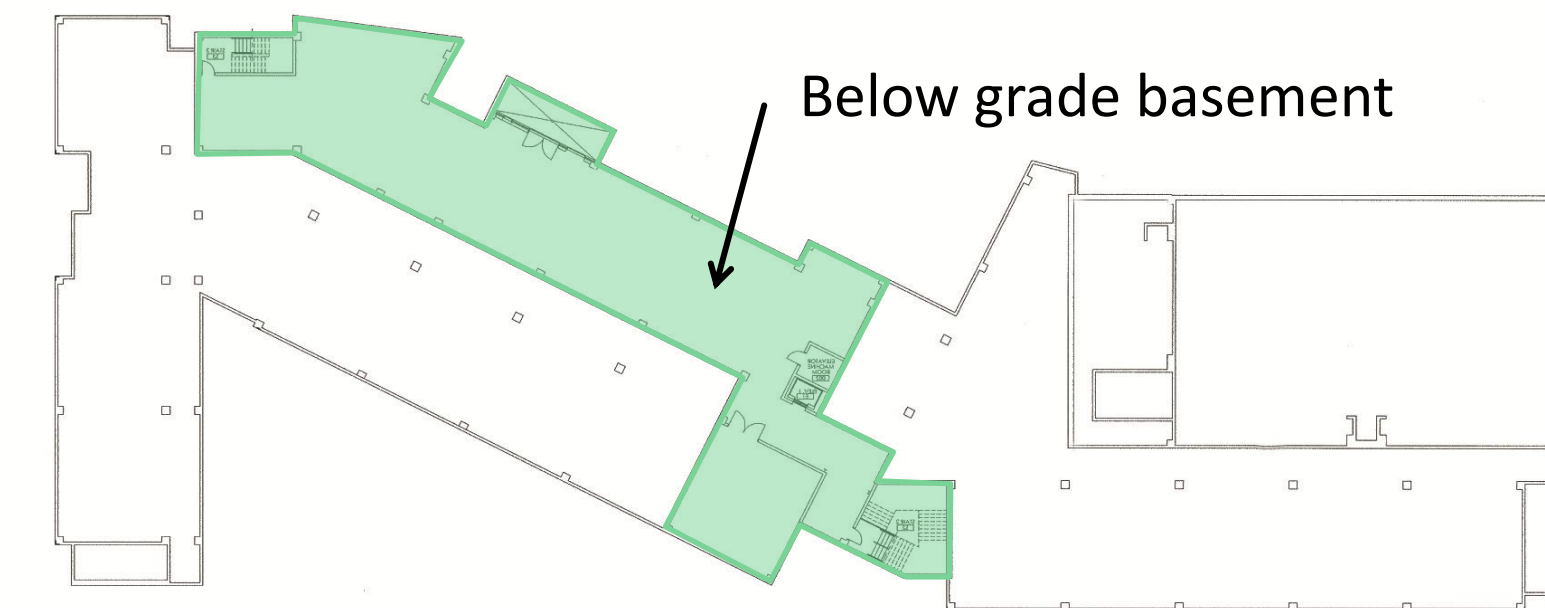
- Adapt to existing soil conditions
- Cost and predictability
- Constructability and schedule

### Possible Systems

1. Compaction Grouting
2. Excavation
3. Micropiles
4. Rammed Aggregate Piers



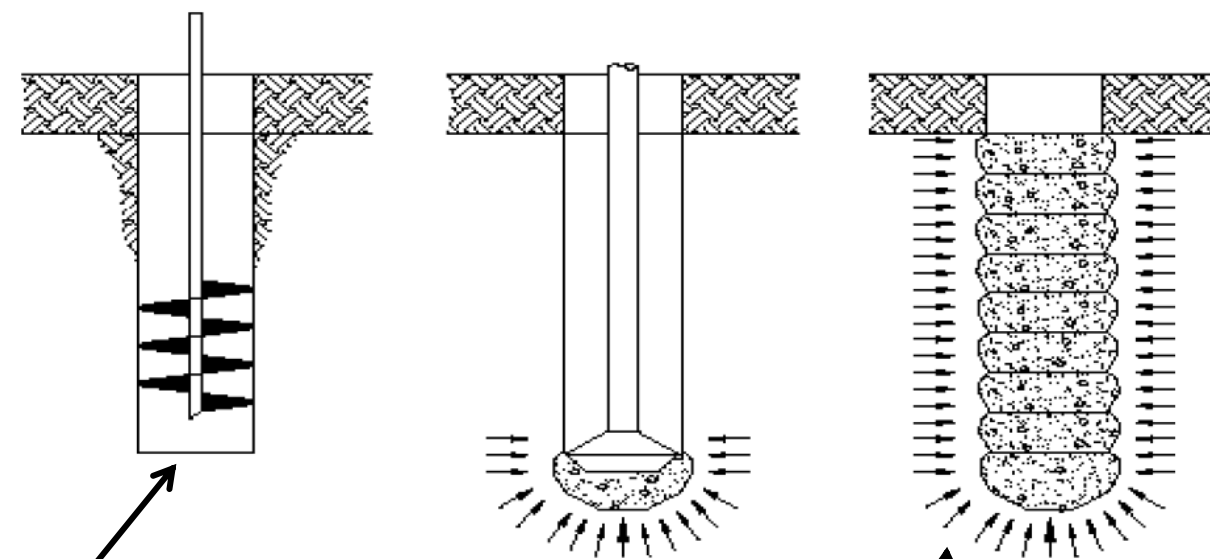
### Building Footprint



34,000 SF total building footprint  
 7,300 SF basement  
 615 ft masonry retaining wall

- Design Process
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### Pier Construction Process



30" diameter shaft  
Average depth of 12'

120 kip capacity

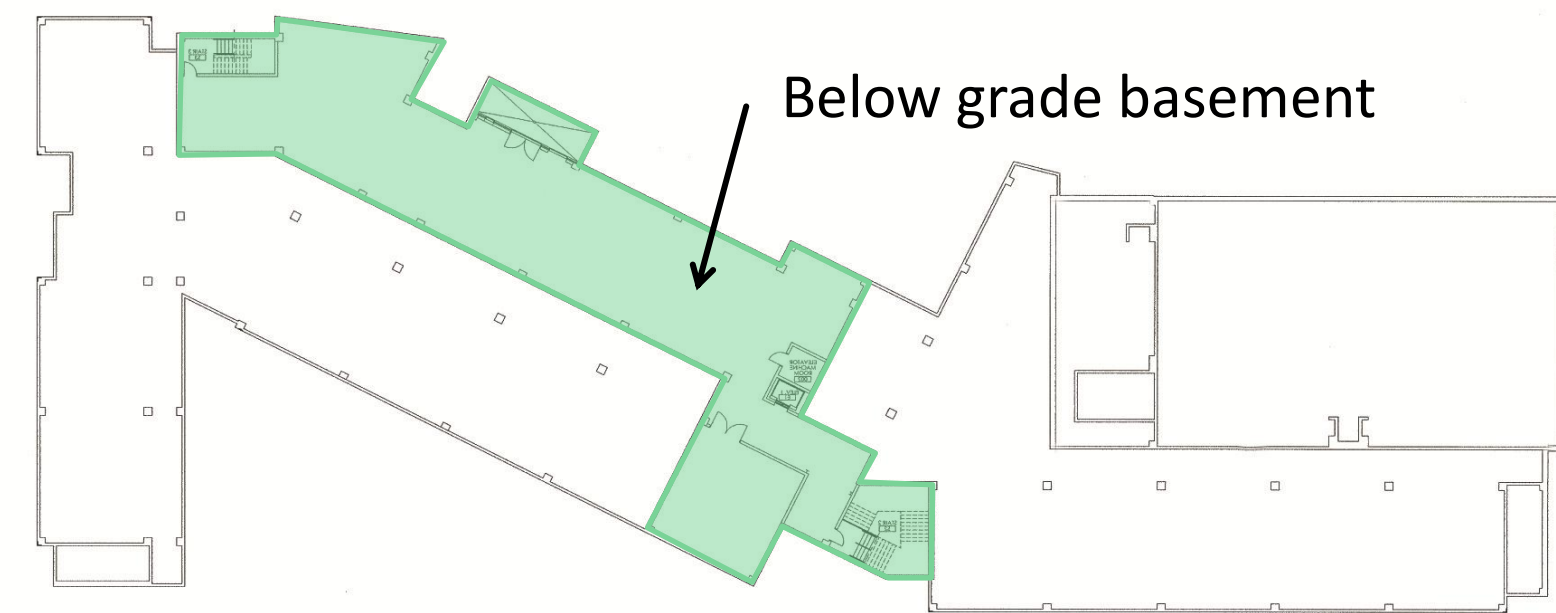
## Foundation

### Rammed Aggregate Piers

- Use local and recyclable resources
- Increases soil strength and stiffness
- 240 total piers installed at a rate of 30 to 60 piers per day
- Occupy 30-50% of shallow footing plan area



### Building Footprint



34,000 SF total building footprint  
7,300 SF basement  
615 ft masonry retaining wall

- Design Process
- **Phase 1**
  - Foundation
  - **Gravity System**
    - *Analysis*
    - Framing System
    - Floor System
    - Atrium
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Live Loads (psf) (ASCE7-05)	
Assembly area movable seats/Gym	100
Corridor on 1st floor	100
Corridor above 1st floor	80
Lobbies	100
Library Stacks	150
Library Reading Room	60
School Classroom	40
Offices	50
Stage Floors	150
Stairs/exit ways	100
Ordinary flat/pitched/curved roof	20
Roof used for garden/assembly	100
Walkway/elevated platform	60

# Gravity System

## Design Criteria

- Consider placement of columns and expansion joints
- Adapt to the architecture
- Accommodate all mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and lighting elements

*Steel vs. Concrete*

Dead Loads (psf)		
Enclosure	Exterior Brick Wall Panel	45
	Glass Curtain Wall	15
Roof	Gym Roof	15
	Flat Roof	15
	Sloped Roof	15
	Green Roof	200
Floor	Composite Deck	45
	Superimposed (ceiling, lights, MEP, etc.)	15
	Total for Typical Floor	60
Mechanical Equipment	Large Air Handling Unit	4000 lbs
	Small Air Handling Unit	2000 lbs

Snow Loads (psf)		
Ground	$p_g =$	30.0
Flat Roof	$p_f =$	22.7
1:12 sloped roof	$p_{s1} =$	22.7
1:4 sloped roof	$p_{s2} =$	22.7



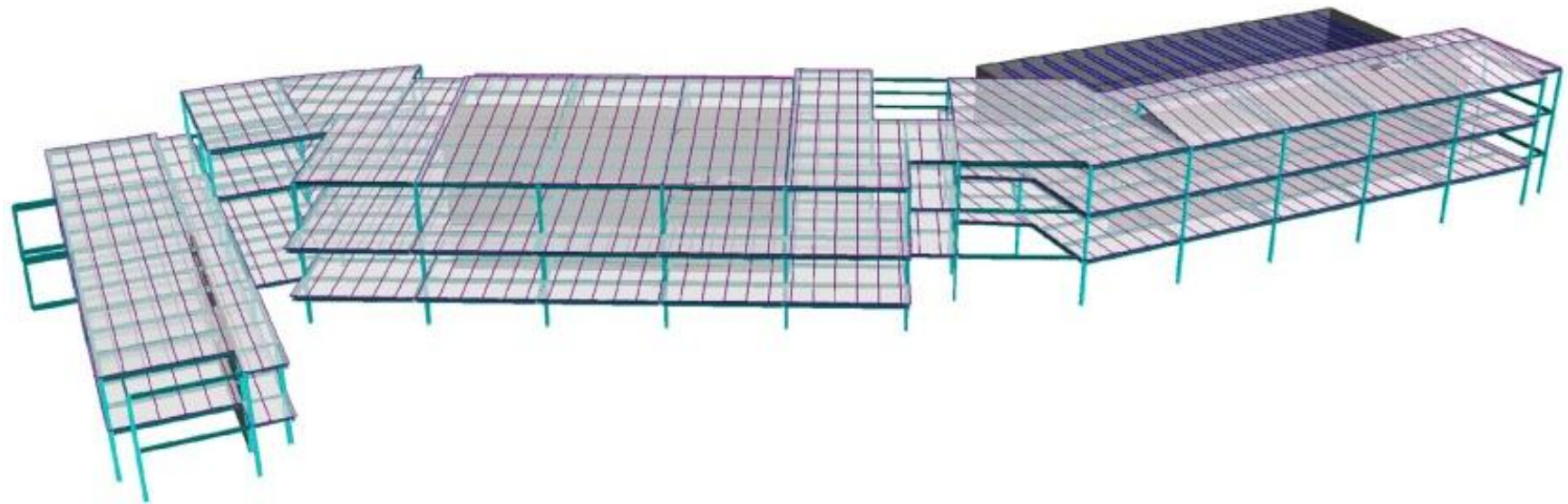
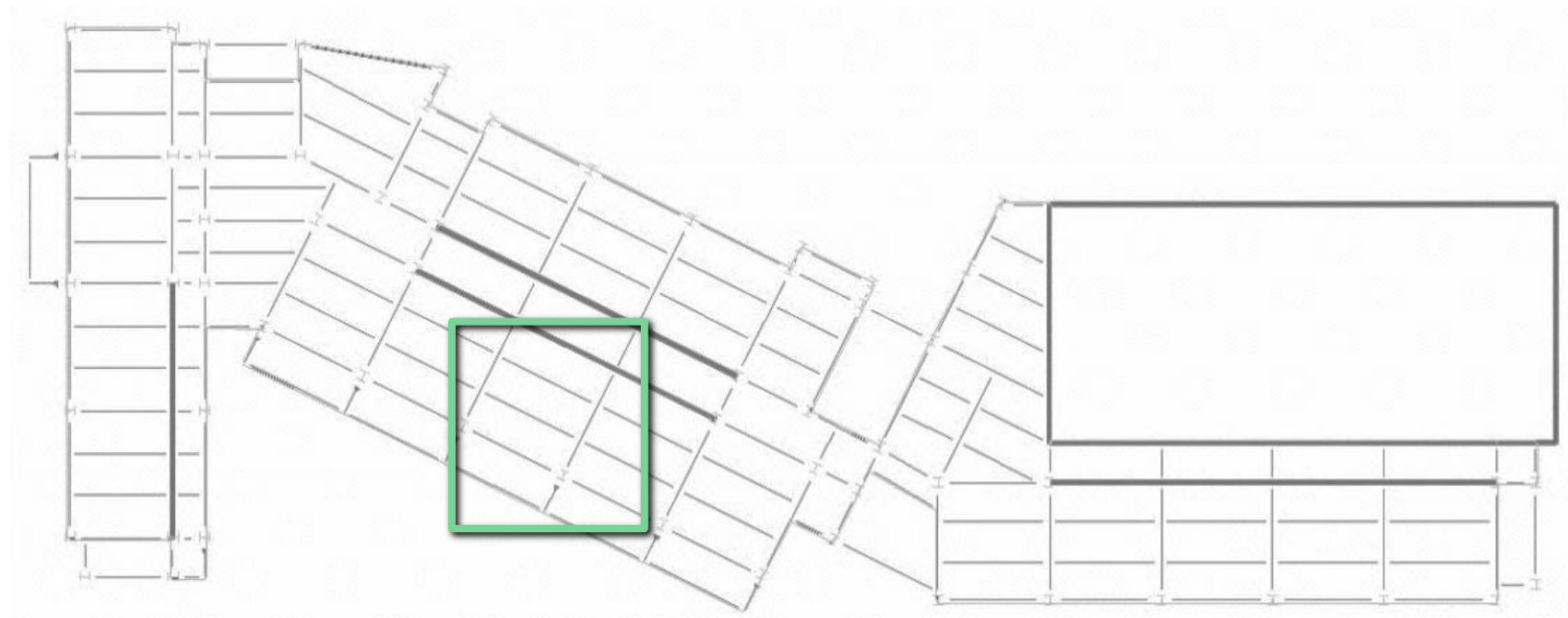
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# Gravity System

Typical Classroom



Framing Layout



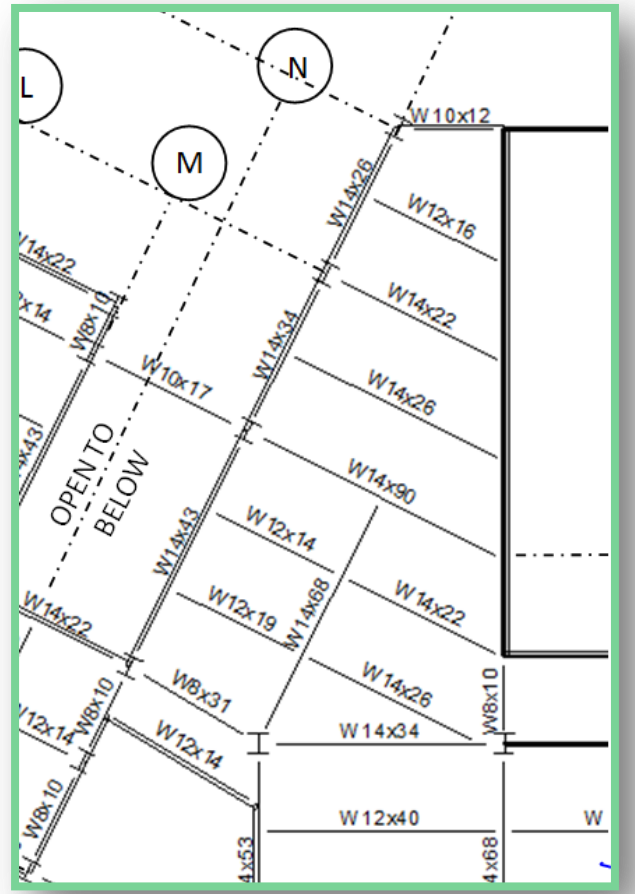
- Typical columns W10x33 and W14x61
- Beams range from W8x10 to W16x67
- Typical bay size 28x30
- 14 ft story height



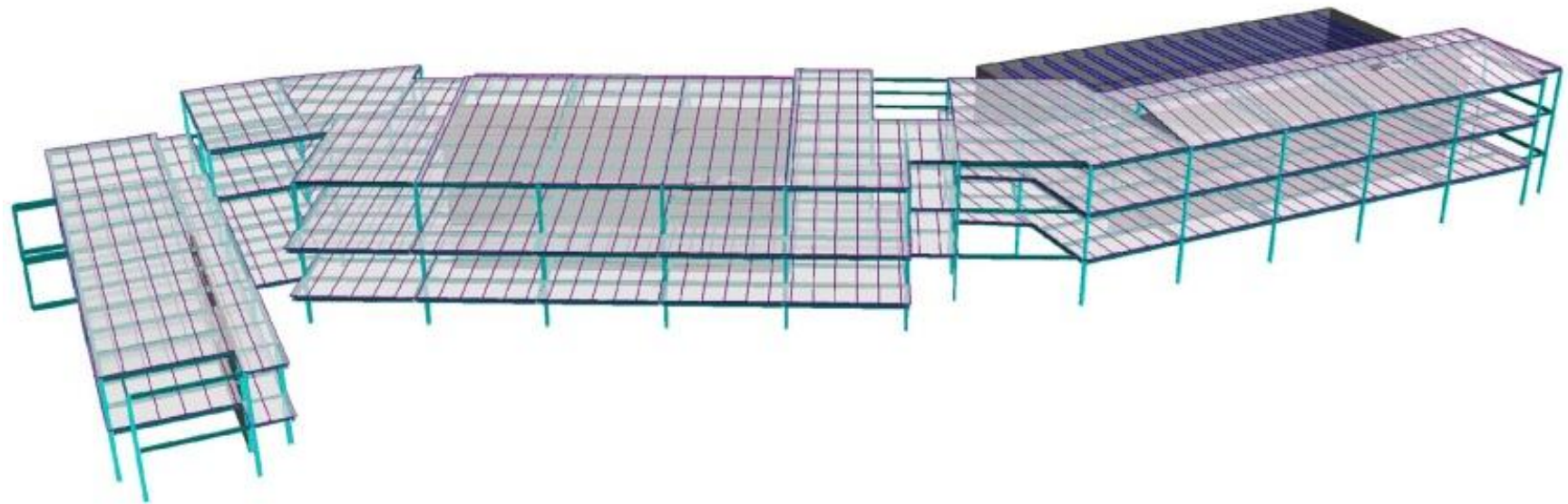
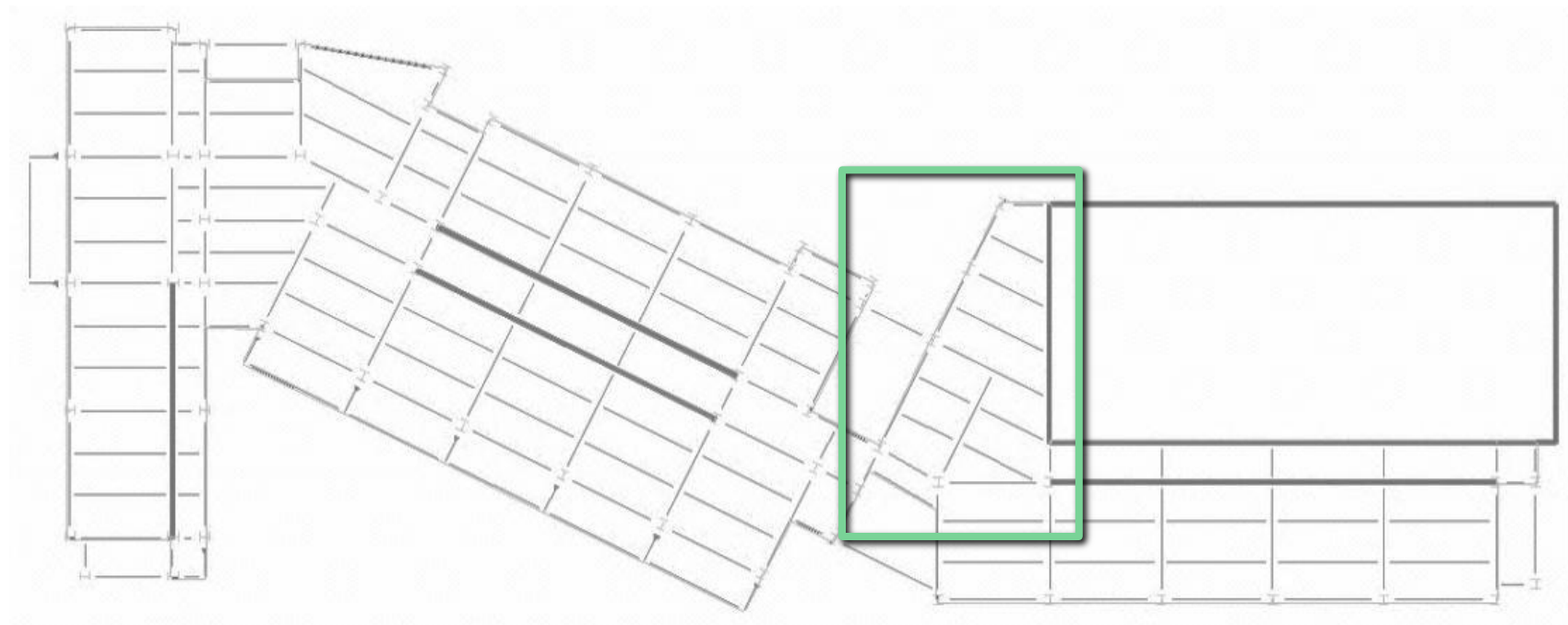
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# Gravity System

Administration



Framing Layout



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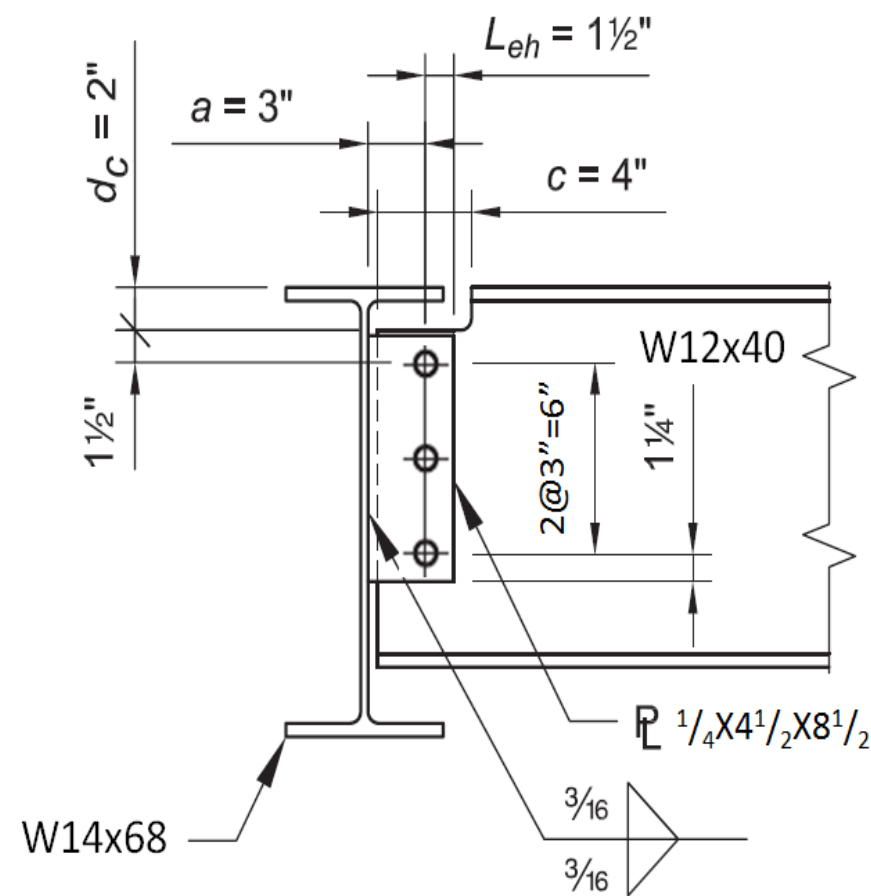




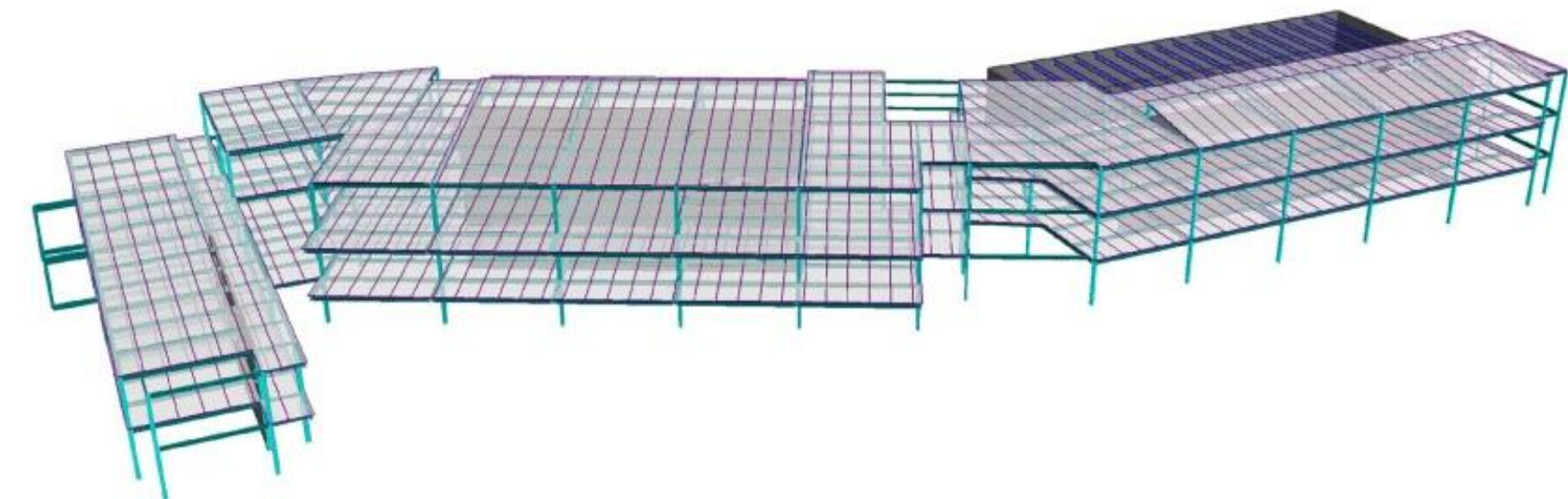
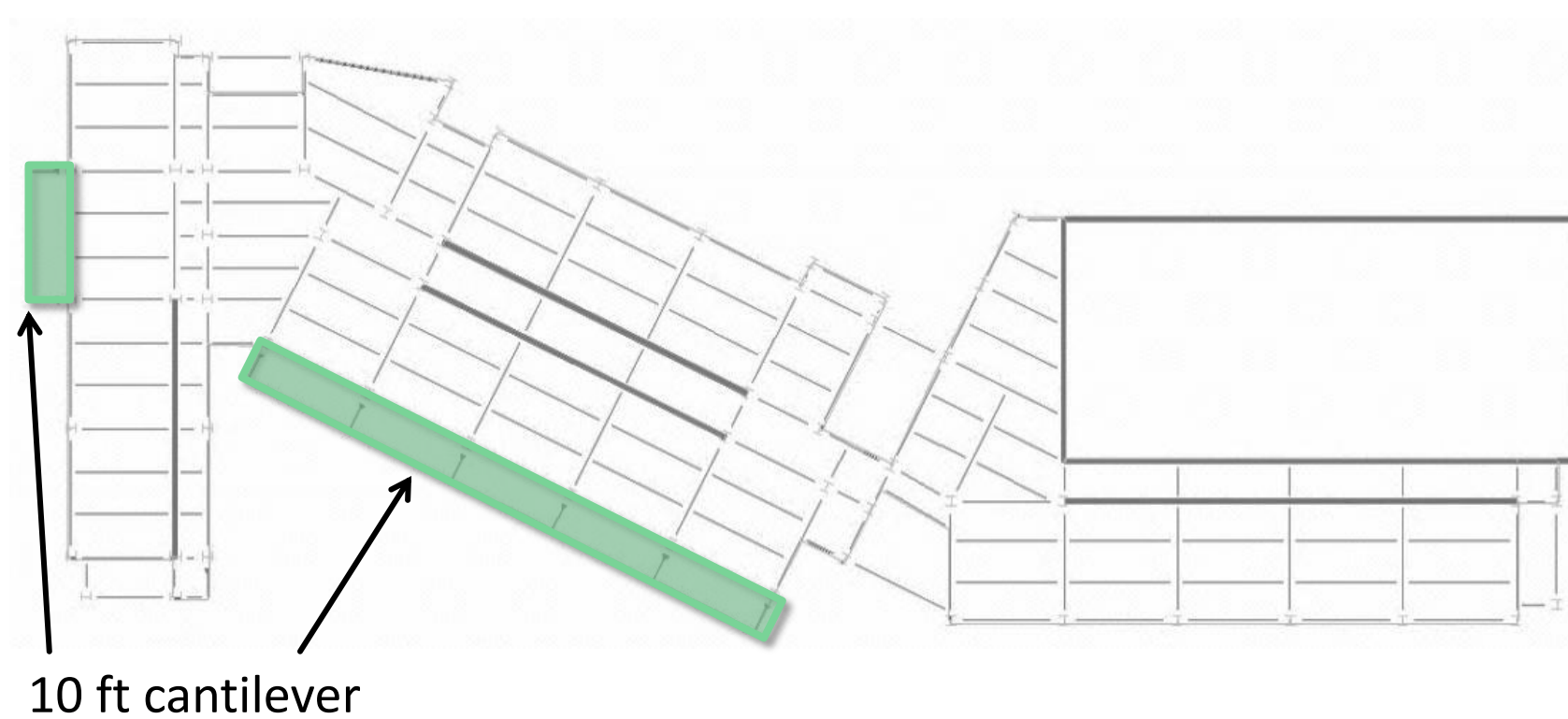
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# Gravity System

Typical Shear Connection

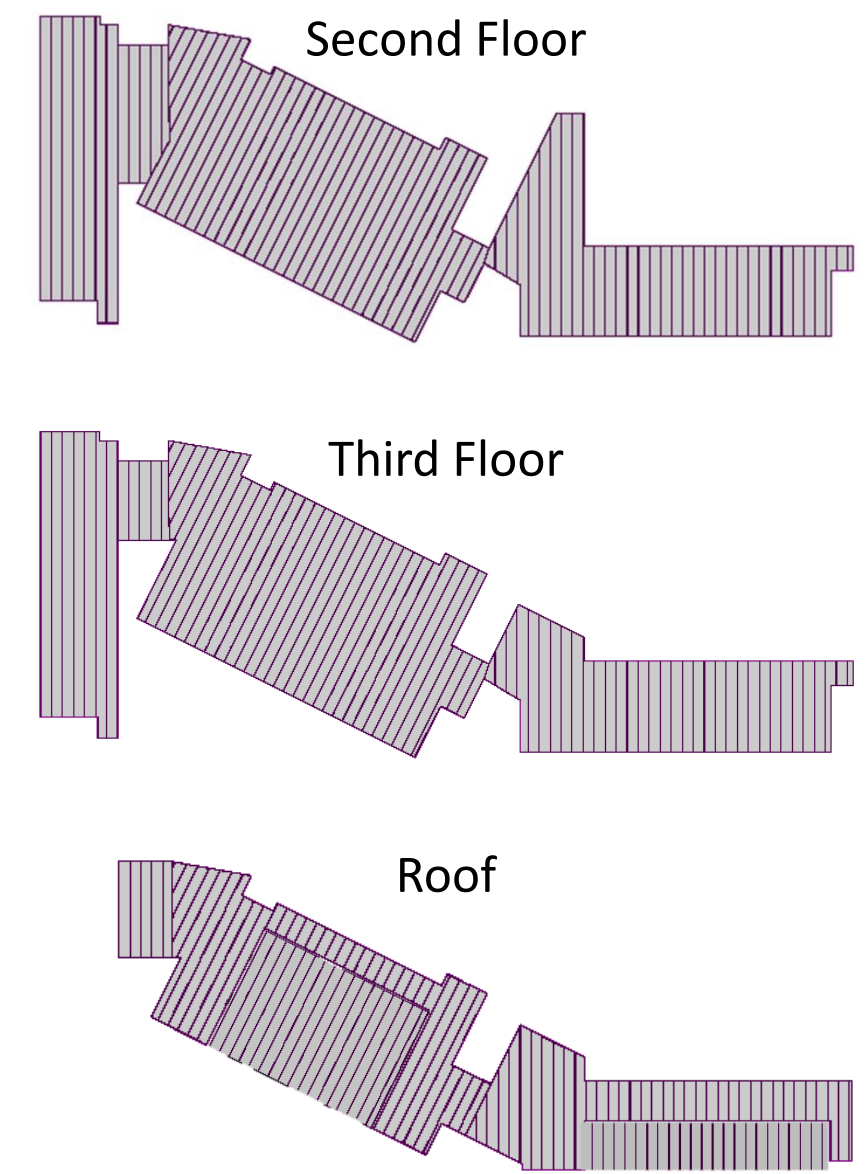


Framing Layout

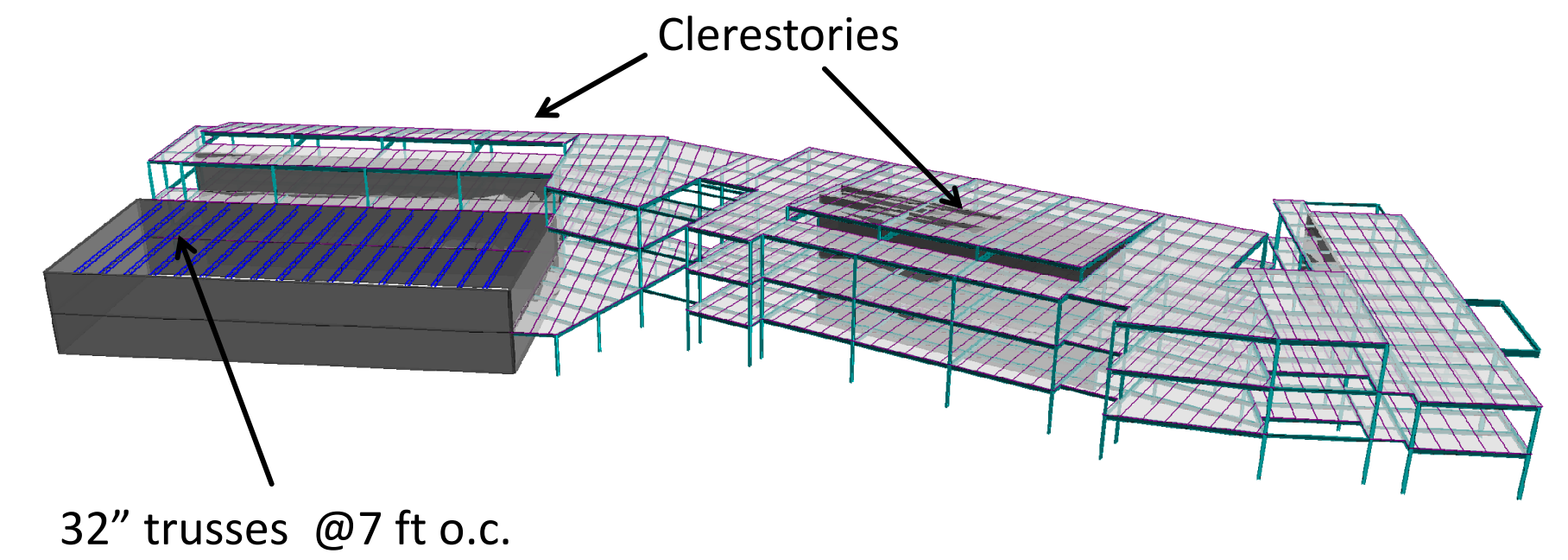


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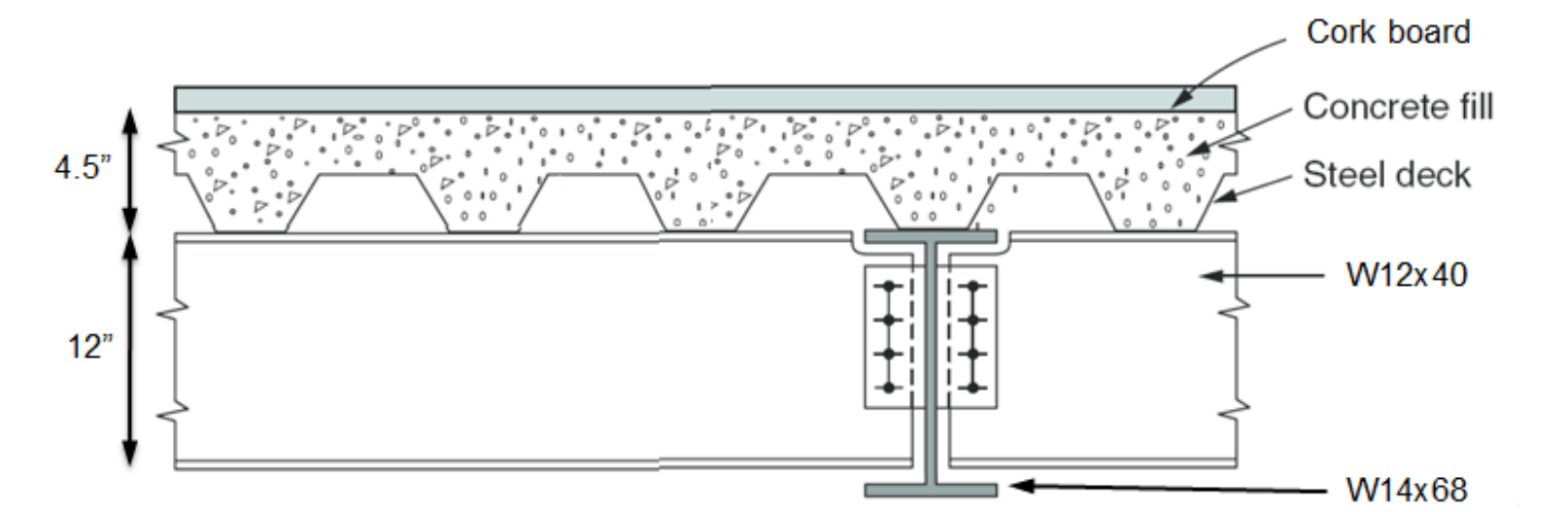
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# Gravity System



Decking		
Typical Floor	2VLI20	4.5" Composite Deck w/o Studs
Typical Flat or Sloped Roof	1.5BA16	Metal Non-composite
Green Roof	2VLI18	5.5" Composite Deck w/o Studs
Multipurpose Room Roof	1.5BA20	Metal Non-composite

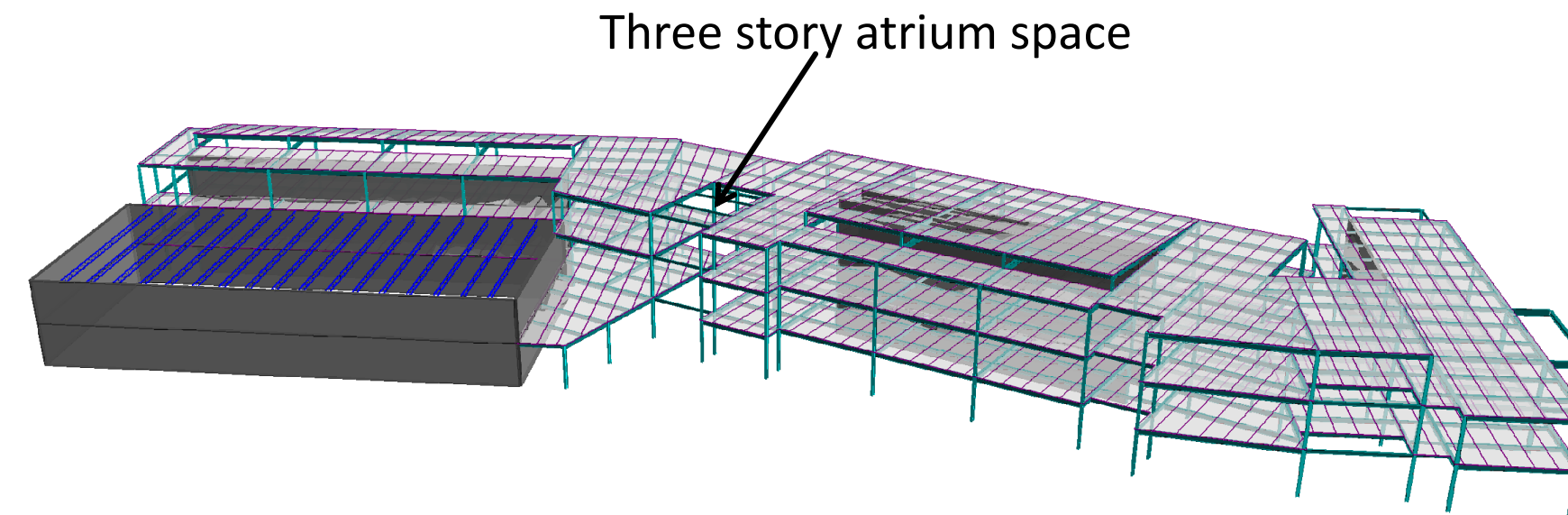




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## Atrium



5' 6" cantilevered W14x38 beams

### Design Criteria

- Consider aesthetics of exposed structural members
- Develop a creative solution to support cantilevered walkways
- Provide redundancy and possible additional loads

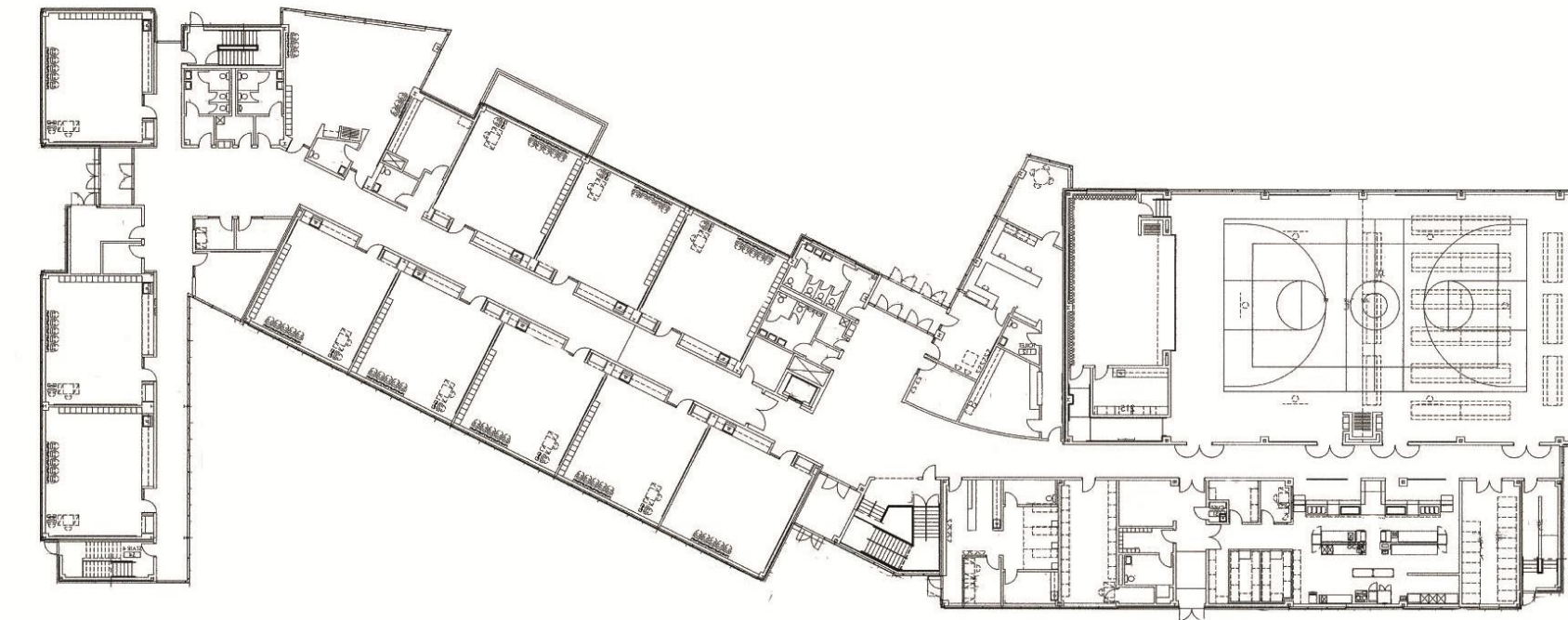
- Design Process
- Phase 1
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  - **Lateral System**
    - Braced Frames
    - Shear Walls
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## Lateral System

### Design Criteria

- Minimize torsional effects
- Provide redundancy
- Adapt to the architecture and limit obstruction of open space

### First Floor Plan





- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - **Lateral System**
    - Braced Frames
    - Shear Walls
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### Wind Load Analysis

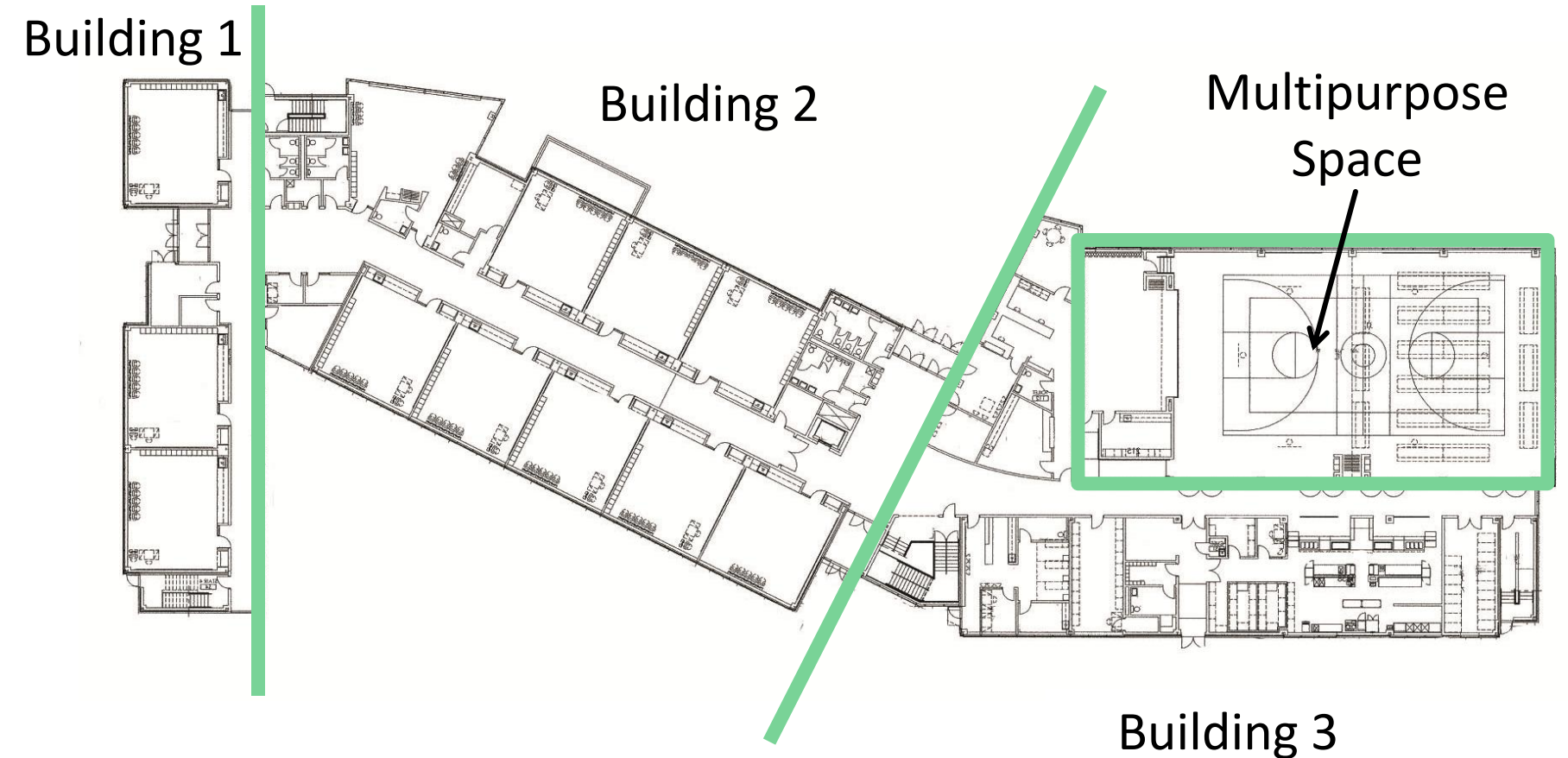
	Total Base Shear (k)		Overtopping Moment (k-ft)
Building 1	N/S	16.0	445
	E/W	75.6	2100
Building 2	N/S	123	3444
	E/W	62	1730
Building 3	N/S	149	4200
	E/W	33	924
Multipurpose	N/S	678	1890
	E/W	29	812

## Lateral System

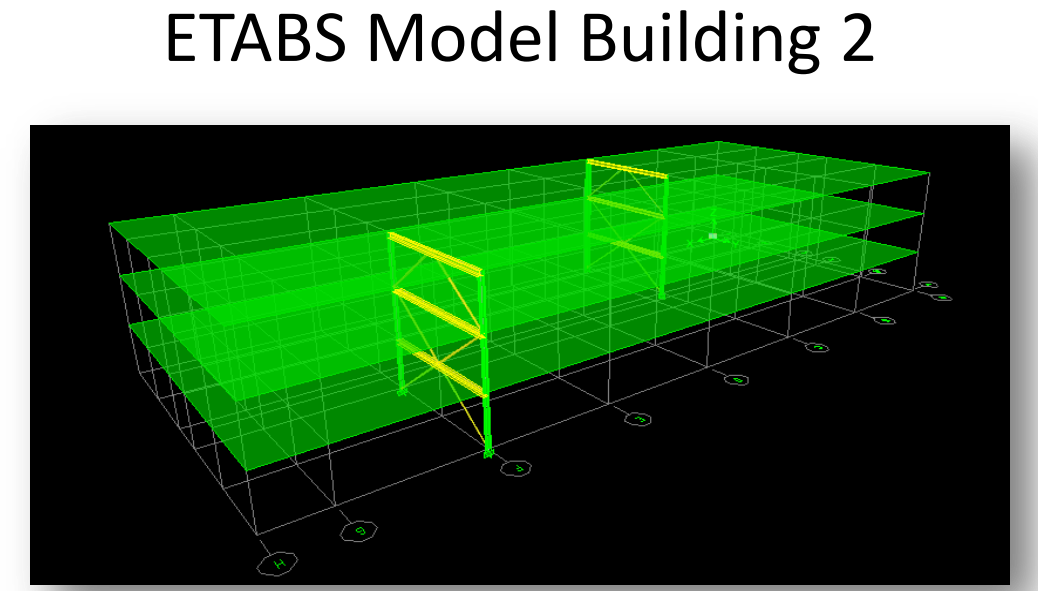
- ### Design Criteria
- Minimize torsional effects
  - Provide redundancy
  - Adapt to the architecture and limit obstruction of open space

Total Building Weight (kips)	
Building 1	1540
Building 2	1812
Building 3	1109

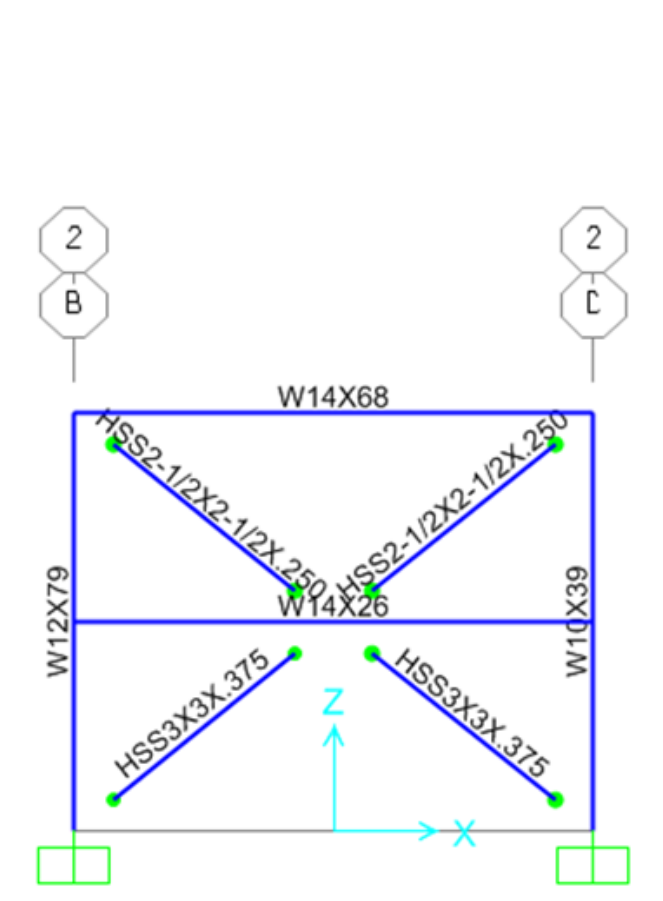
### First Floor Plan



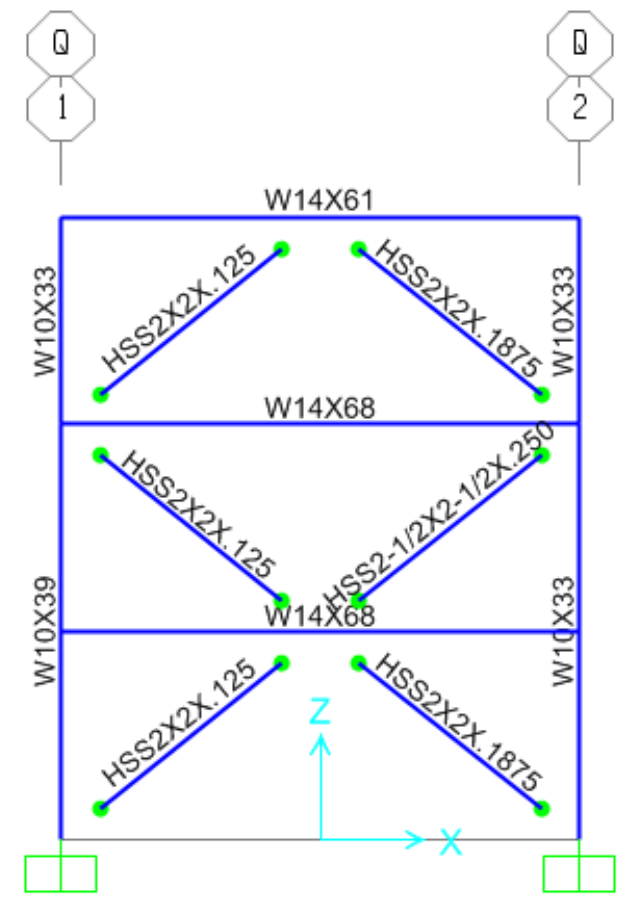
- Design Process
- **Phase 1**
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - **Lateral System**
    - *Braced Frames*
      - Shear Walls
  - Enclosure
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion



## Braced Frames

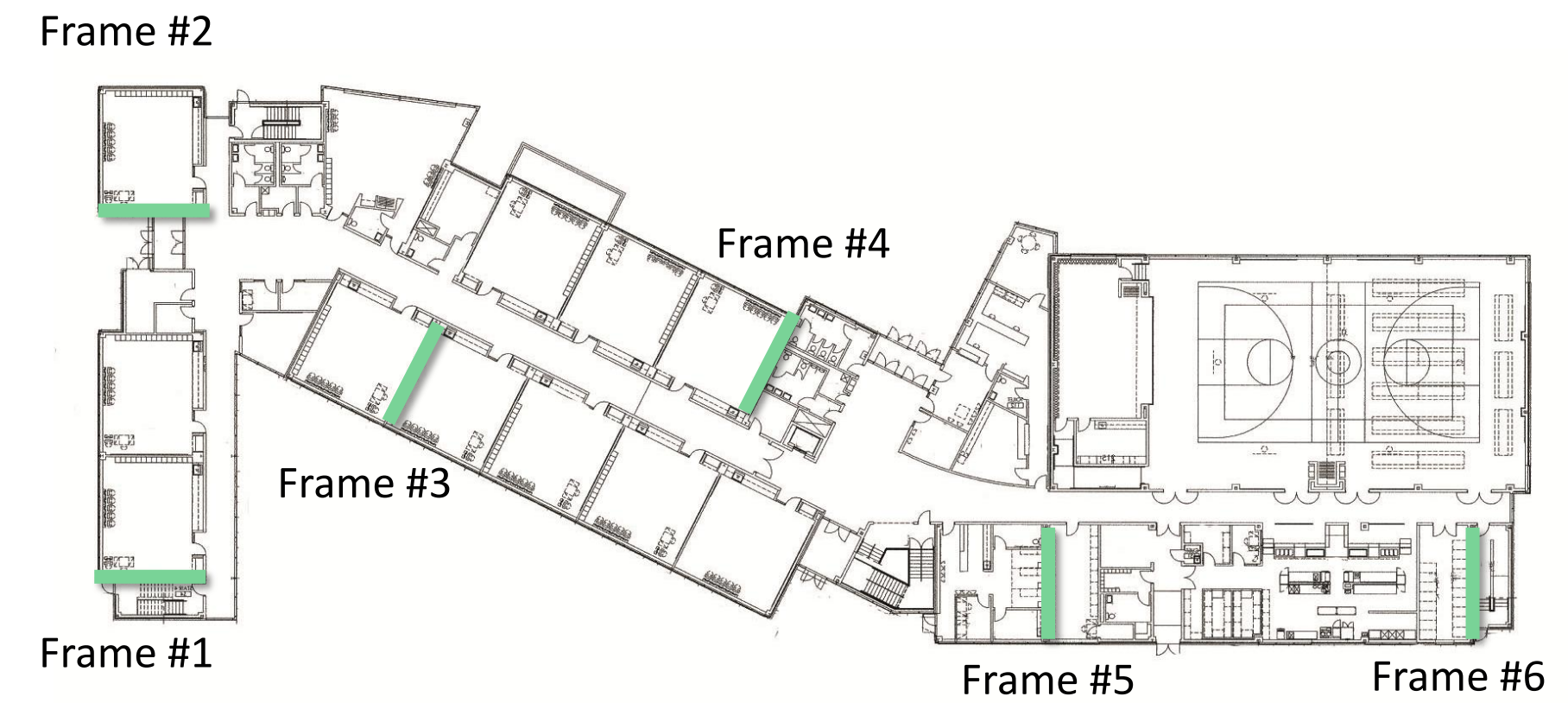


Frame #2  
Building 1



Frame #5  
Building 3

## First Floor Plan





- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - **Lateral System**
    - Braced Frames
    - *Shear Walls*
  - Enclosure
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion

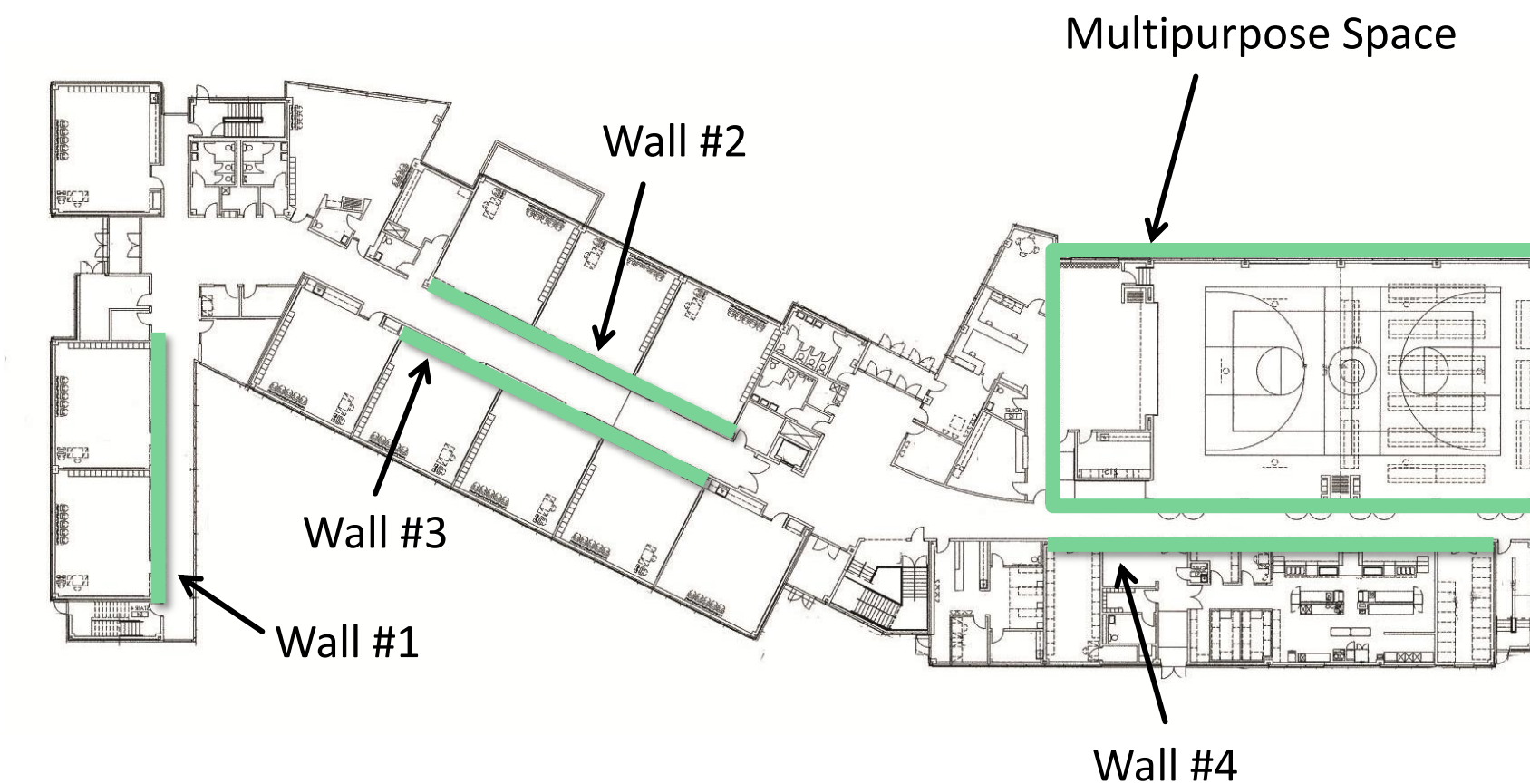
Reinforcement Requirements for Masonry Shear Walls		
Wall	Bar #	Total Length (ft)
1	8	72
	4	1190
	3	18
2	8	180
	4	404
	3	63
3	8	180
	4	404
	3	63
4	8	240
	4	516
	3	168

# Reinforced Masonry Shear Walls

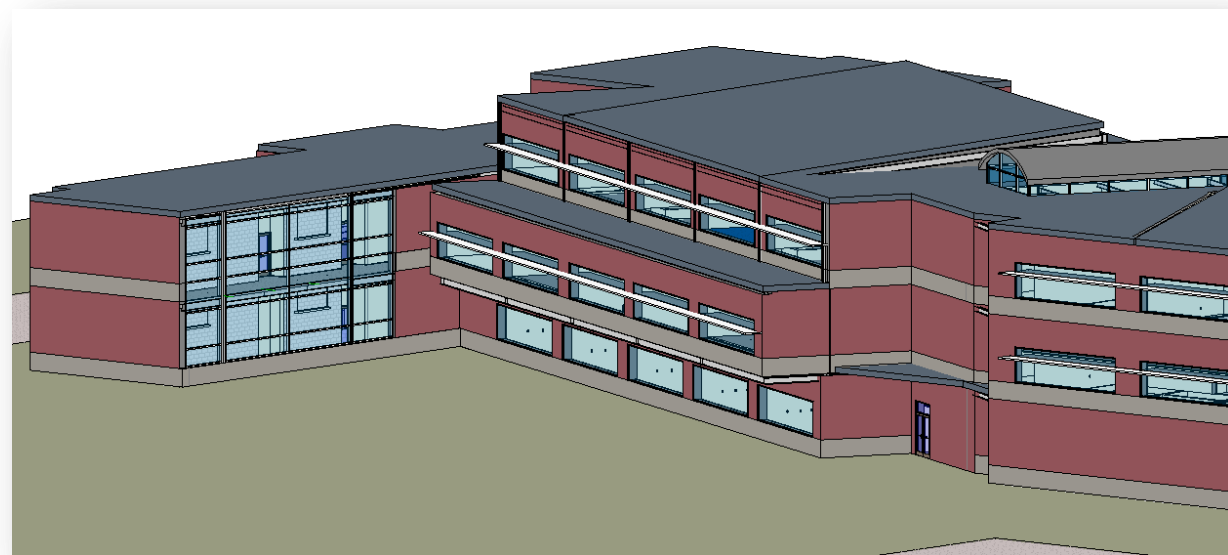


Masonry Properties		
Shear Wall	10" stacked block, fully grouted	$f'_c = 1500$ psi
Multipurpose Space	10" stacked block, fully grouted	$f'_c = 1500$ psi

First Floor Plan

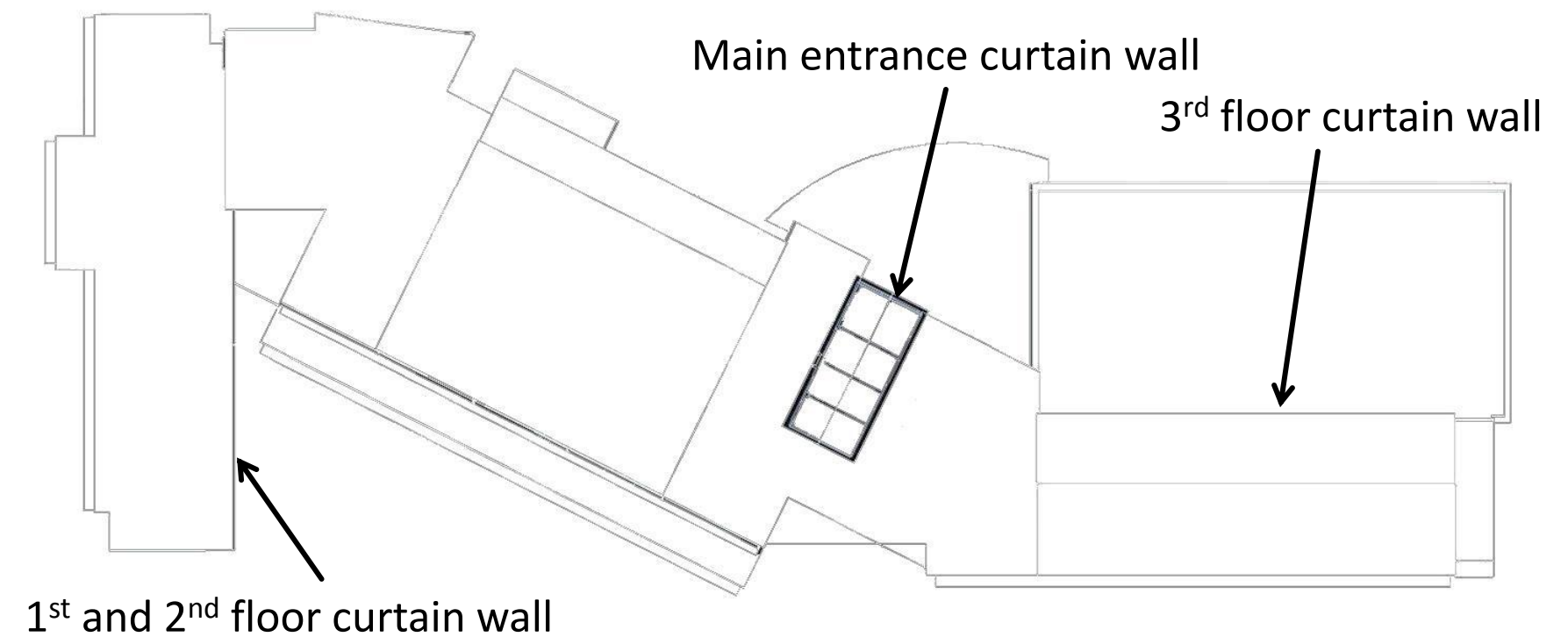


- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
    - Walls
    - Roof
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion



*Brick & Limestone*  
*Glass curtain wall*

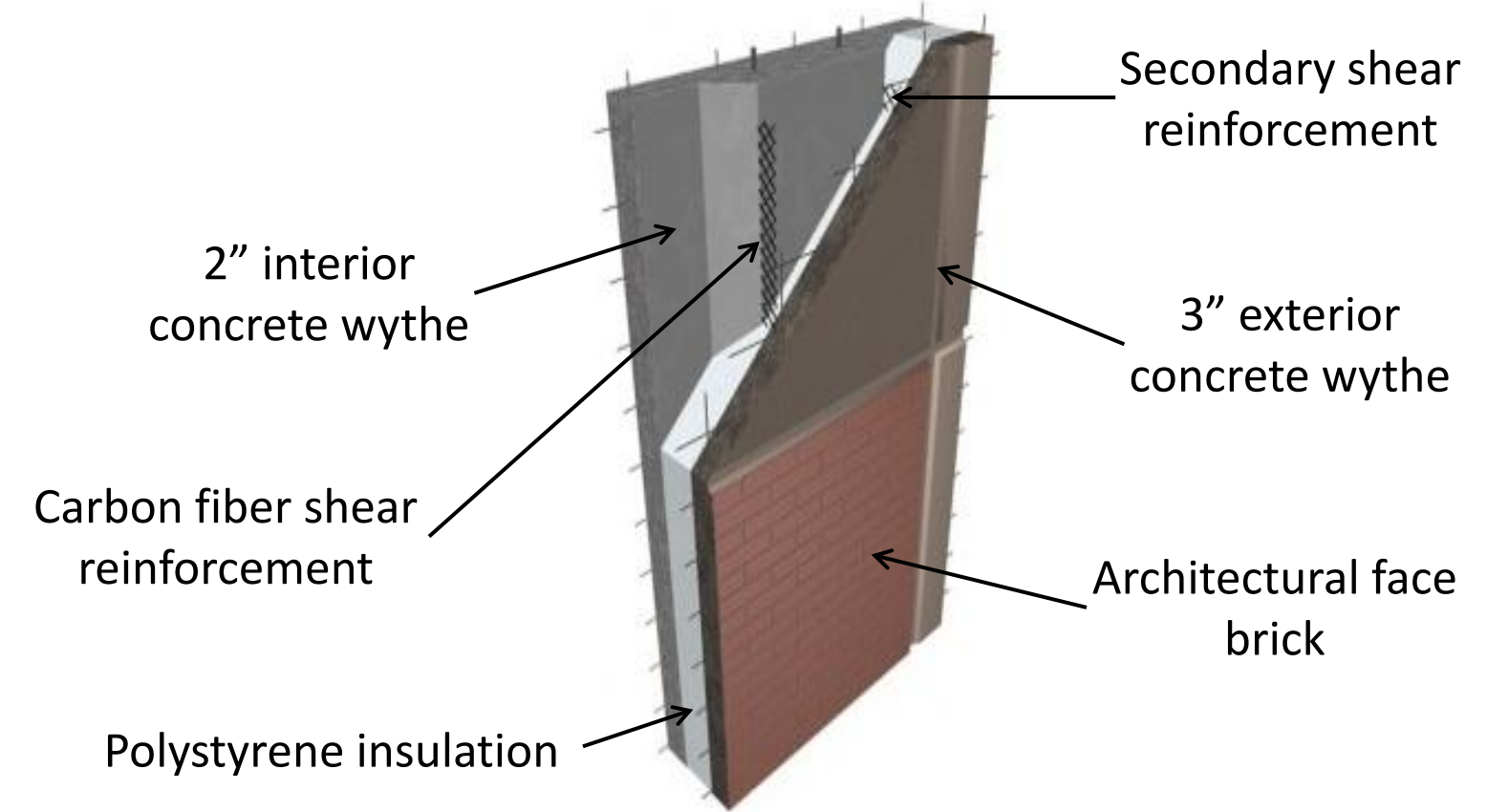
## Enclosure

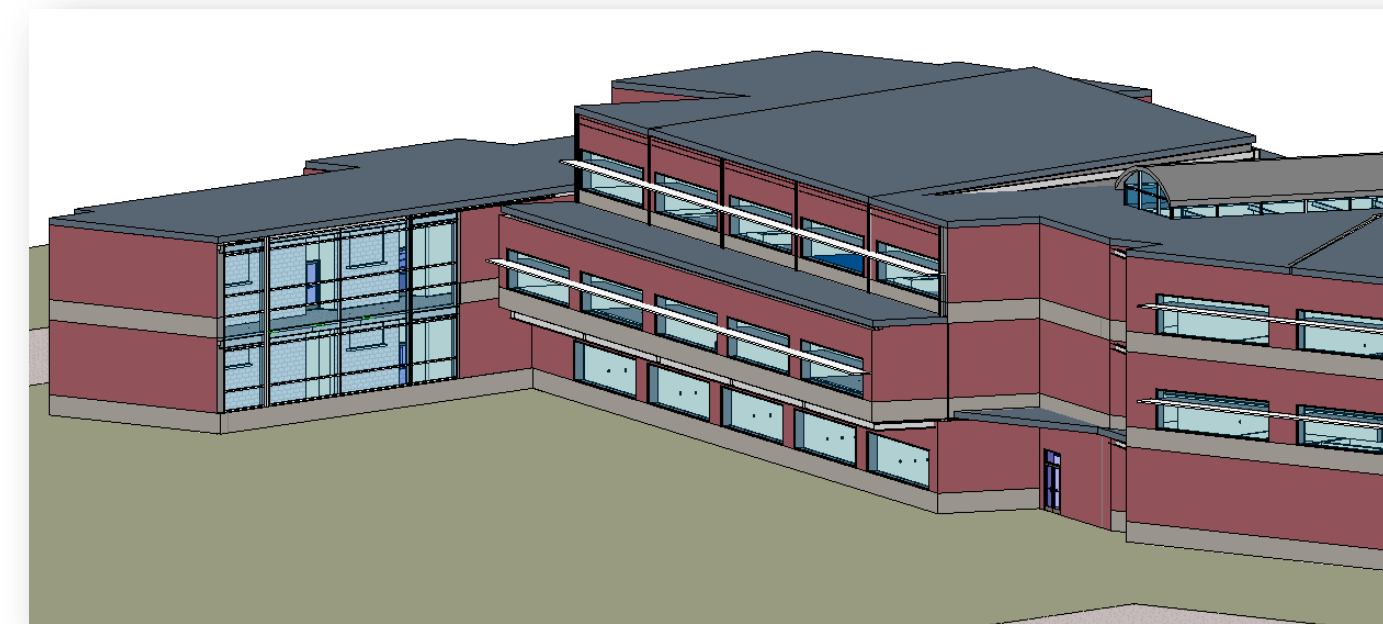
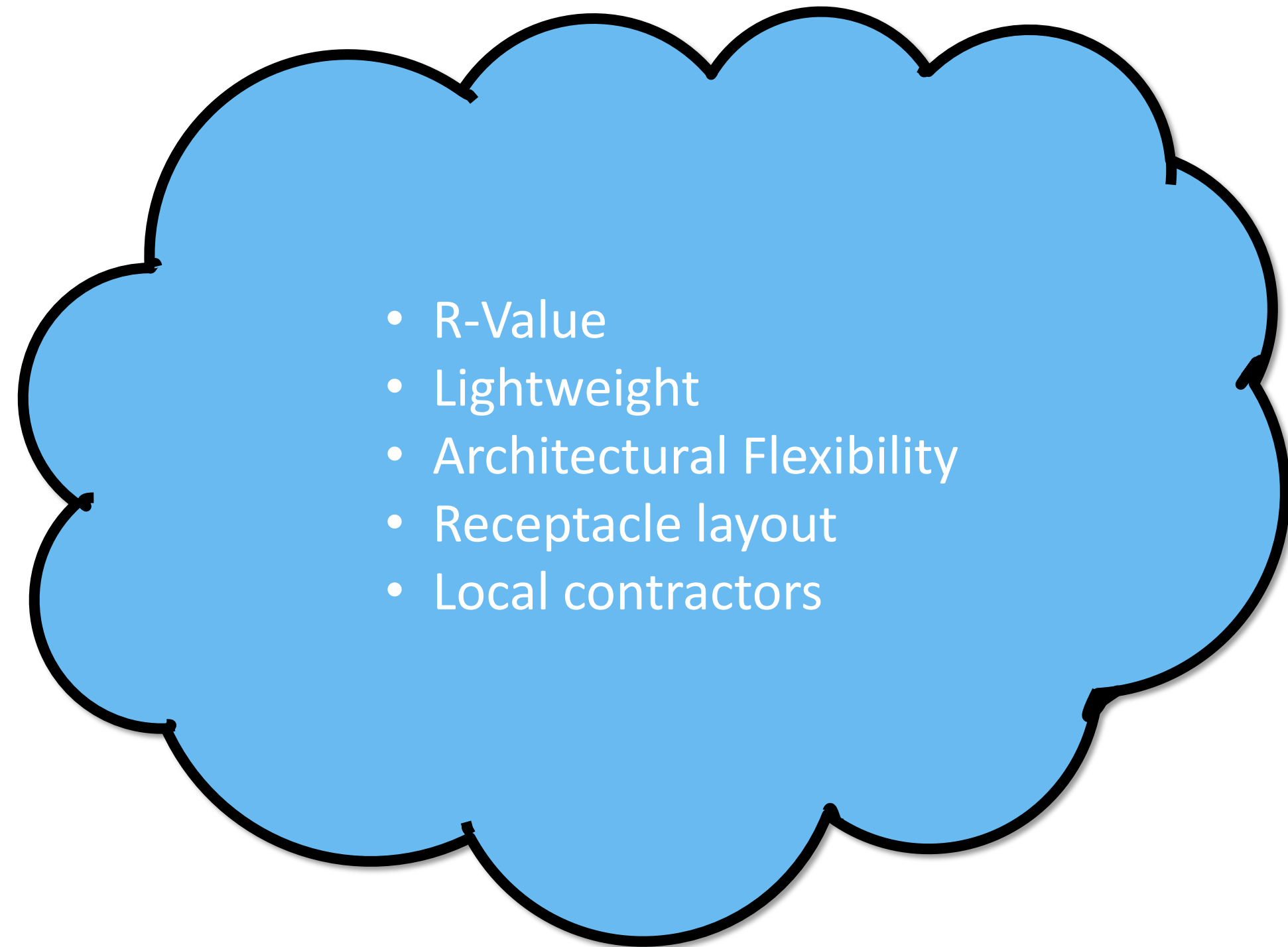
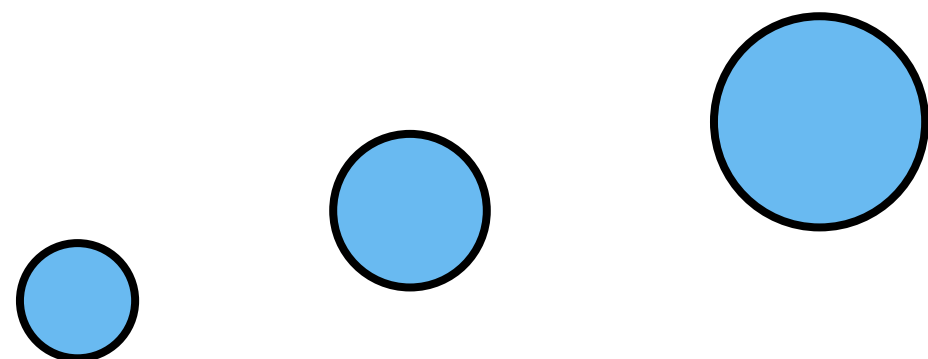


- Design Criteria**
- Utilize prefabricated assemblies
  - Efficient connection to superstructure
  - Resist wind, snow, and earthquake loads



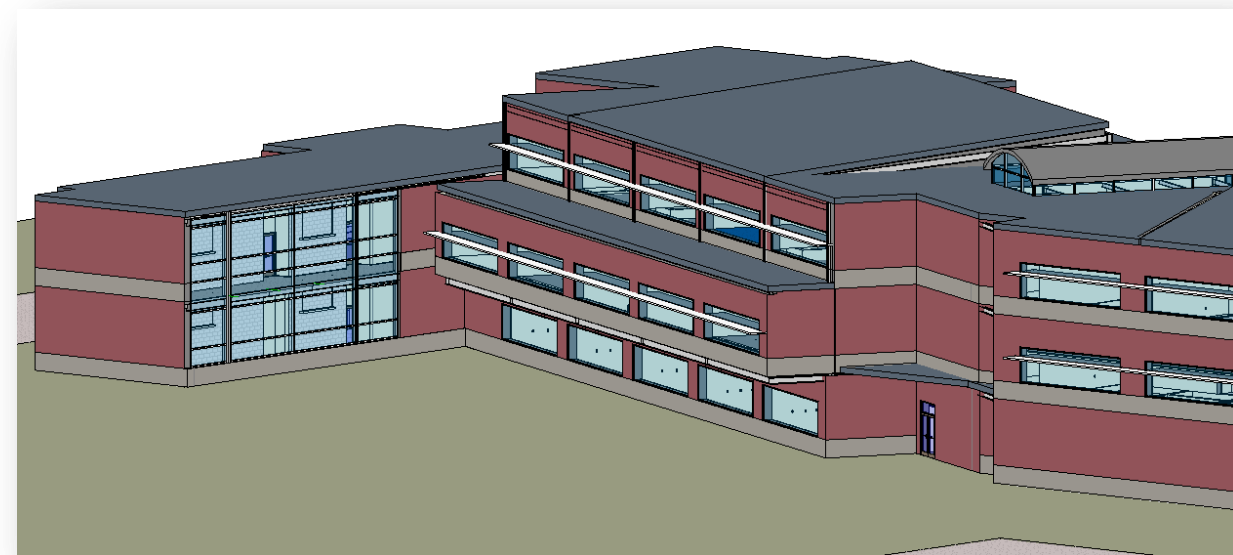
## Precast Panels



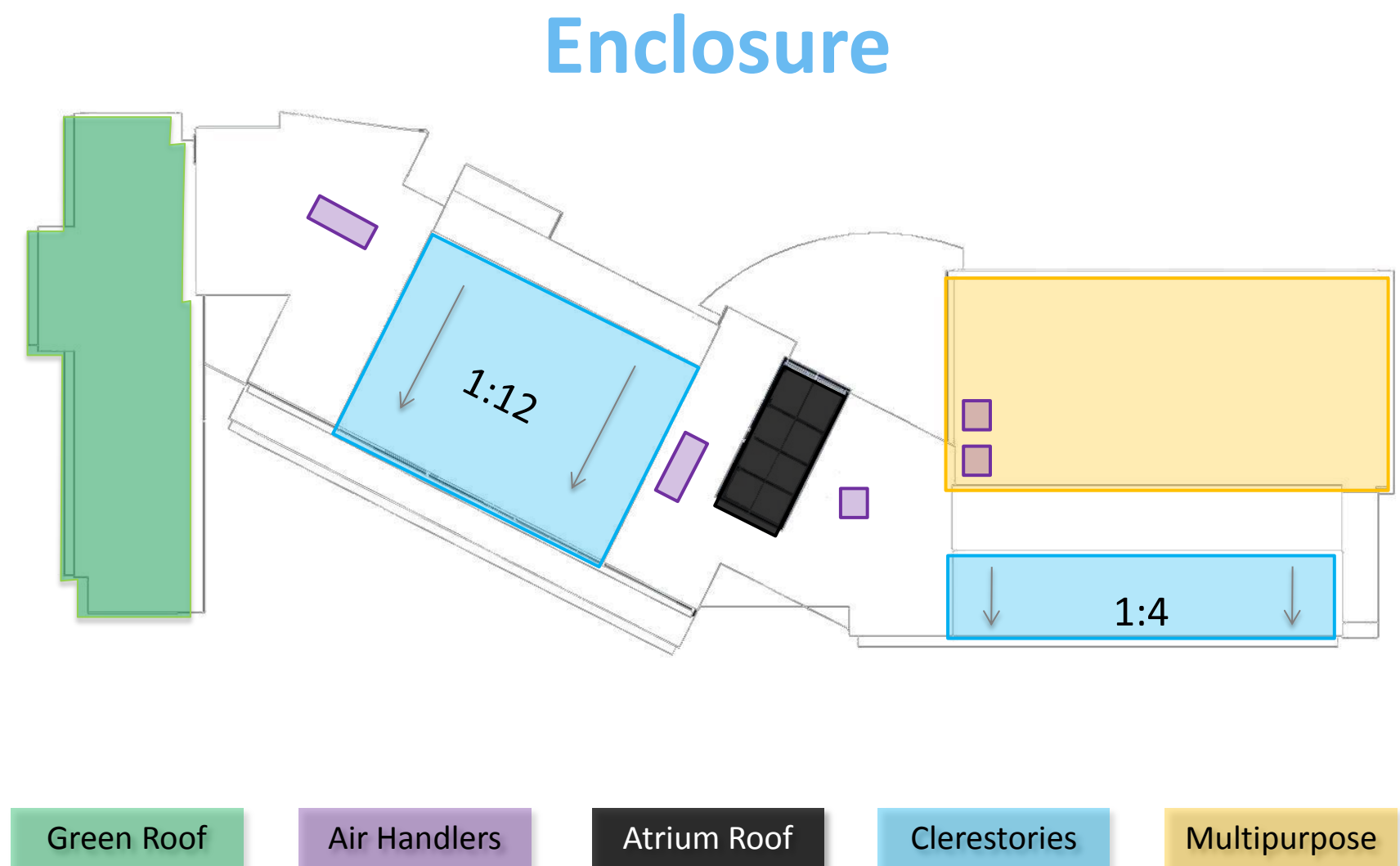




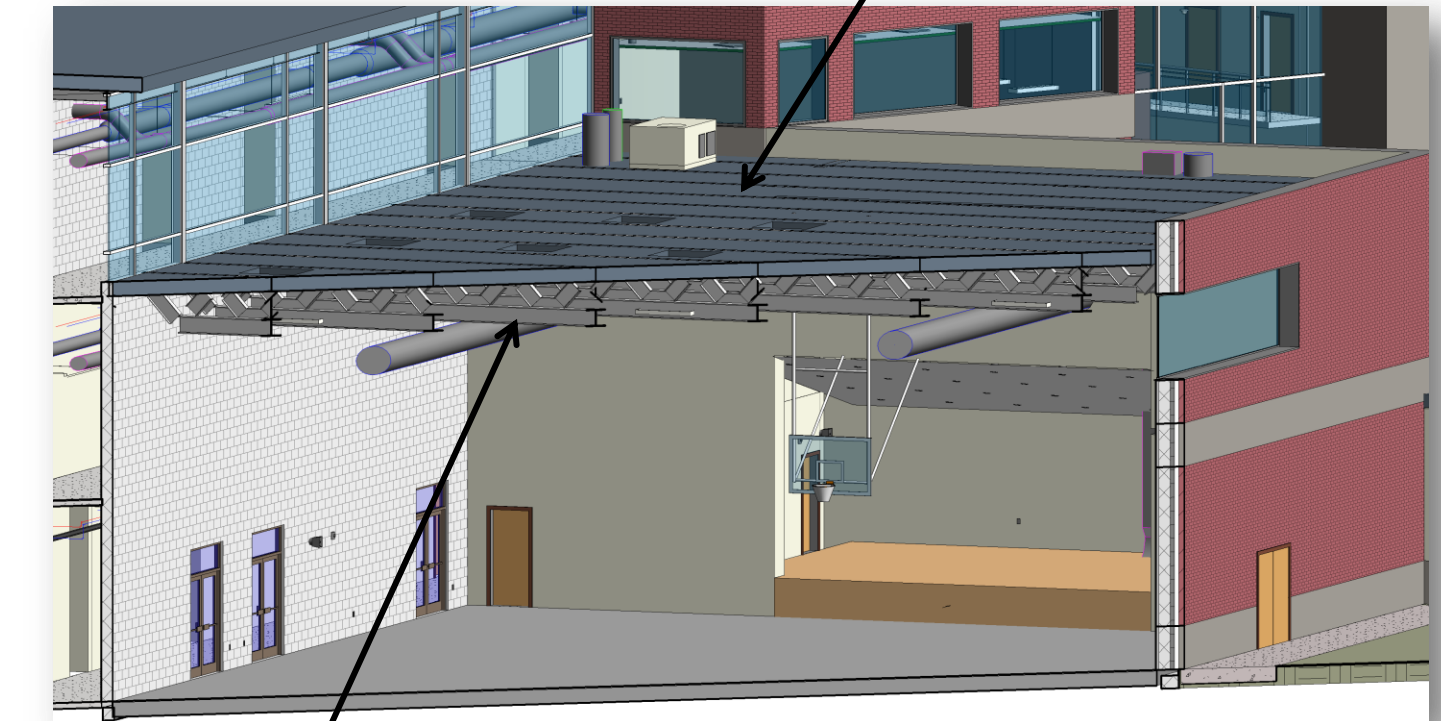
- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
    - Walls
    - Roof
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion



Brick & Limestone  
Glass curtain wall



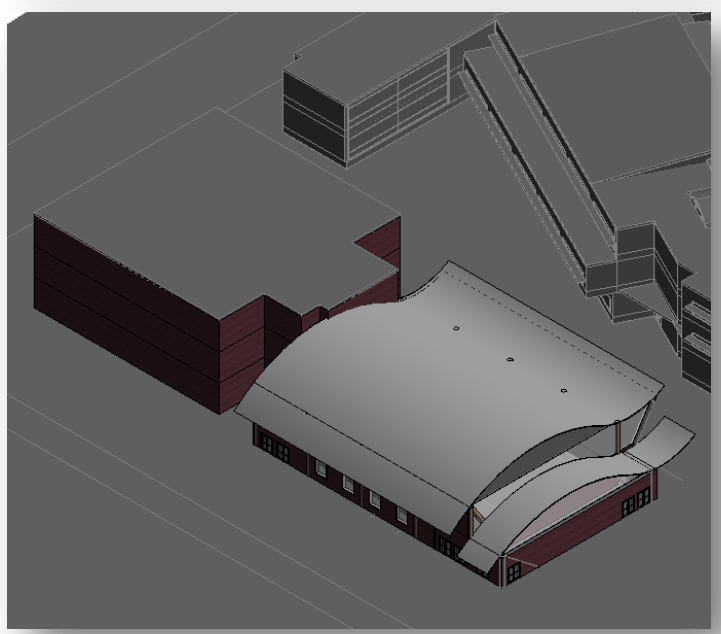
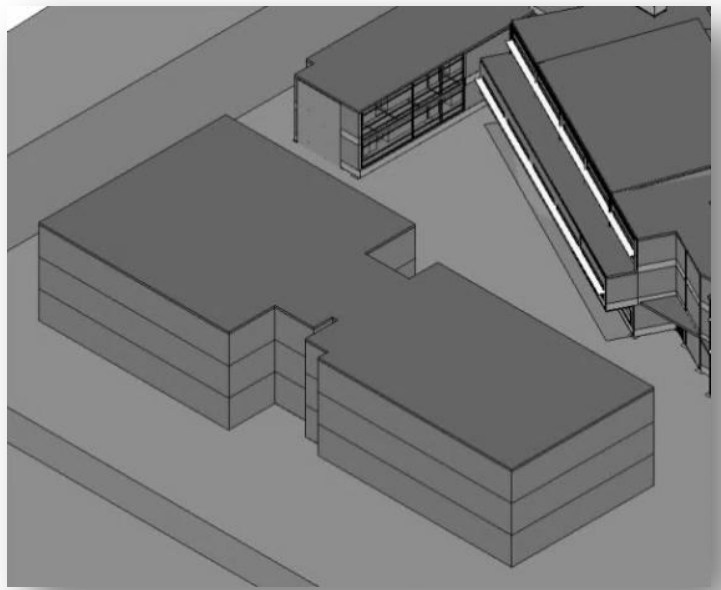
Insulated roof prevents joist movement due to temperature change



K-series joists fabricated with oversized slots in top chord anchored to steel bearing plate



- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
- **Phase 2**
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion

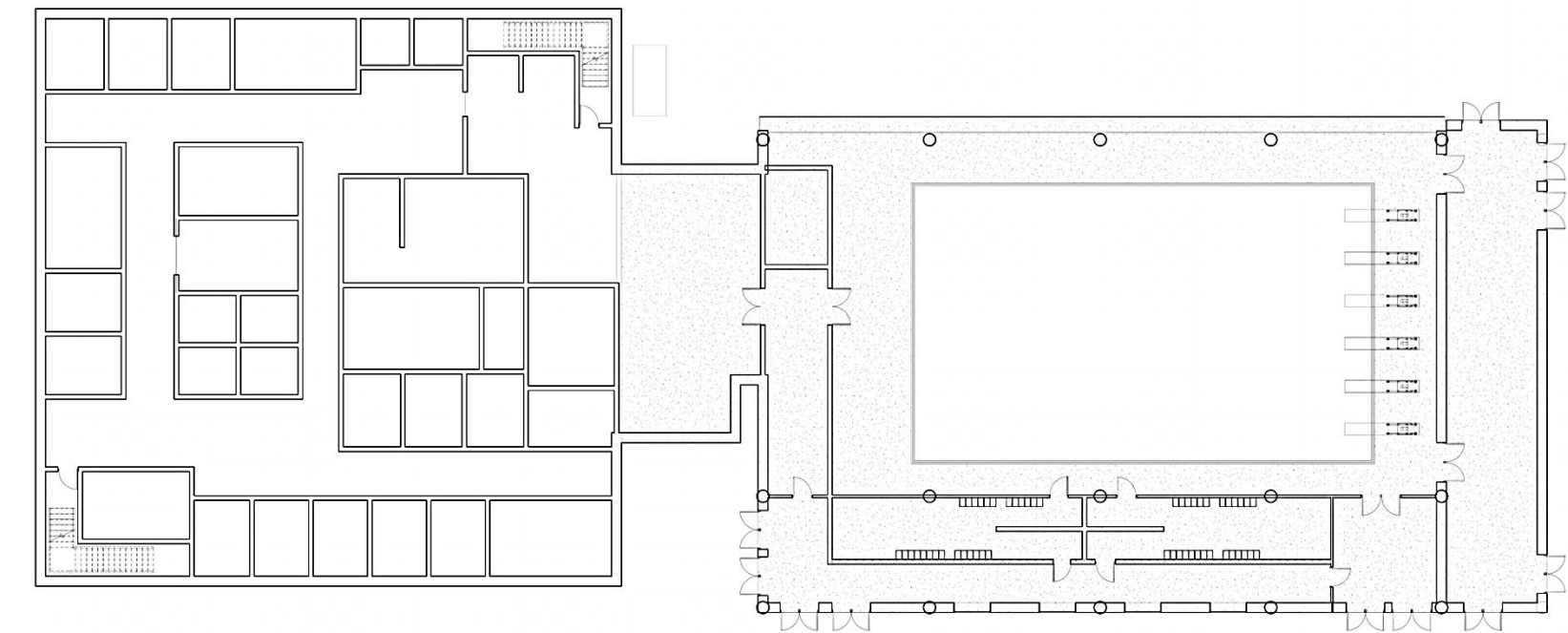


## Phase 2

### Design Criteria

- Create an iconic building that the community can be proud of
- Utilize existing building
- Develop a creative solution to spanning the large pool space

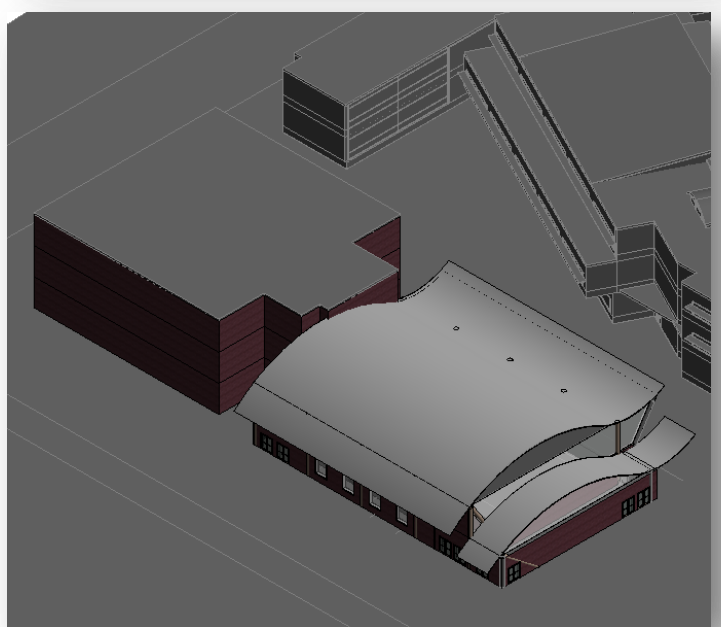
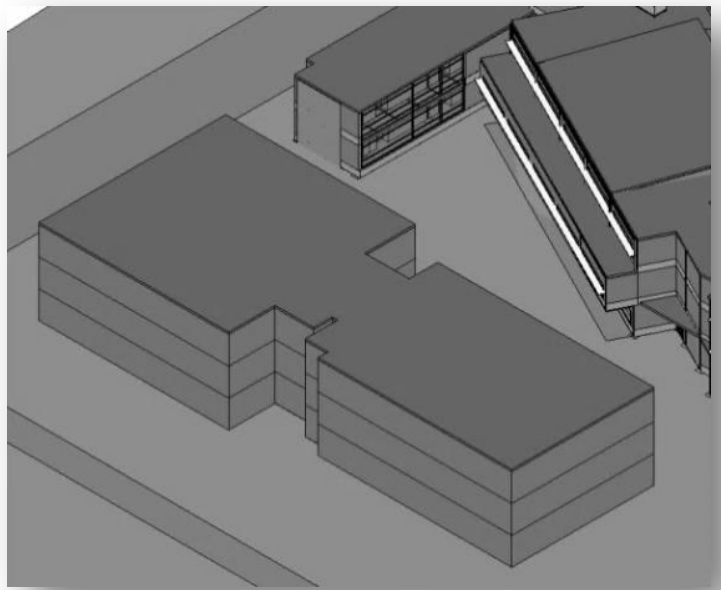
### Clinic and Natatorium Plan



Renovation

New Construction

- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - Natatorium
- Conclusion

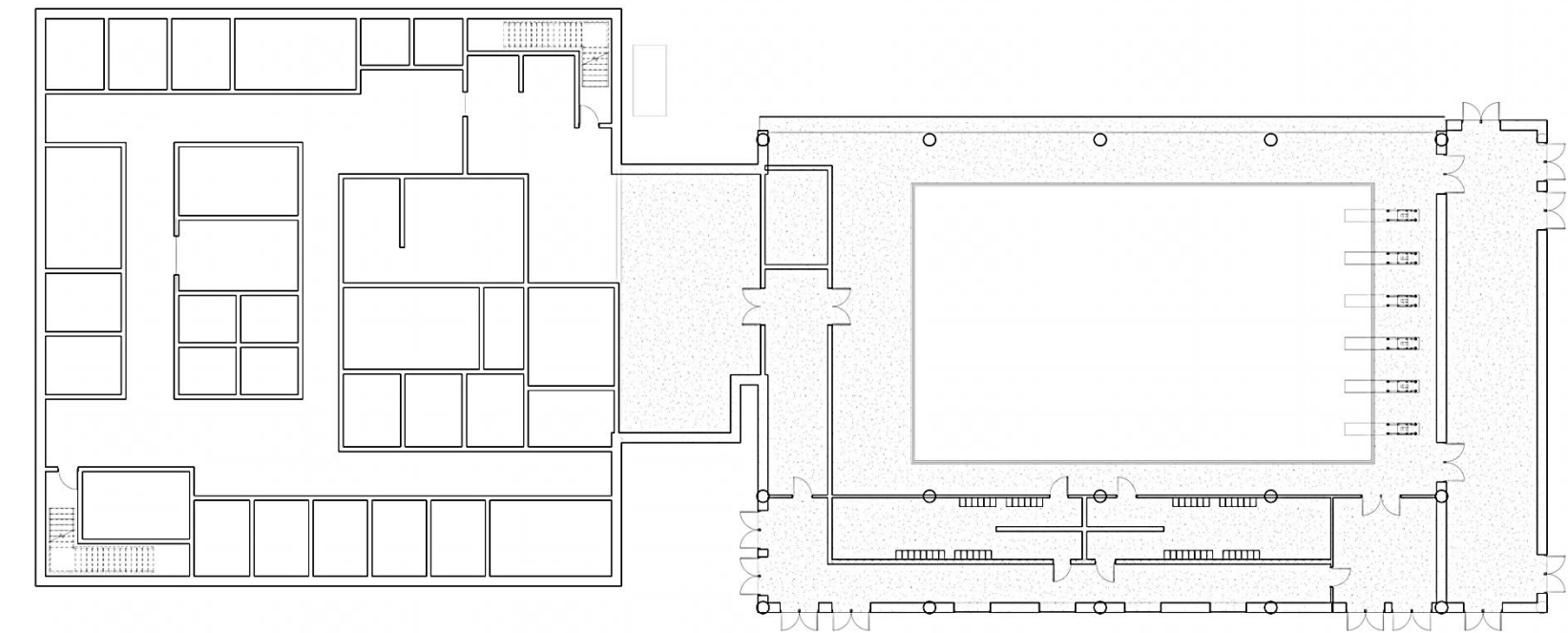


# Clinic

By *reusing the existing building* we assumed *no additional upgrades to the structure* would be required for the renovation portion of **Phase 2**

- Assumptions
- Steel structure
  - Modular spaced bays with moment connections

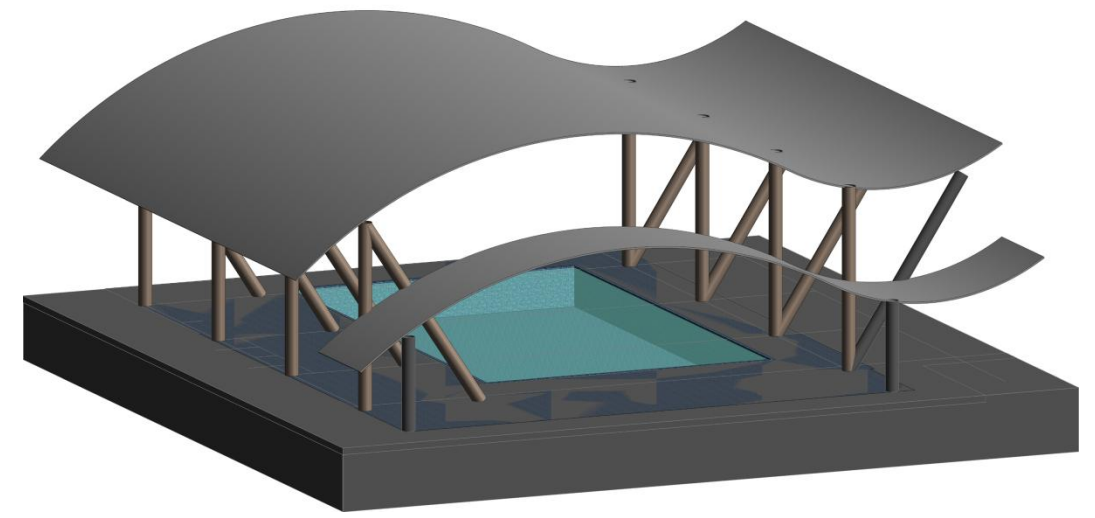
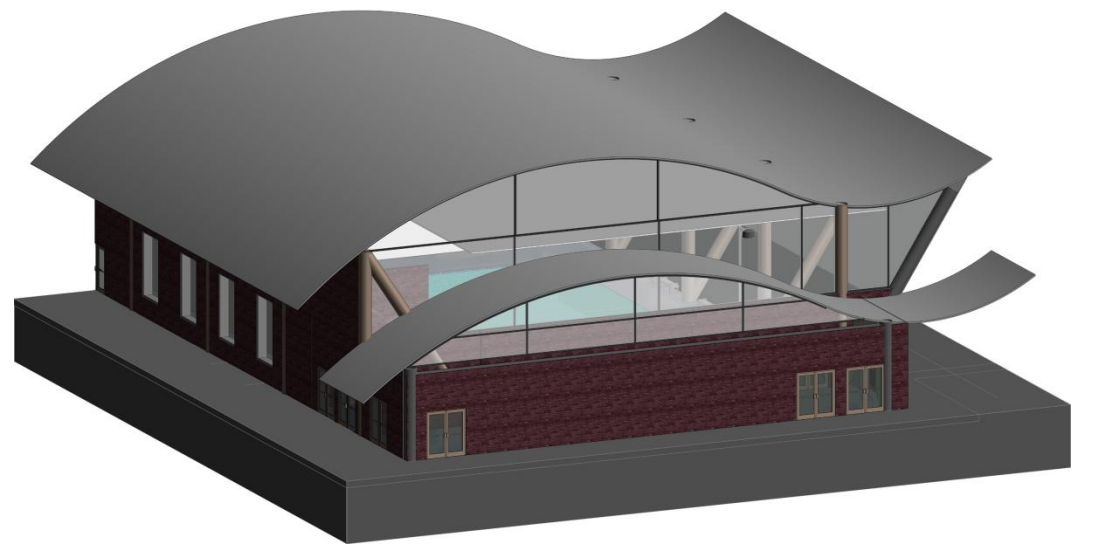
## Clinic and Natatorium Plan



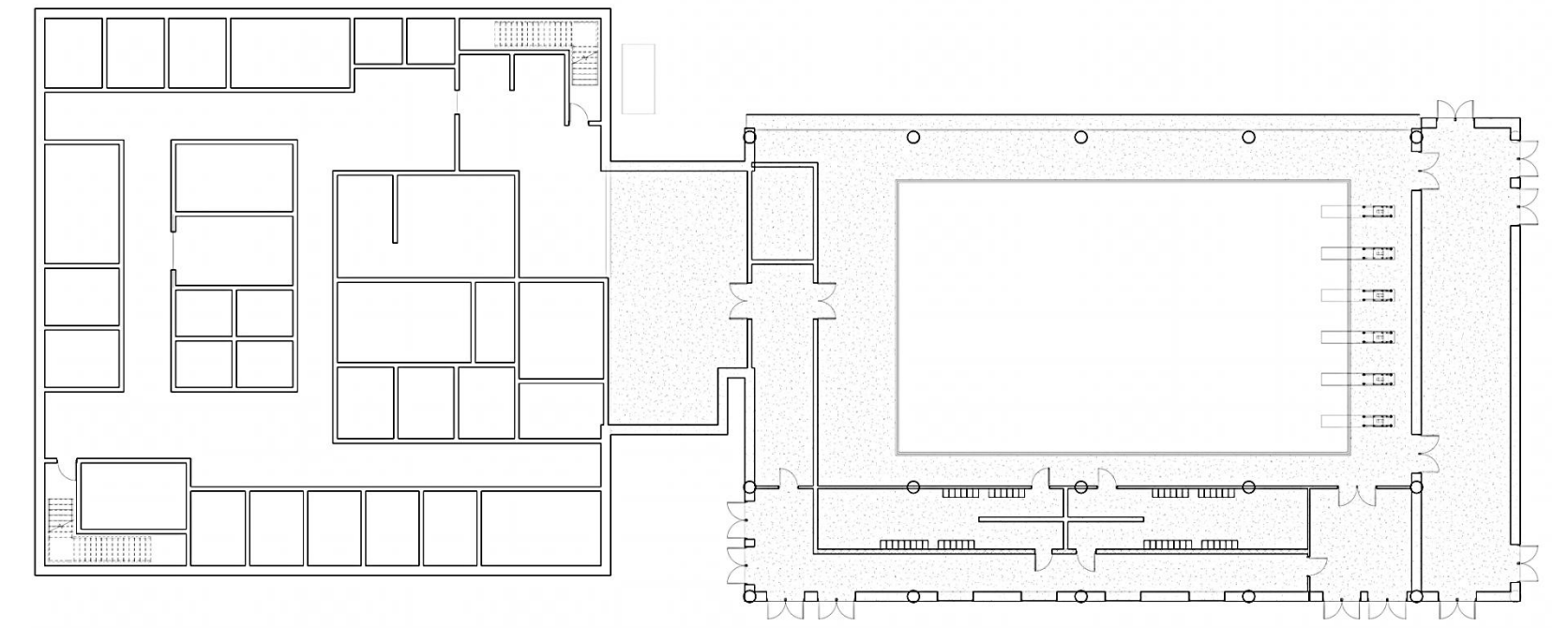
- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
- **Phase 2**
  - Clinic
  - *Natatorium*
- Conclusion

- Prefabricated insulated metal deck panels
- W21x147 girders and W12x30 purlins
- Vertical and slanted PIPE10 and PIPE5 hollow circular steel columns
- Extra roof drainage

# Natatorium



# Clinic and Natatorium Plan

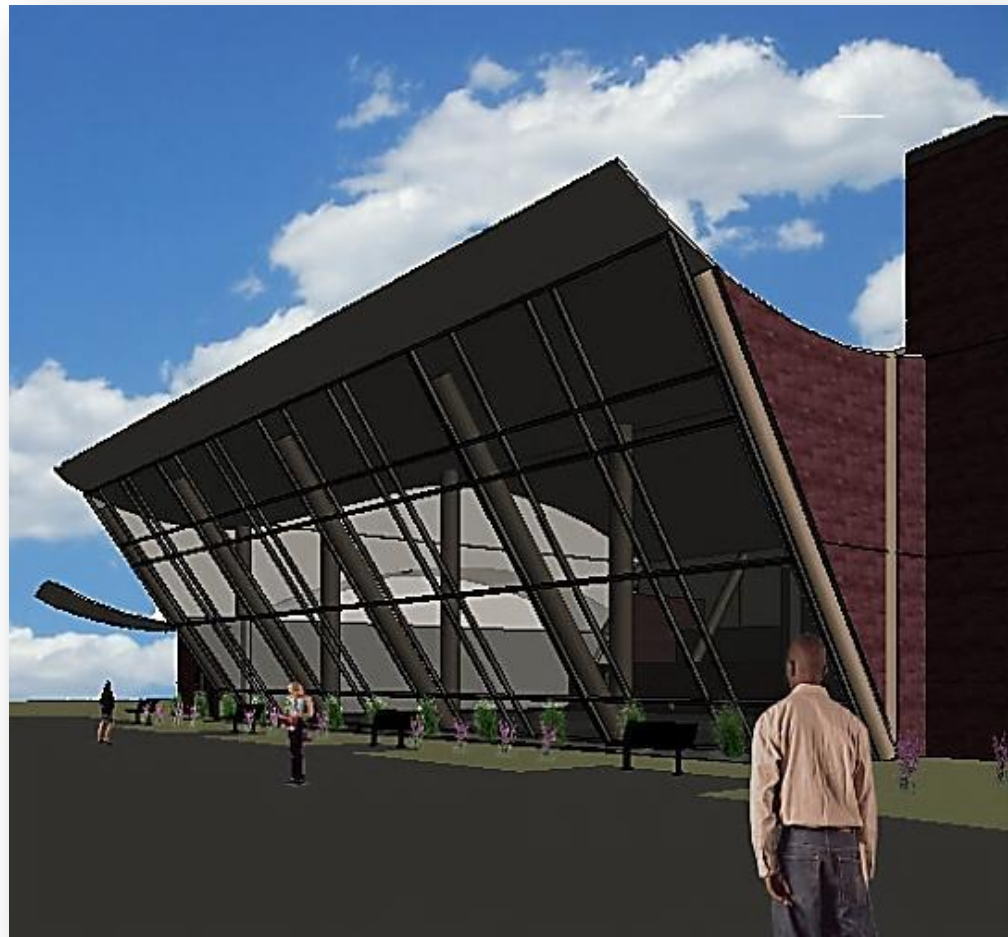


New Construction

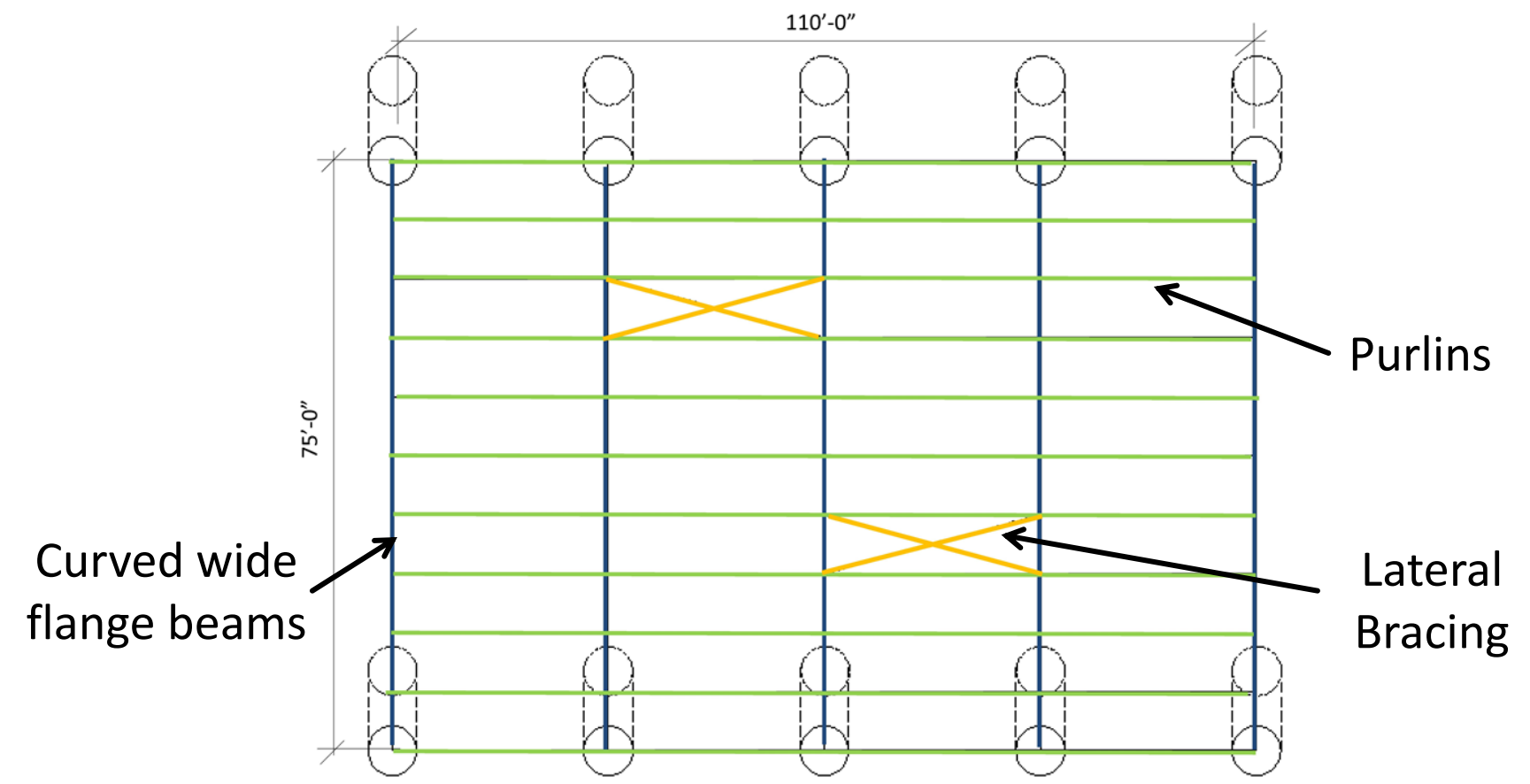
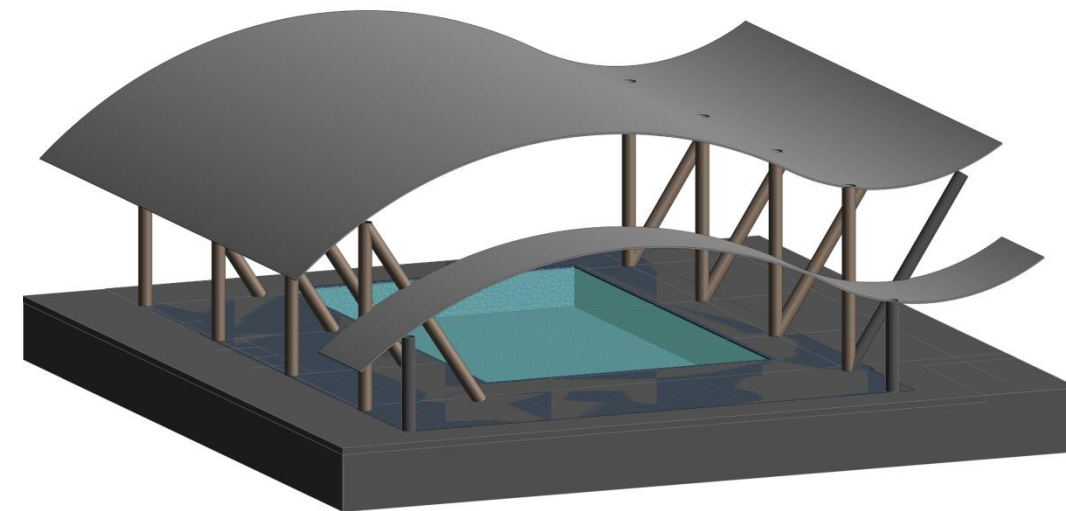
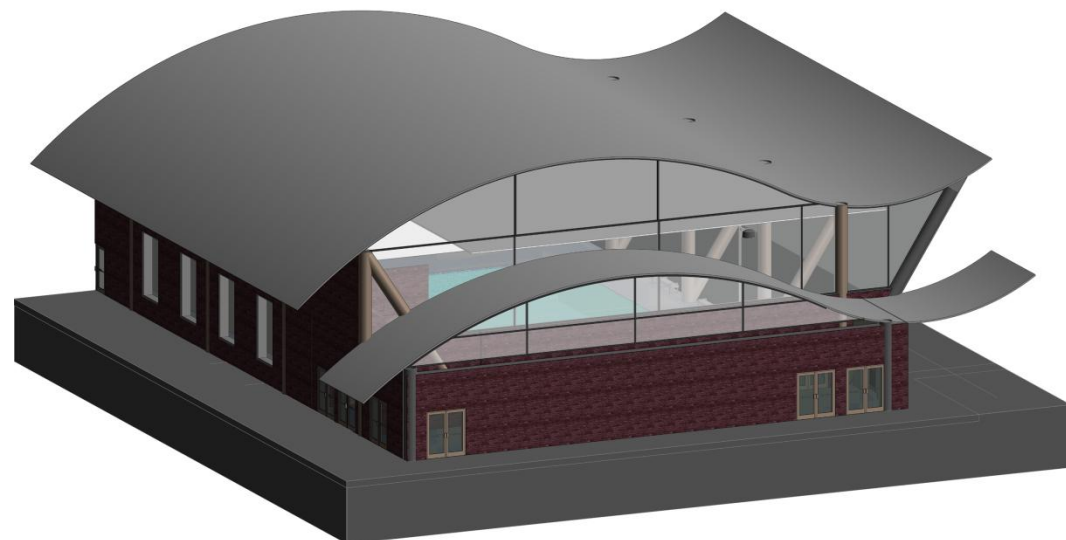


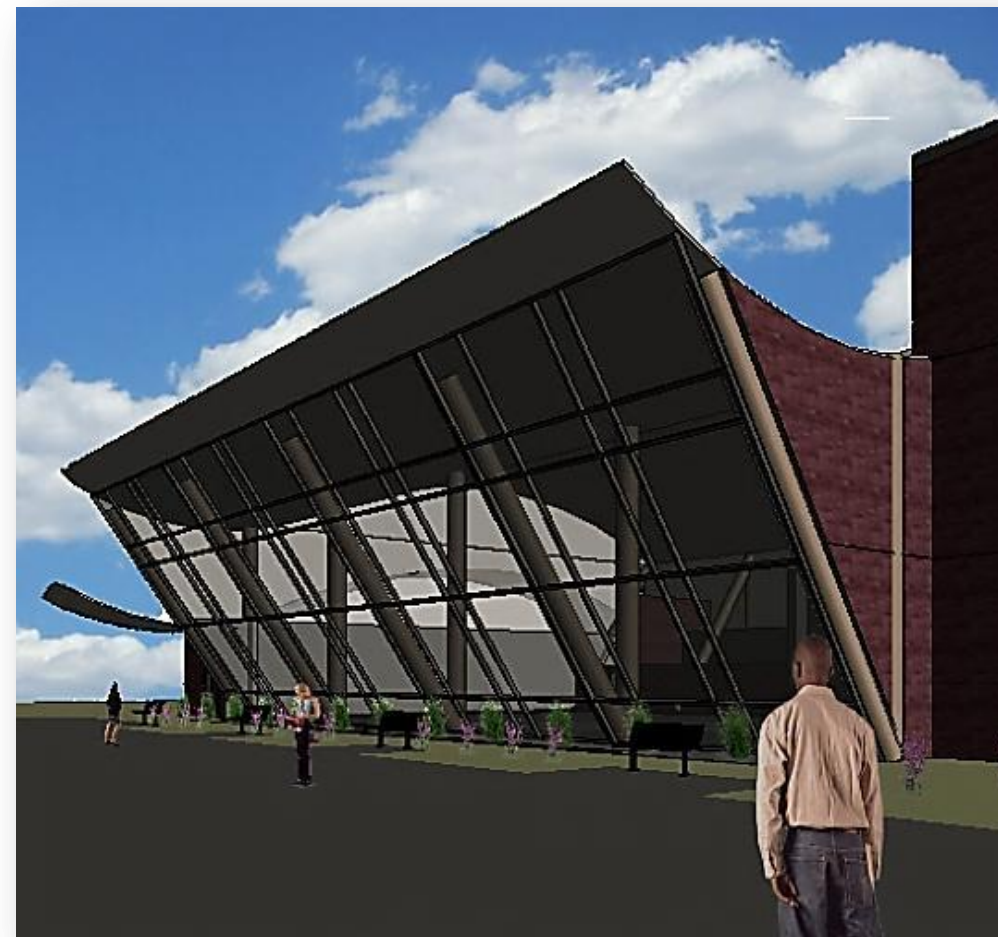
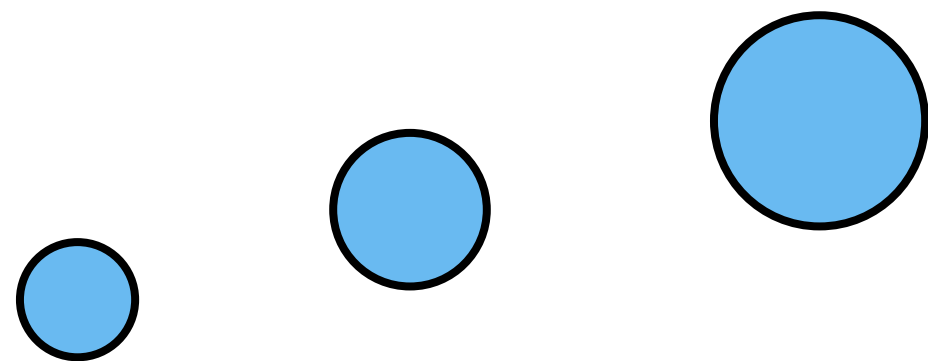


- Design Process
- Phase 1
  - Foundation
  - Gravity System
  - Lateral System
  - Enclosure
- Phase 2
  - Clinic
  - **Natatorium**
- Conclusion



# Natatorium





# Mechanical Systems





- *Introduction*
- HVAC Design
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# Introduction

## Construction Phase 1

*Enclosure*

**Total energy reduction of 15%**

*Ground Source Heat Pump with 100% DOAS*

**Total energy reduction of 17%**

**Building total energy reduction of 32%**

*Plumbing*

**Water use reduction by 46%**

*As a BIM team, we determined our project specific goal was to create an **innovative, high-performance environment in a way that stimulates involvement in both education and the community***

## Construction Phase 2

**Clinic**

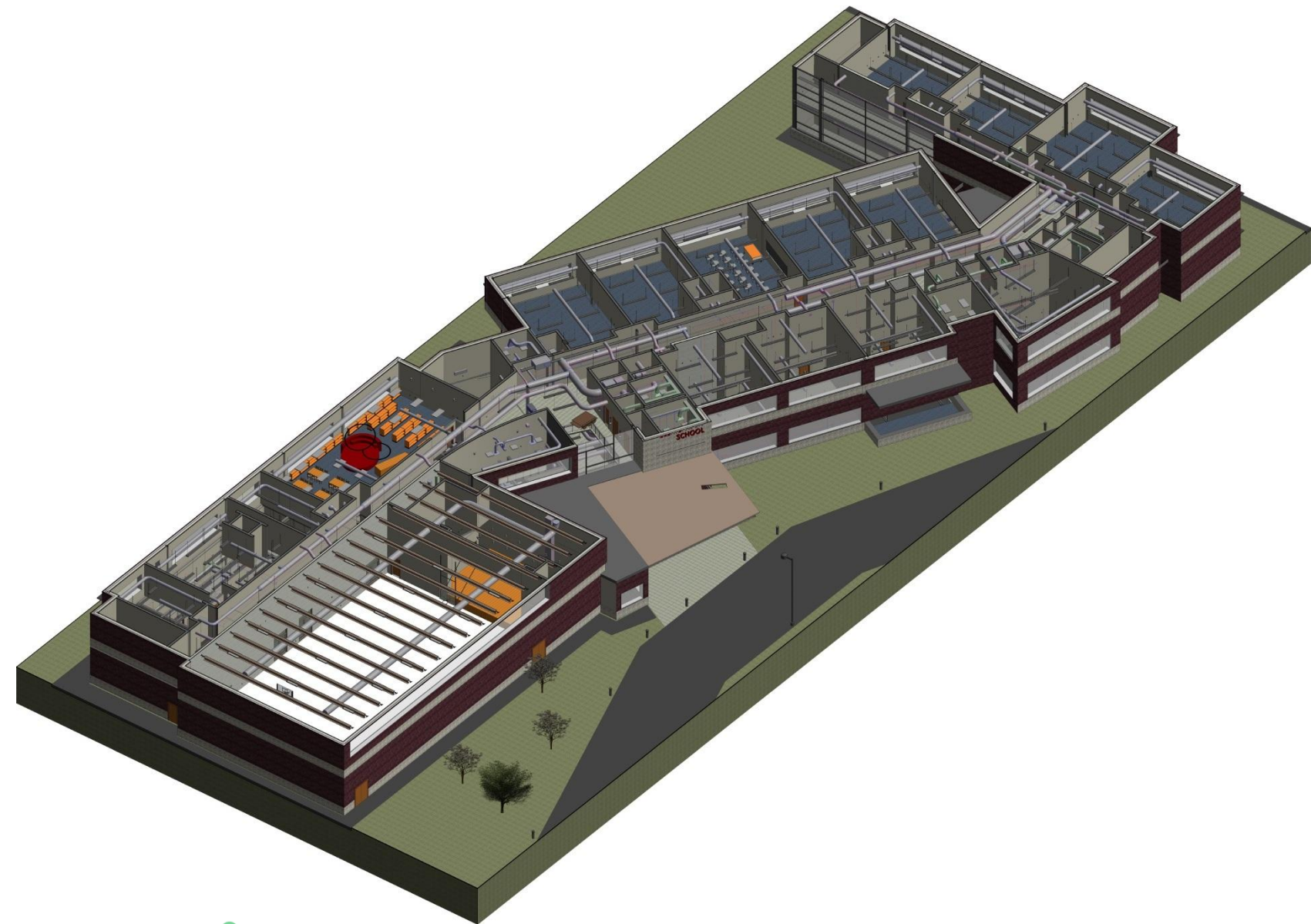
*VRV with Heat Recovery*

**Total energy reduction of 13%**

**Natatorium**

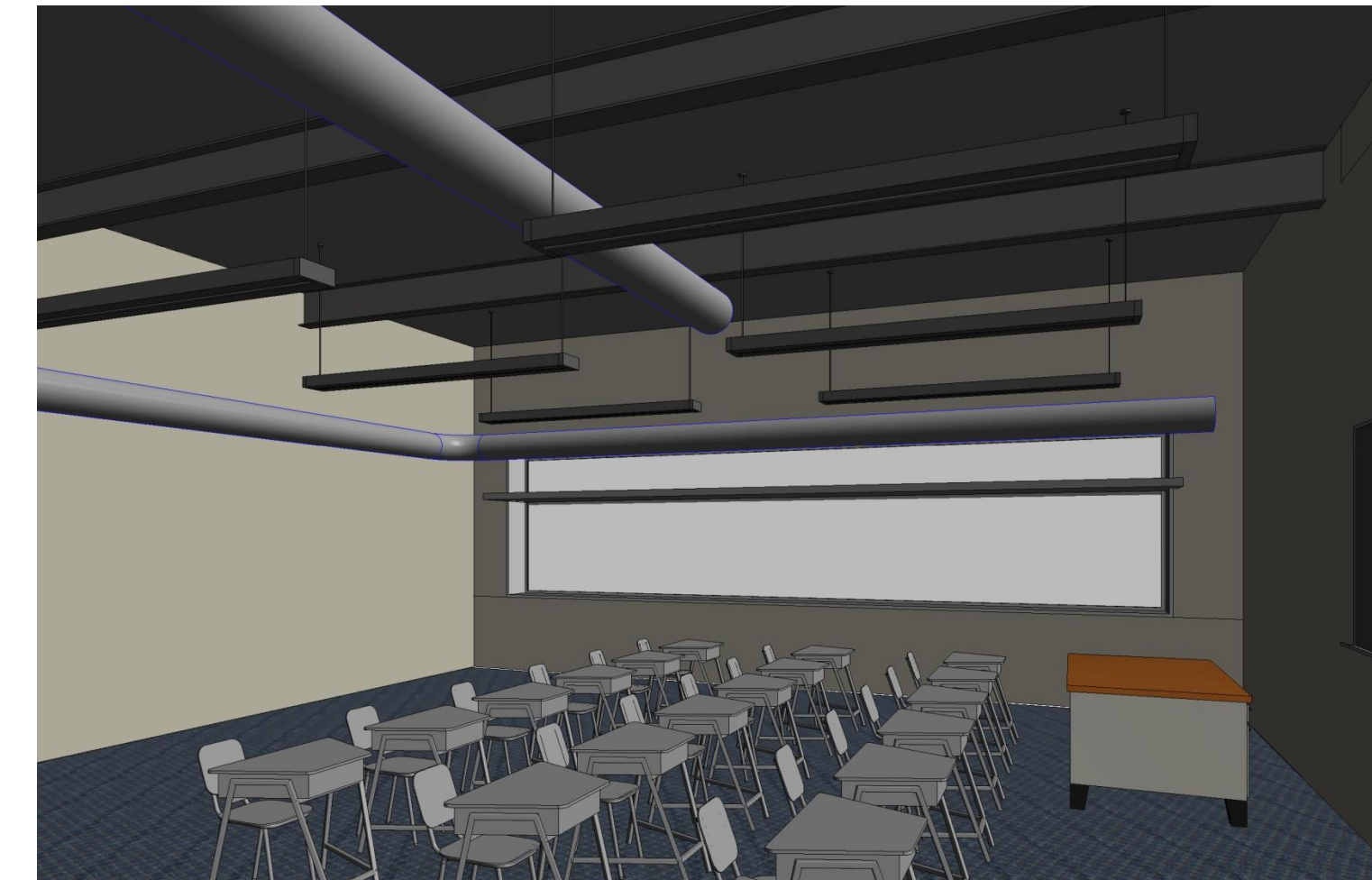
*All- encompassing AHU*

**Total reduction of 1,398MMBTH or \$3,850**



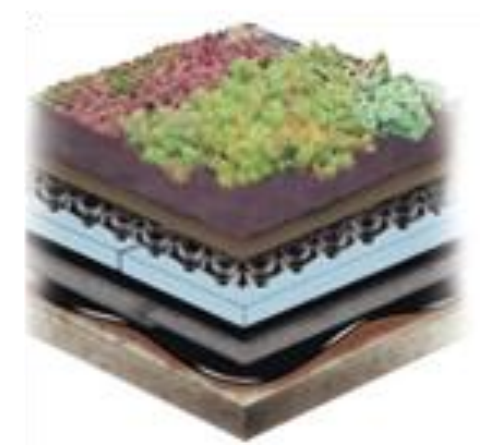
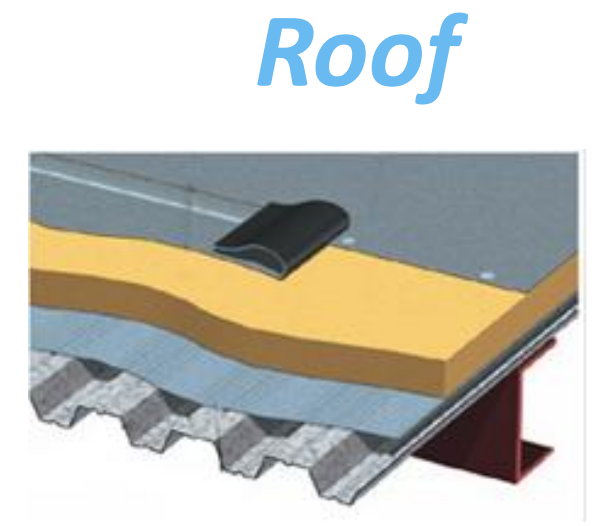
## Construction Phase 1

### *Reading Elementary School*





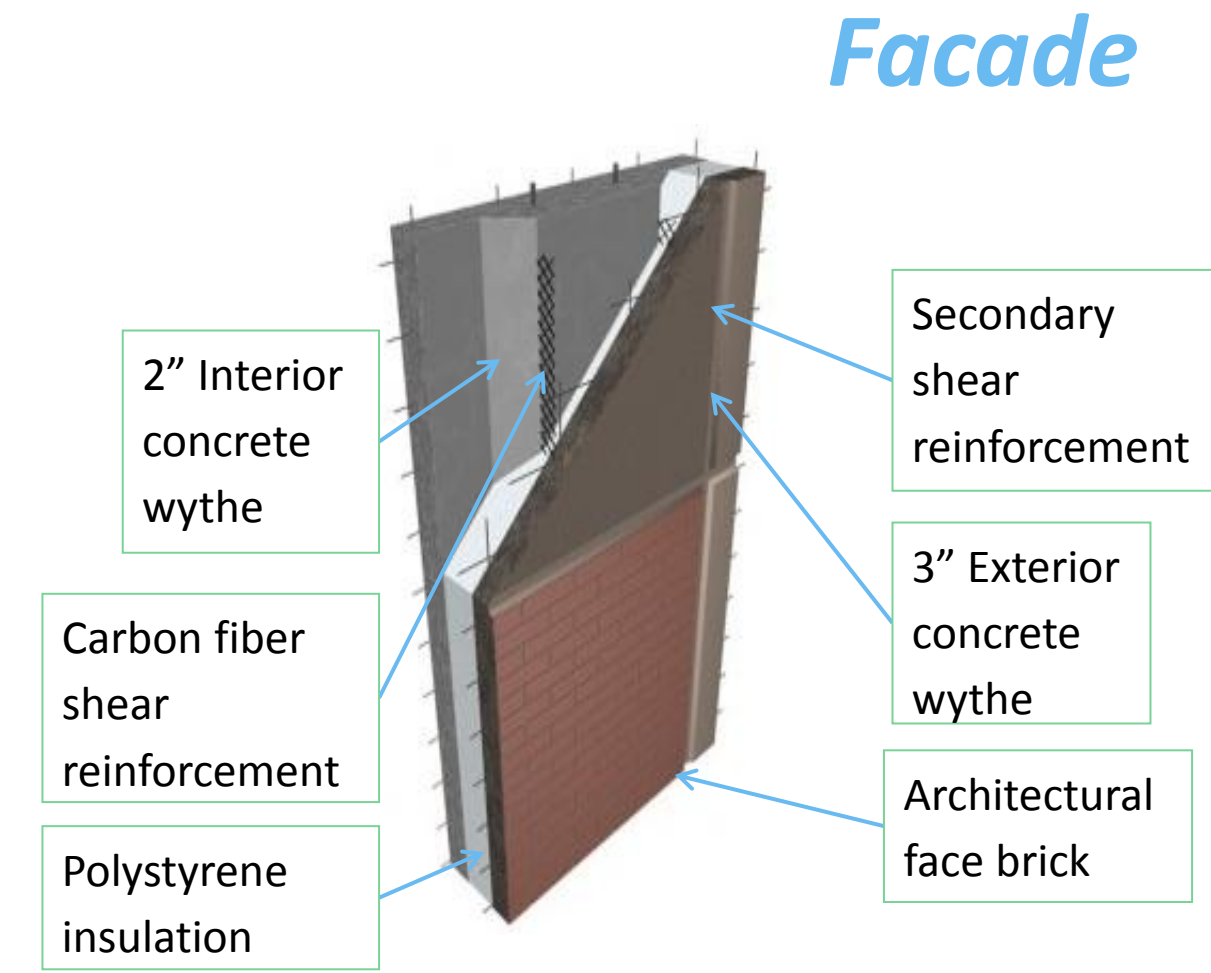
- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - **Construction Phase 1**
    - *Enclosure Design*
    - System Design
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion



# ENCLOSURE DESIGN

**REDUCED ENERGY CONSUMPTION BY: 15%**

	ASHRAE 50%		
	ASHRAE 90.1	Energy Savings	Our Value
Wall Design U-Values	0.069	0.037	0.0383
Window Design U-Values	0.55	0.45	0.54
Roof Design U-Values	0.048	0.0333	0.0333
Green Roof Savings			\$430/year





- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - **Construction Phase 1**
    - Enclosure Design
    - *System Design*
      - *Airside System*
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

*Critical Zones*

- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

*Critical Zones*

## Atrium

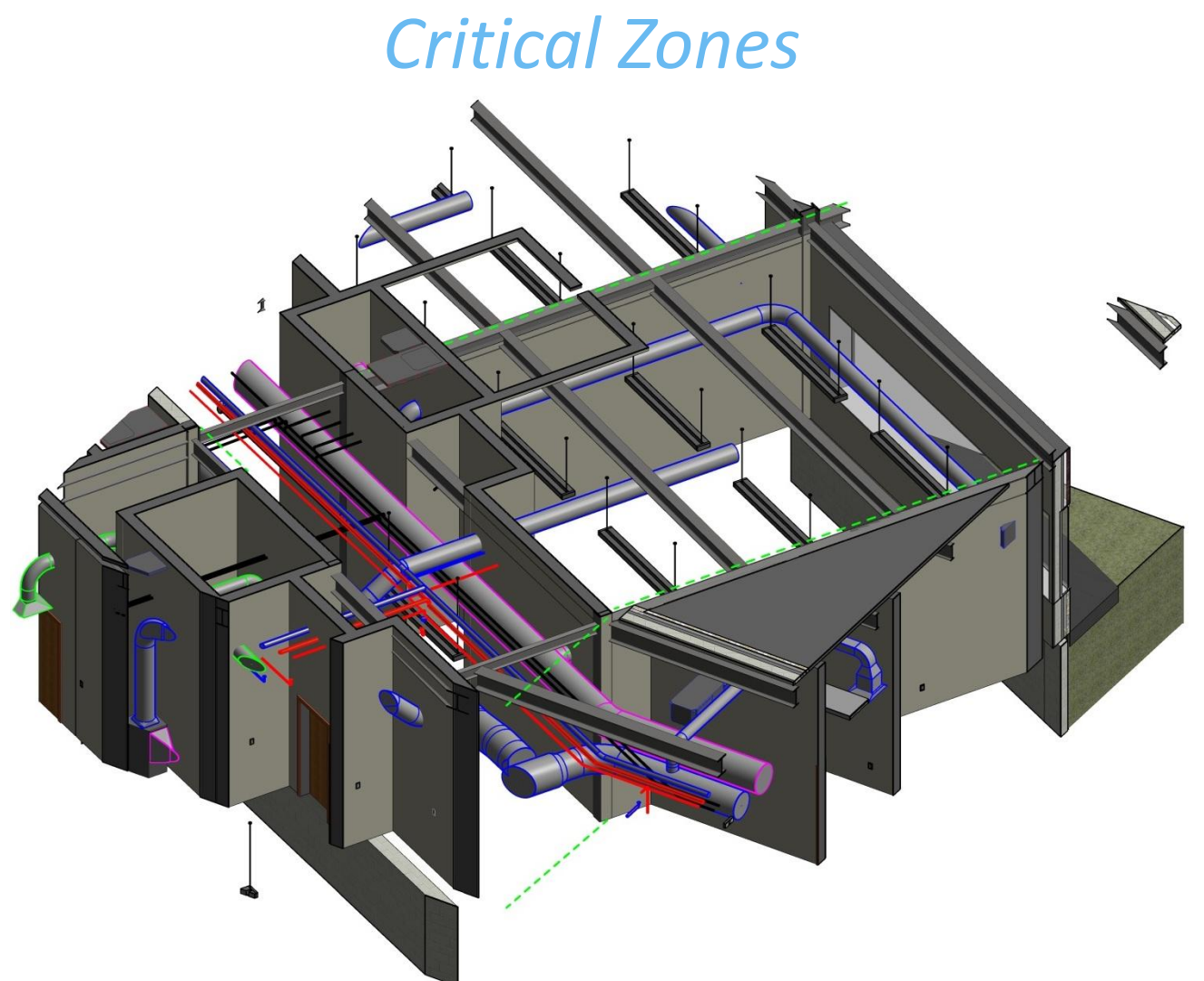


Atrium

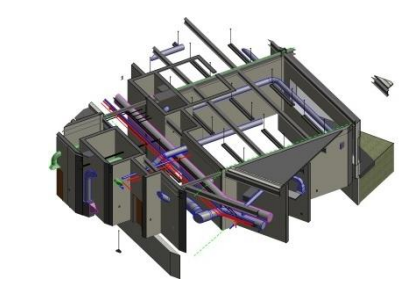
- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

## Classroom



Atrium



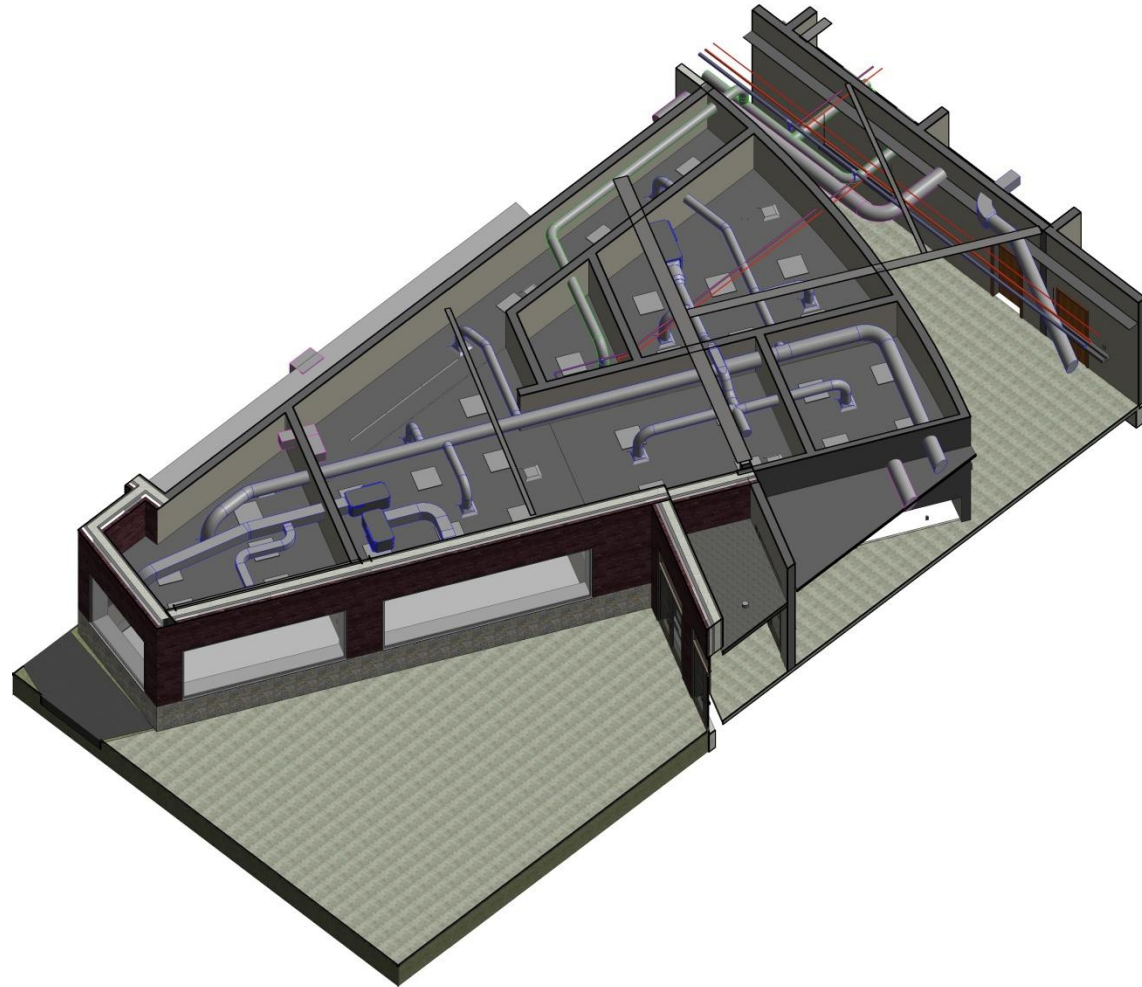
Classroom



- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

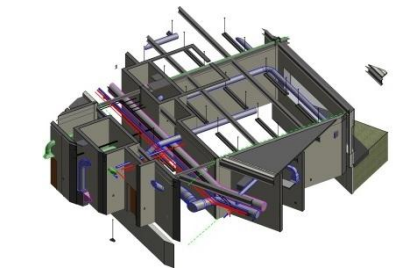
*Critical Zones*



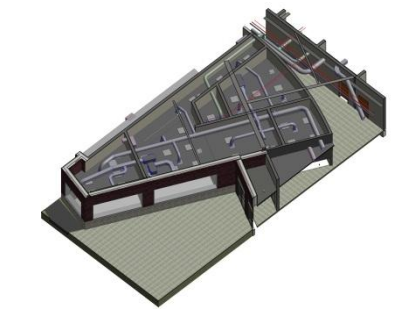
## Administration



Atrium



Classroom



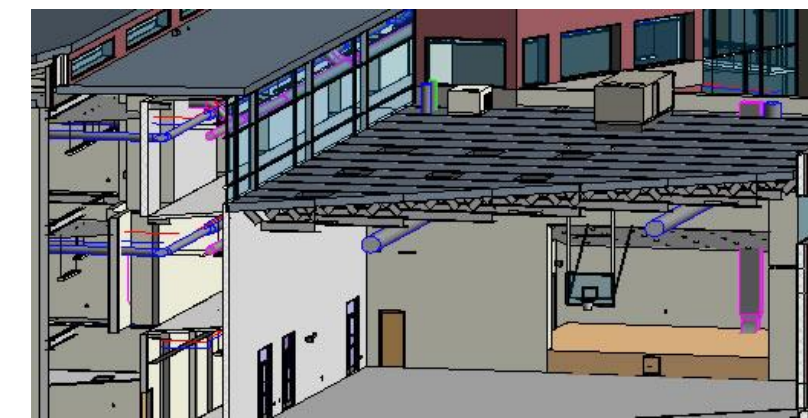
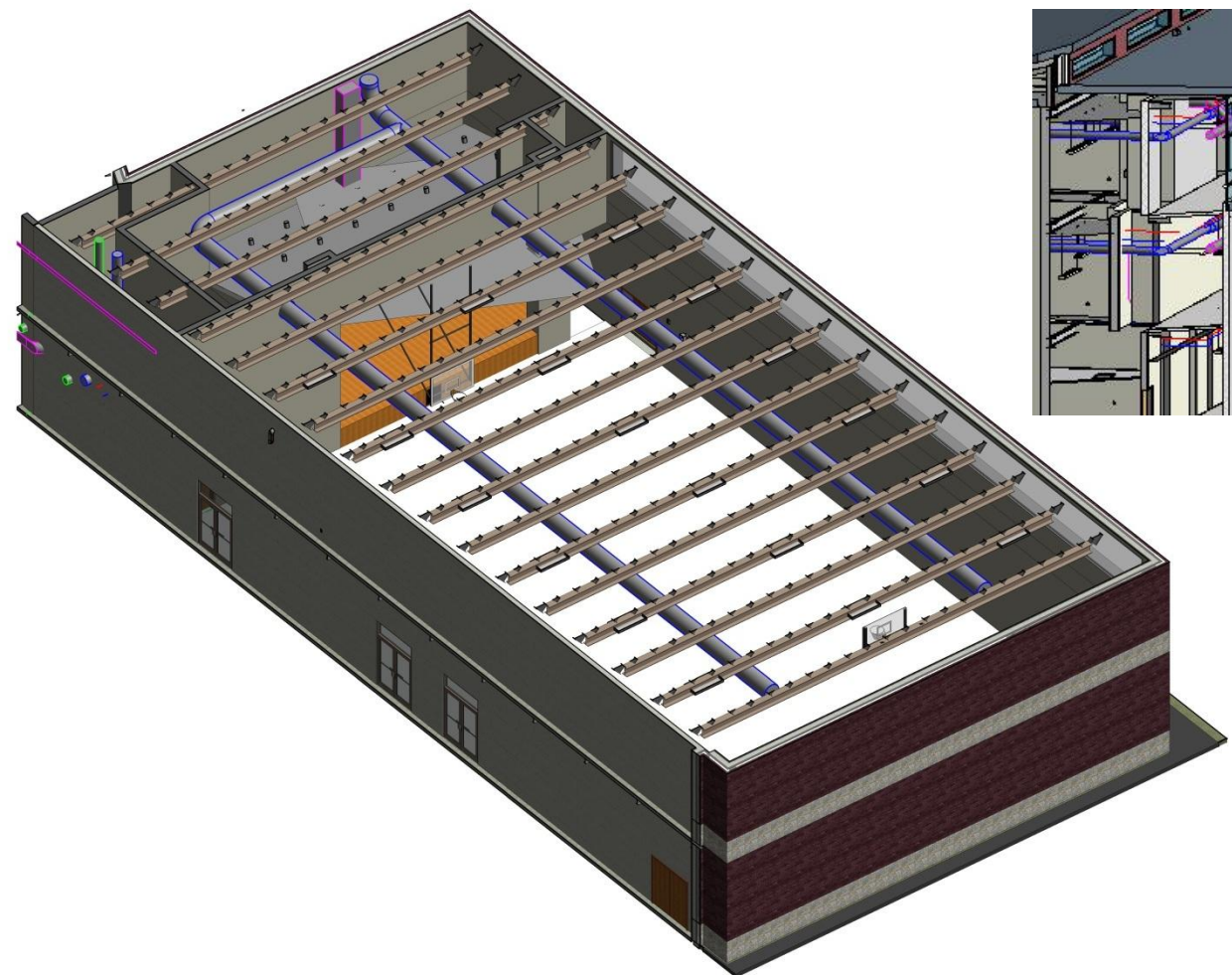
Administration

- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

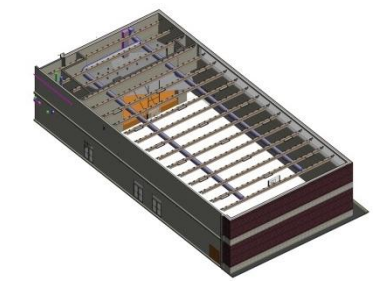
# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

## Critical Zones

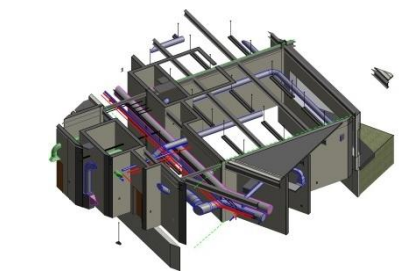
Multipurpose Facility



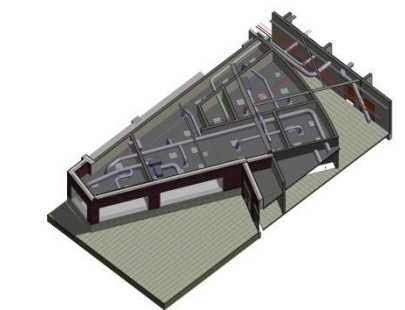
Atrium



Multipurpose Facility



Classroom



Administration

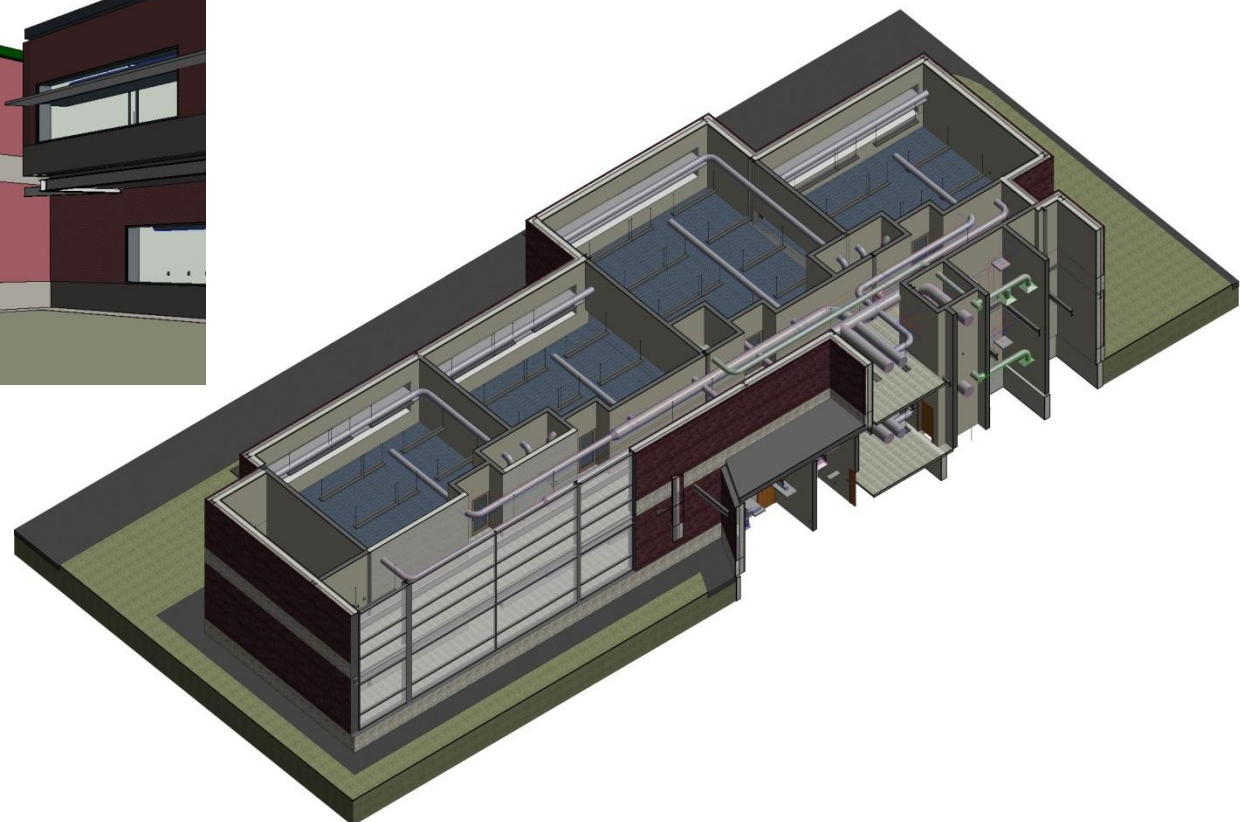
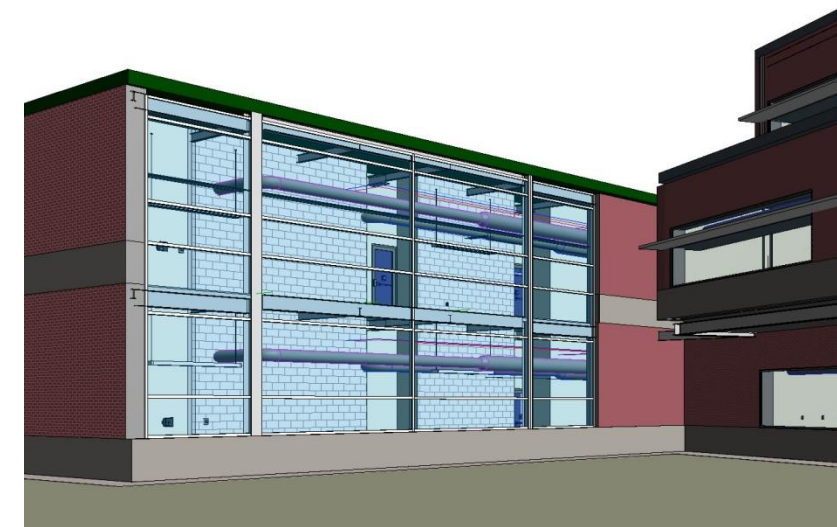


- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

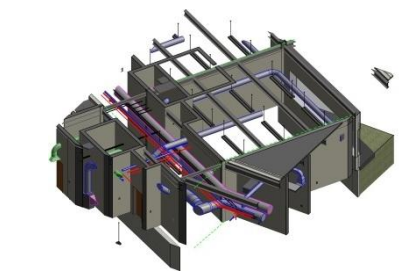
# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

## Critical Zones

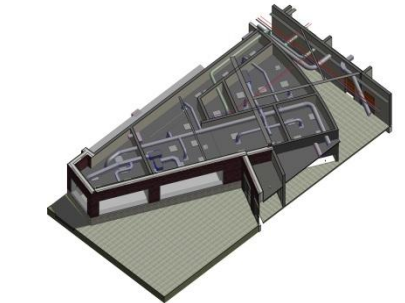
Corridor



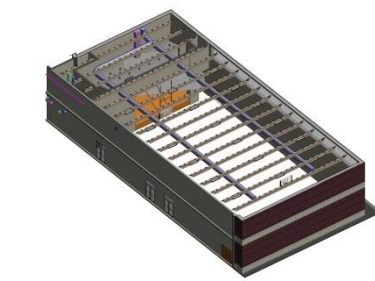
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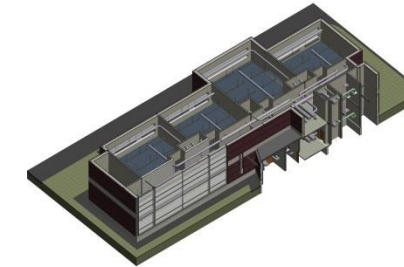
Classroom



Administration



Multipurpose Facility



Corridor

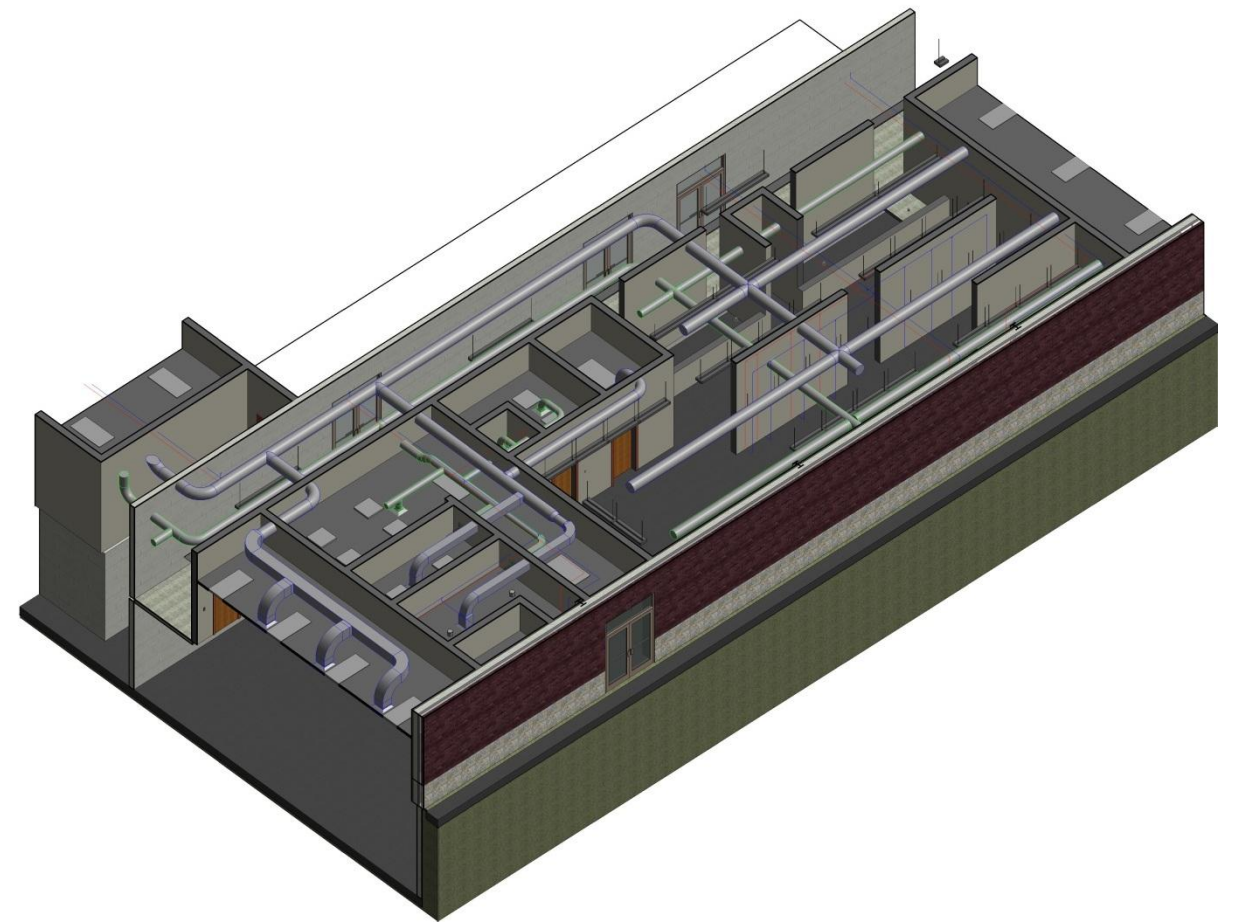


- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

# SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

*Critical Zones*

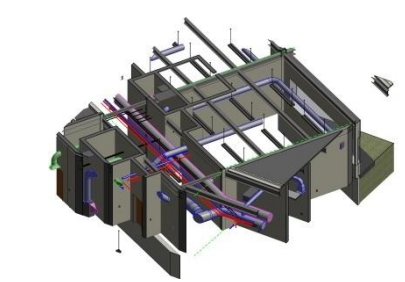
Kitchen



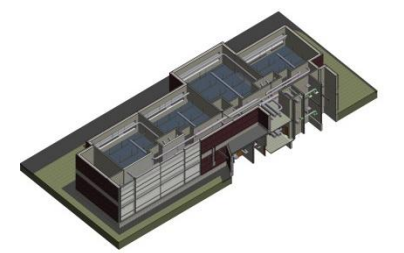
Atrium



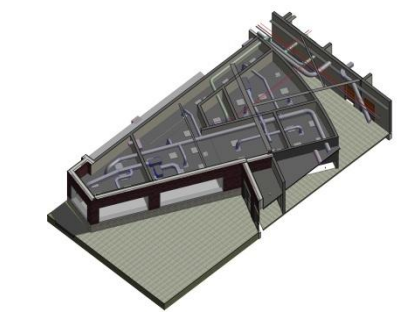
Multipurpose Facility



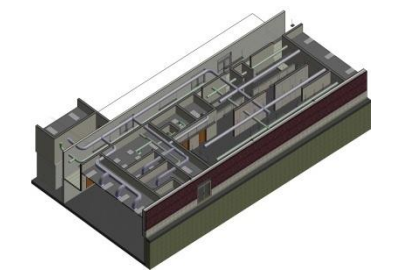
Classroom



Corridor



Administration



Kitchen

# VENTILATION DESIGN

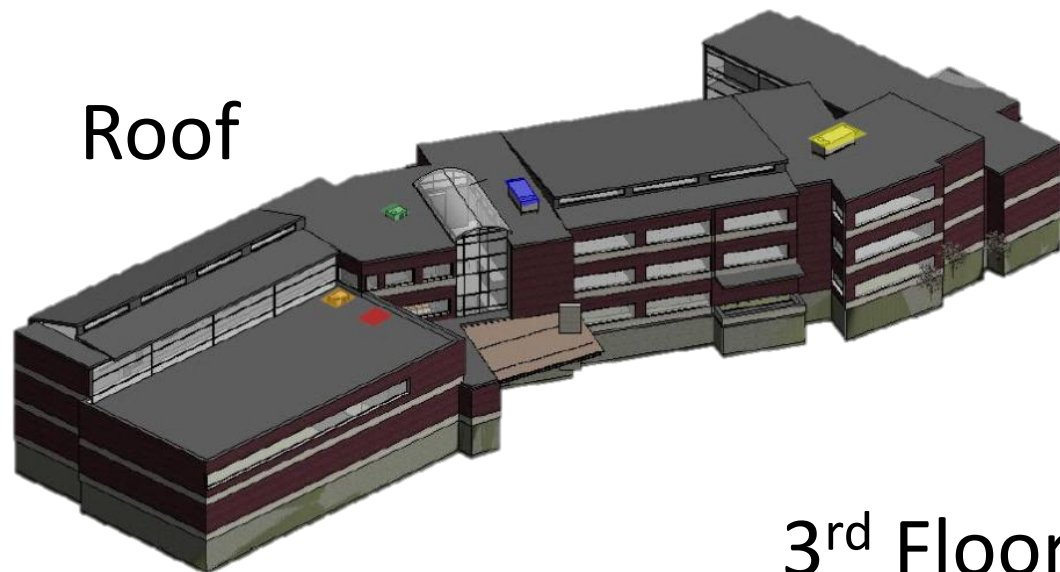
- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

### Ventilation CFM

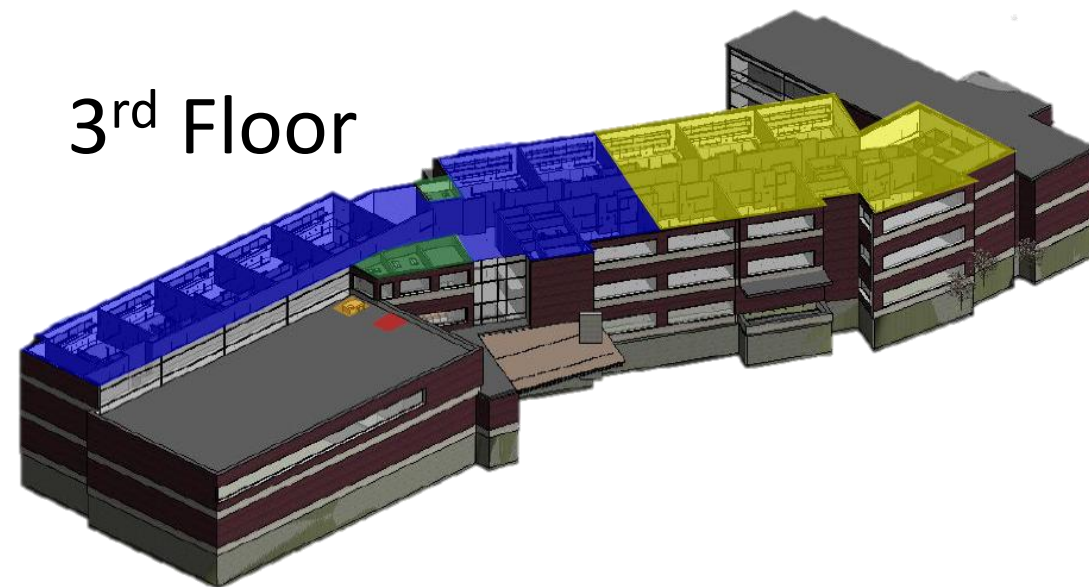
<b>ZONE 1</b>	<b>6,718</b>
<b>ZONE 2</b>	<b>944</b>
<b>ZONE 3</b>	<b>1,937</b>
<b>ZONE 4</b>	<b>12,927</b>
<b>ZONE 5</b>	<b>13,470</b>

**Total Ventilation :  
35,996 CFM**

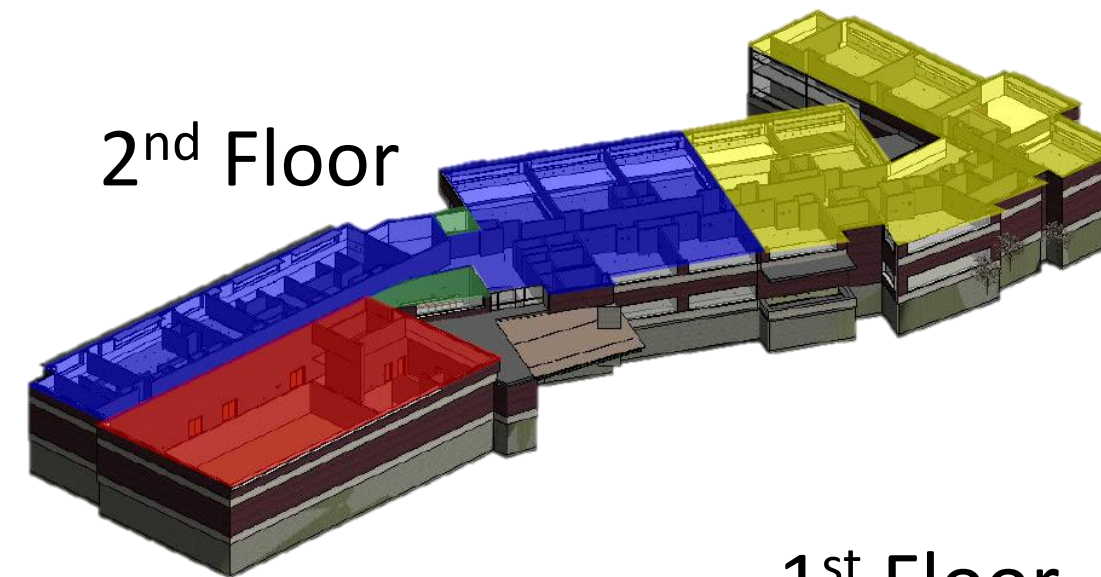
Roof



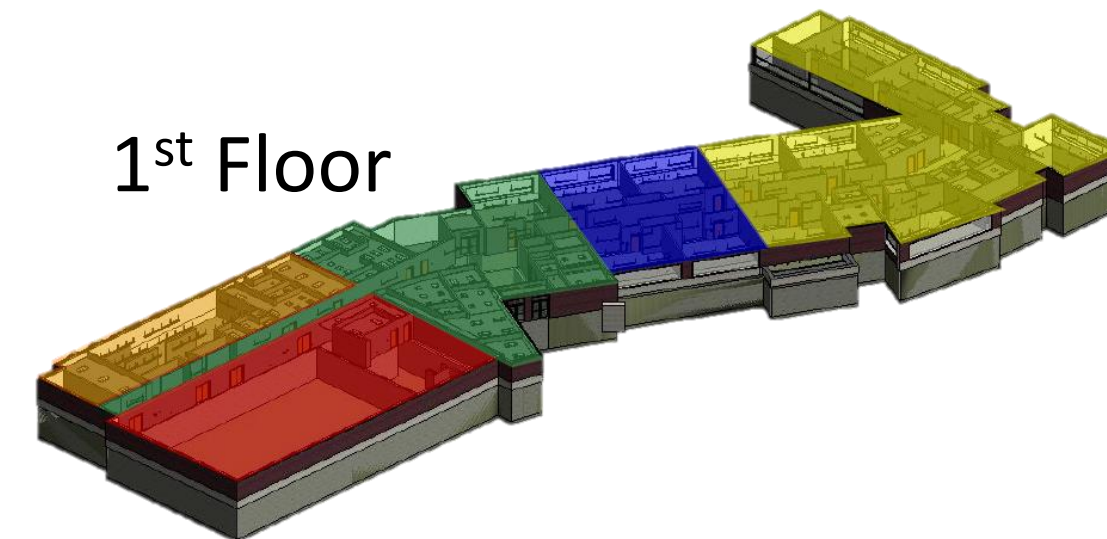
3<sup>rd</sup> Floor



2<sup>nd</sup> Floor

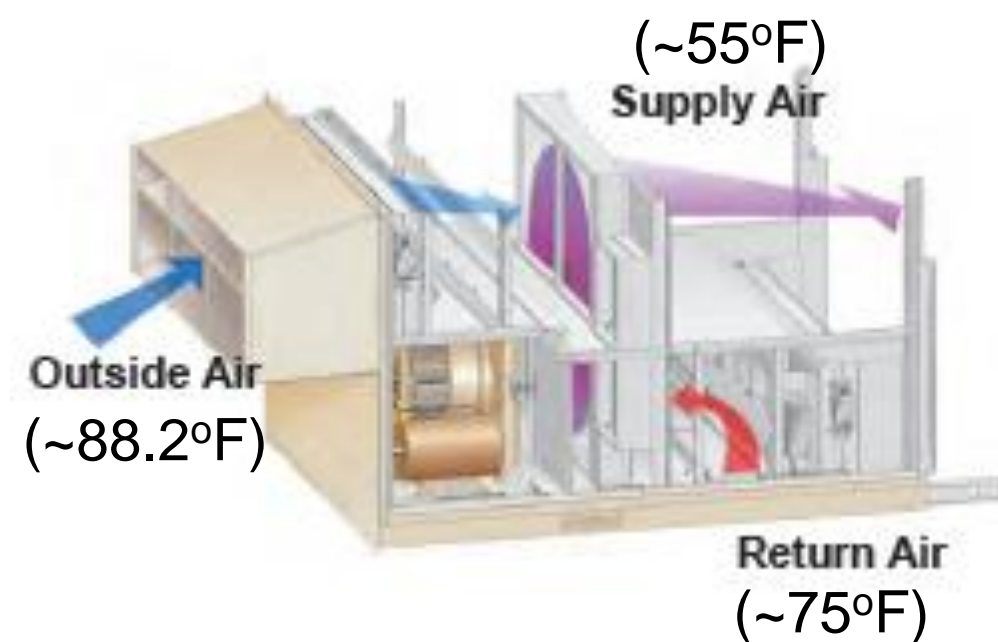


1<sup>st</sup> Floor





- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
        - Waterside System
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion



## AIRSIDE DESIGN

### Dedicated Outdoor Air System

#### NEUTRAL SUPPLY AIR CONDITION (~70°F)

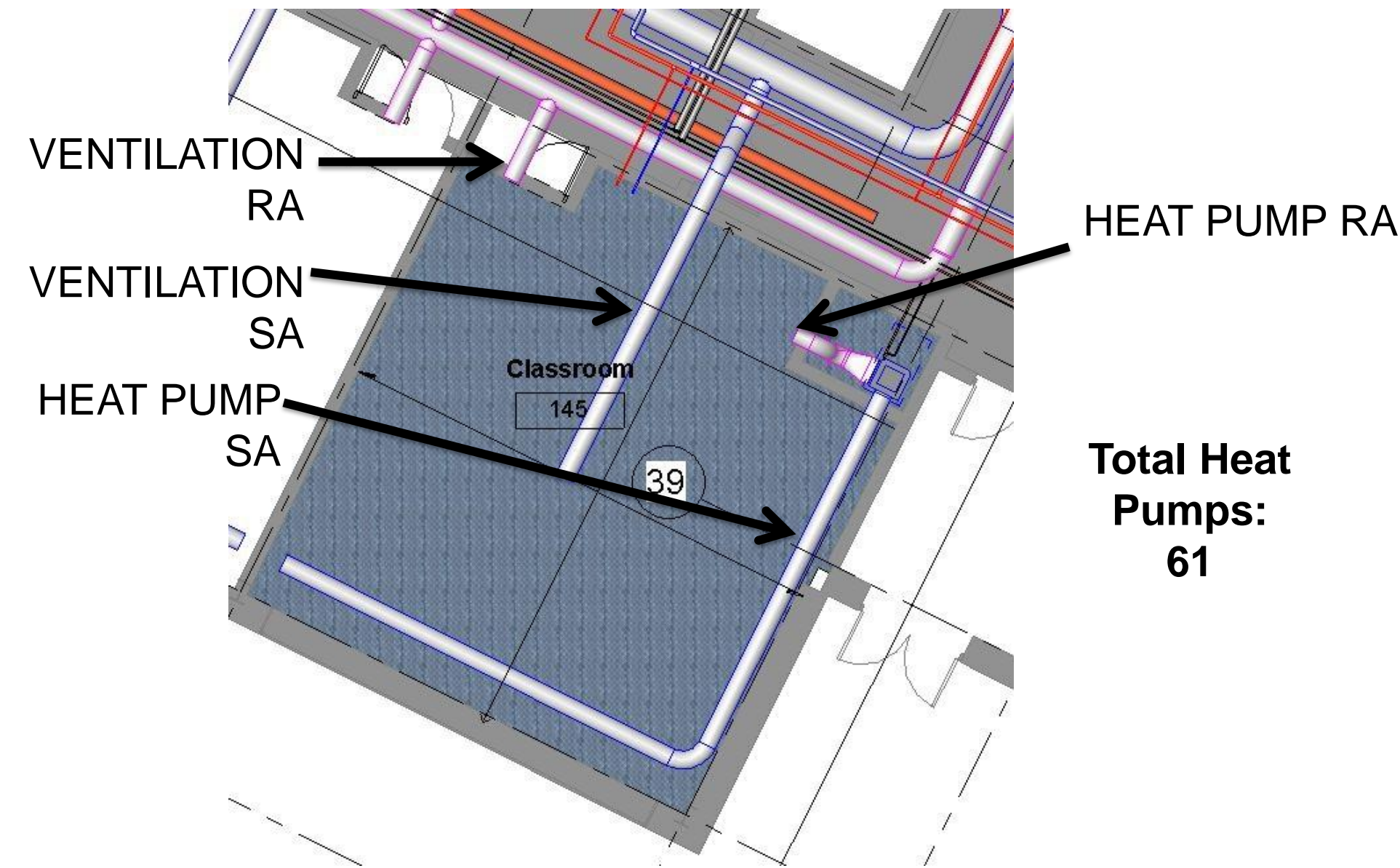
- Wastes sensible cooling done by the AHU
- Takes all the latent load

#### COLD SUPPLY AIR CONDITION (~55°F)

- Takes the majority of latent and sensible loads
- Offset larger portion of the sensible load
- REDUCED HEAT PUMP SIZE BY 48%

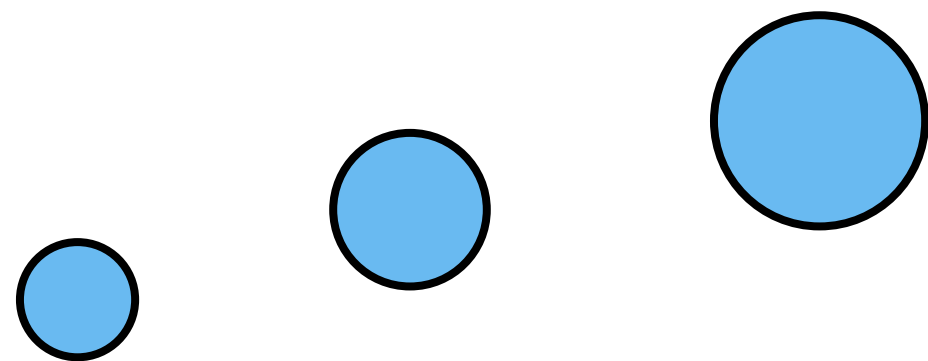
#### CONTROL SYSTEM

- Occupancy sensors
- CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors
- Outdoor Air Economizer



SPLIT SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

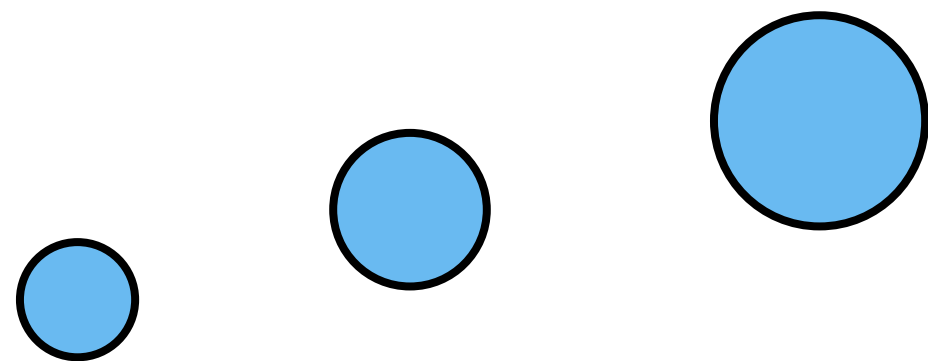




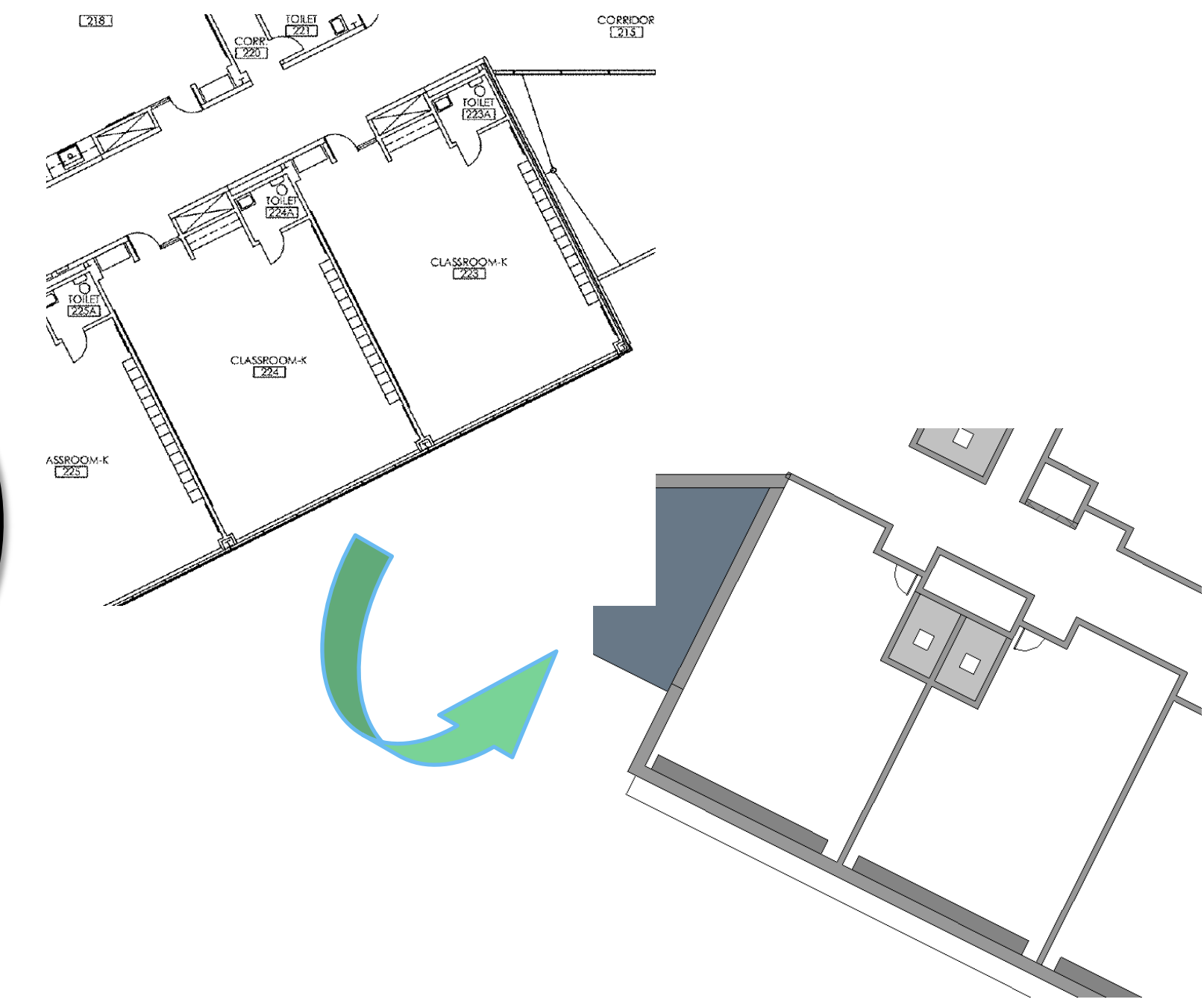
- **System Placement Coordination**
- Window Sizing
- Beam Depths
- Braced Frame
- Fire Alarm and Announcements
- Heat Pump Closet vs. Architecture



# Classroom



- System Placement Coordination
- Window Sizing
- Beam Depths
- Braced Frame
- Fire Alarm and Announcements
- **Heat Pump Closet vs. Architecture**



# WATERSIDE DESIGN

## Ground Source Heat Pump System

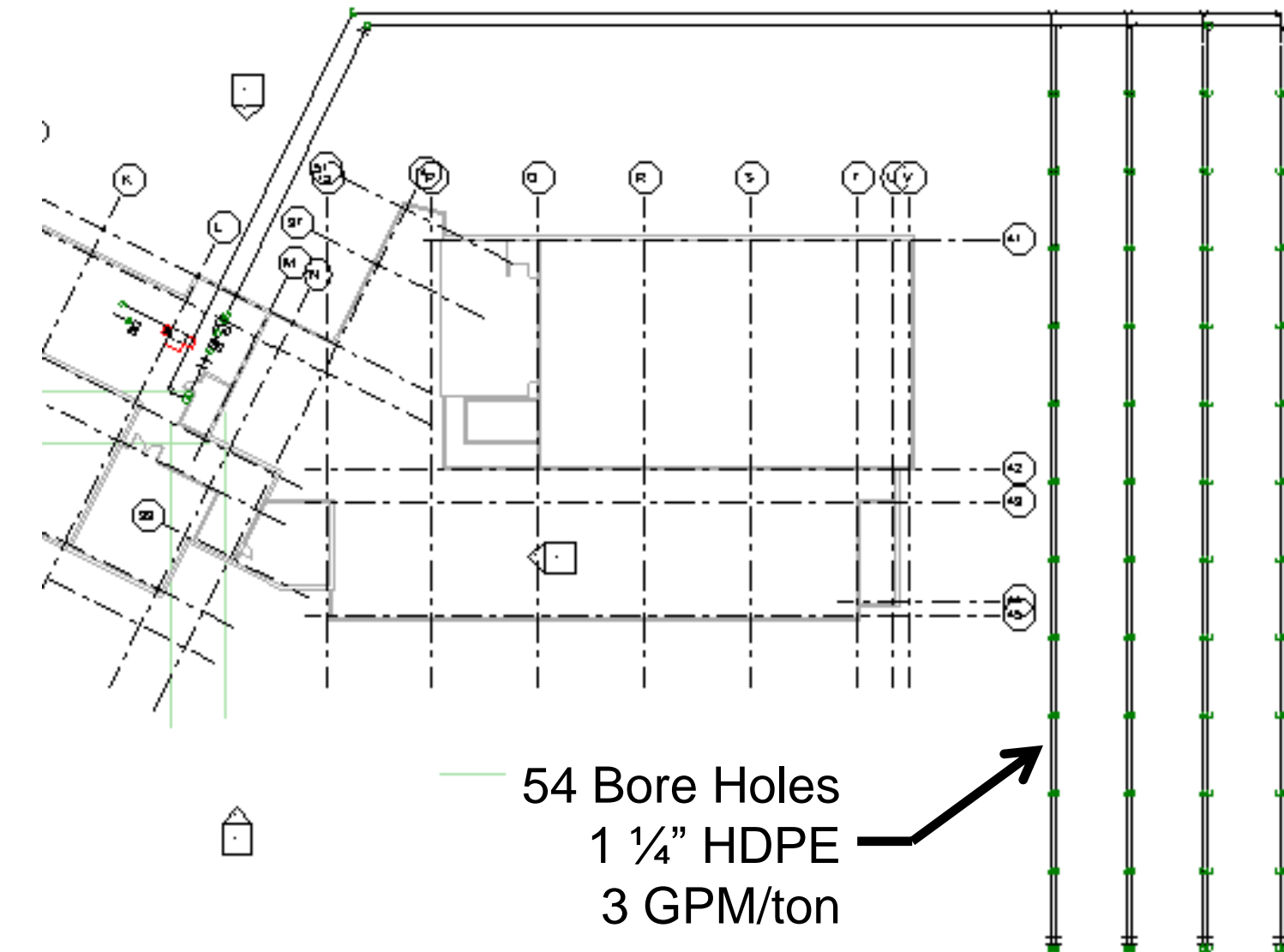
### COOLING

- Block Load: 151 tons
- Heat pump entering water temp: 75F
- **Length: 26,400ft (175 ft/ton)**
- **54 Bore Holes**

### HEATING

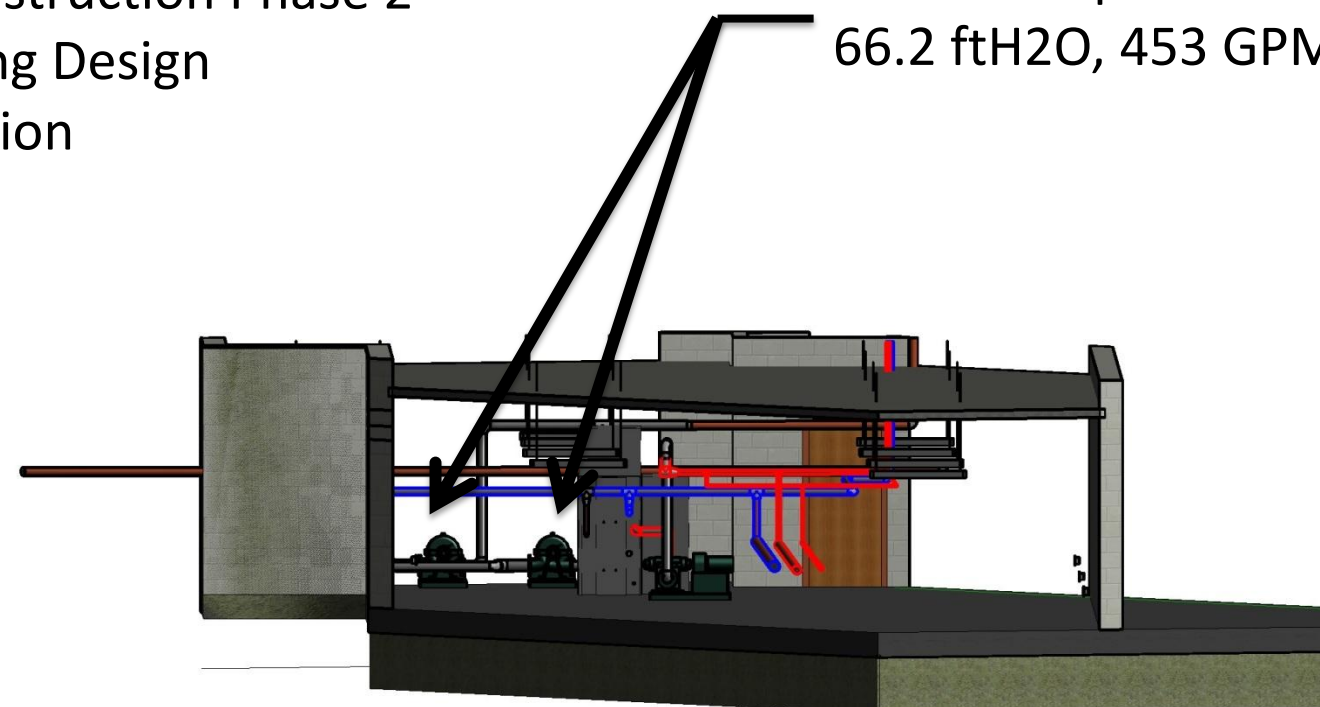
- Block Load: 44 tons
- Heat pump entering water temp: 45F
- Length: 9500Ft (215 ft/ton)
- 16 Bore Holes

$$L_c = \frac{q_a R_{ga} + (q_{lc} - 3.41 W_c)(R_b + PLF_m R_{gm} + R_{gd} F_{sc})}{t_g - \frac{t_{wi} + t_{wo}}{2} - t_p}$$



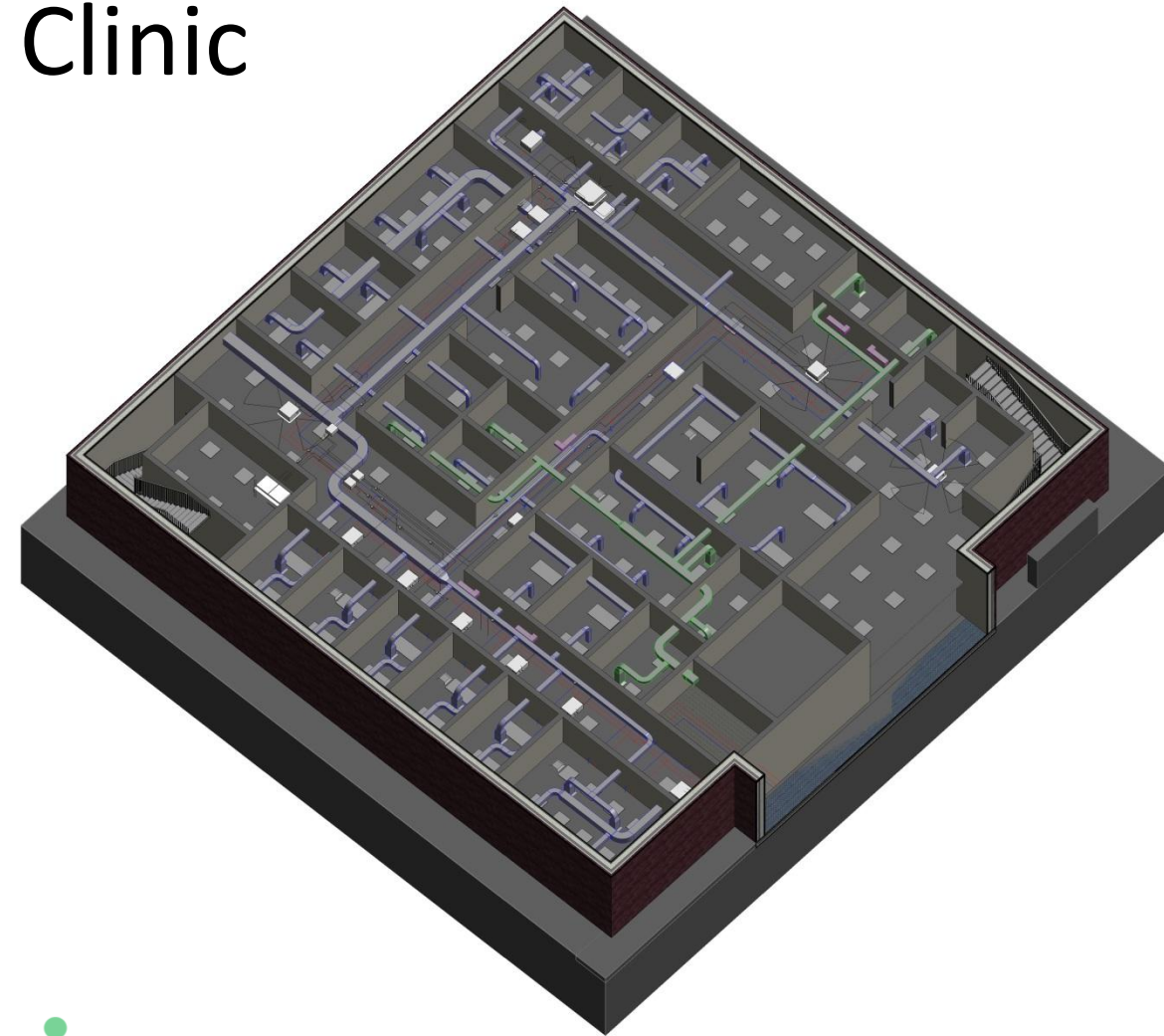
- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
    - Enclosure Design
    - System Design
      - Airside System
      - **Waterside System**
  - Construction Phase 2
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

2 VFD Pumps  
66.2 ftH<sub>2</sub>O, 453 GPM



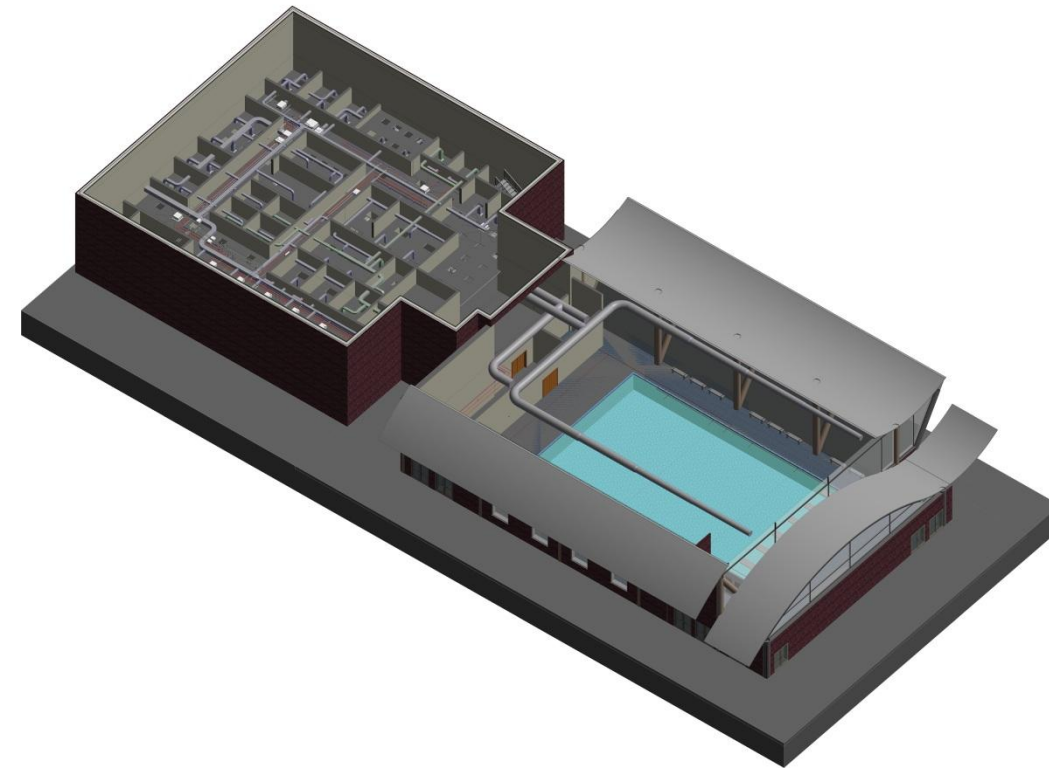


Clinic

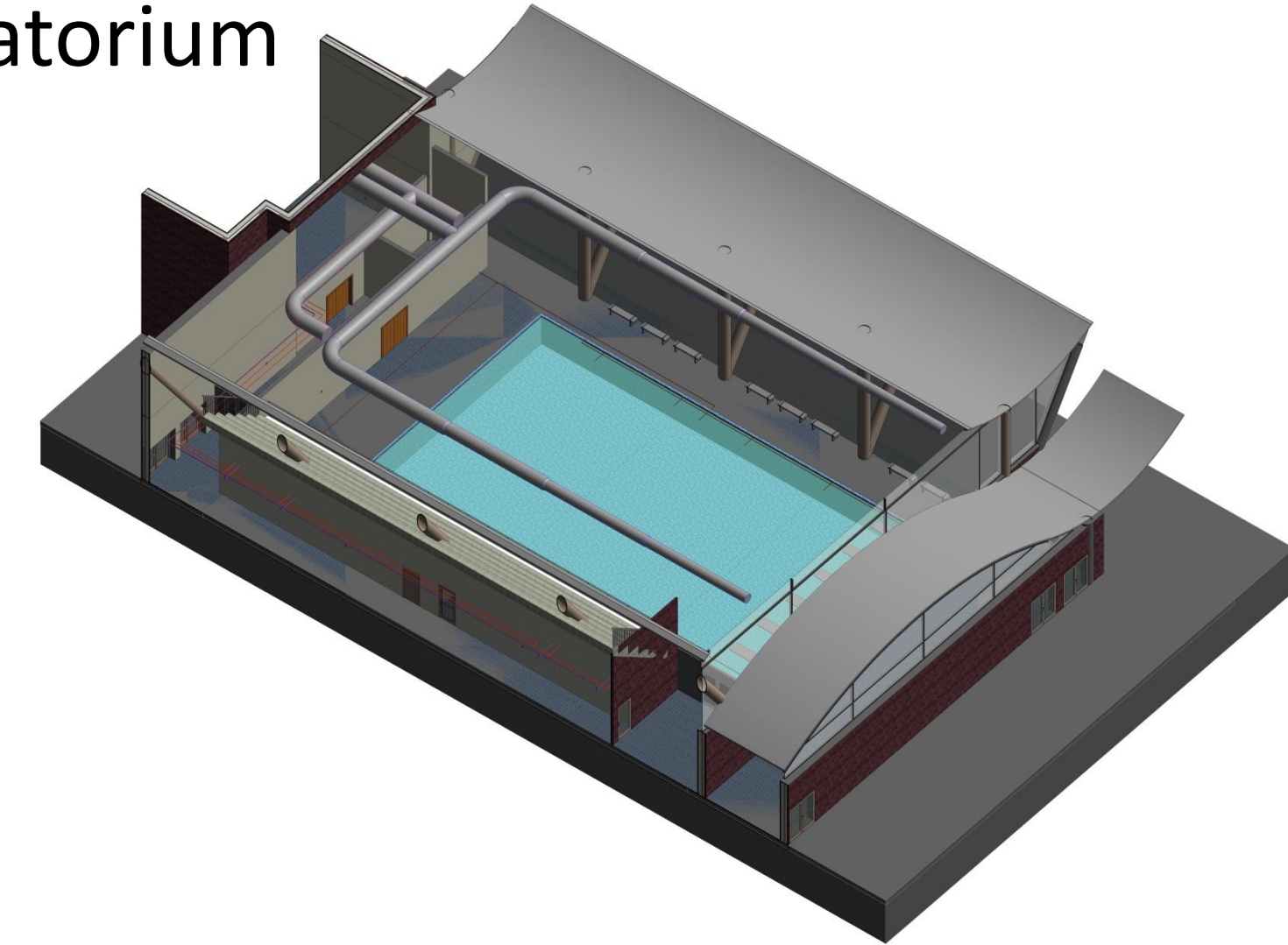


## Construction Phase 2

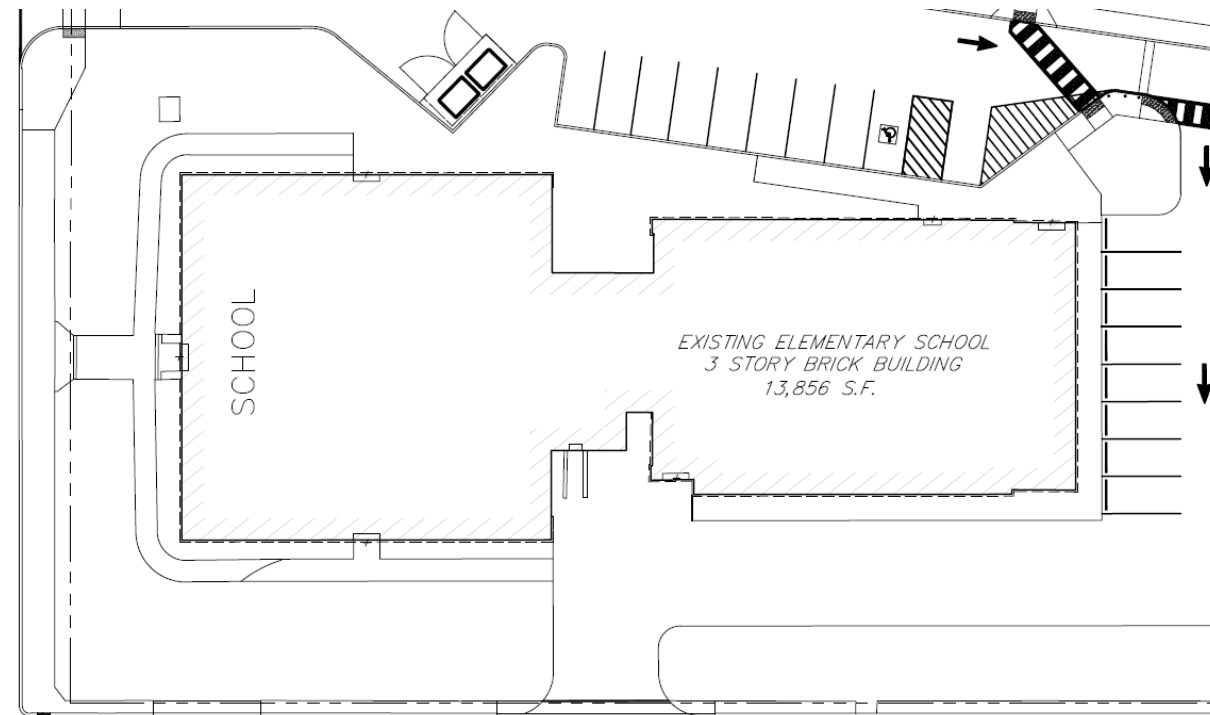
*Clinic and Natatorium*



Natatorium



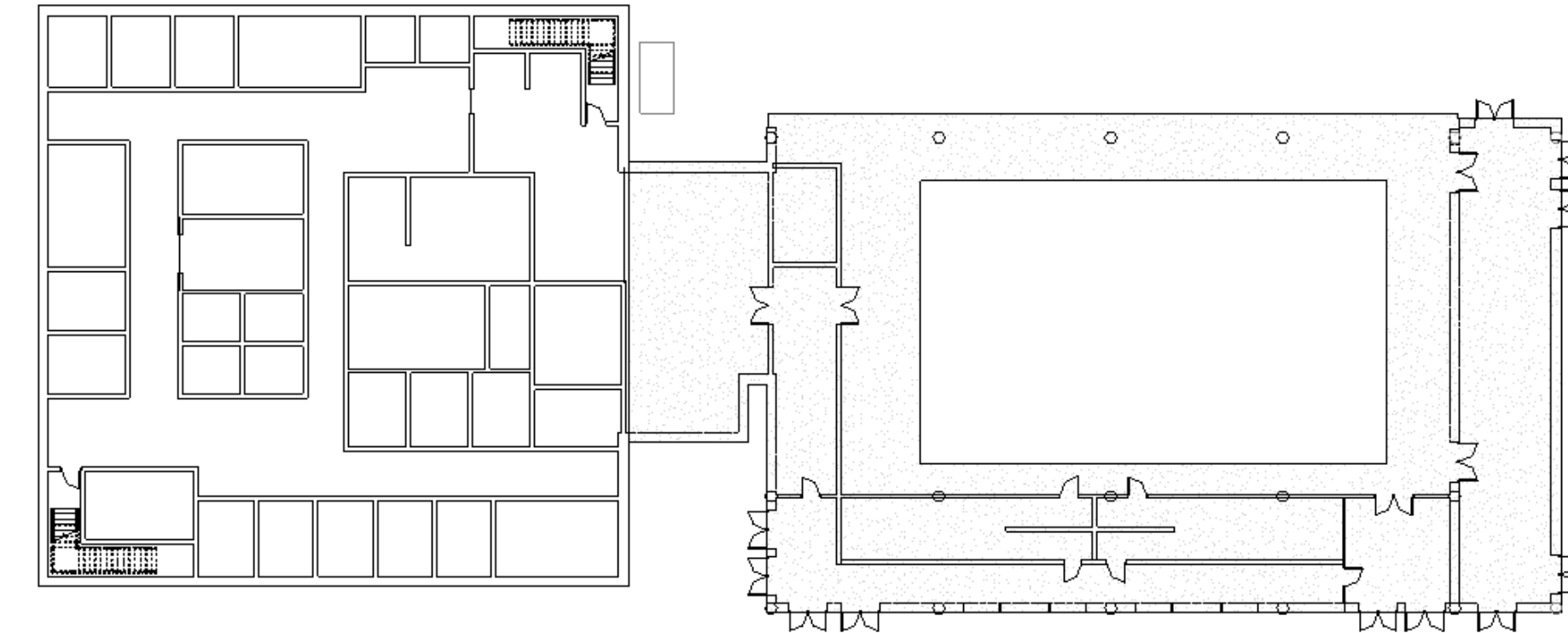
- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
  - Construction Phase 2
    - Assumptions
    - Clinic
    - Natatorium
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion



## PHASE 2 ASSUMPTIONS

### Key Mechanical Assumptions:

- Existing Air Handling Unit will be disconnected from existing first floor and will remain in use for the second and third floors
- Existing exhaust fans are adequately sized to account for the clinic space. Clinic space will tap into exhaust shaft where previous first floor connected.
- Clinical space roof can support second Air Handling Unit for natatorium
- 120/208 Volt, 3 phase power
- Exterior façade will remain the same for clinic space
  - Walls and windows closely resembled the standard set forth by ASHRAE 90.1

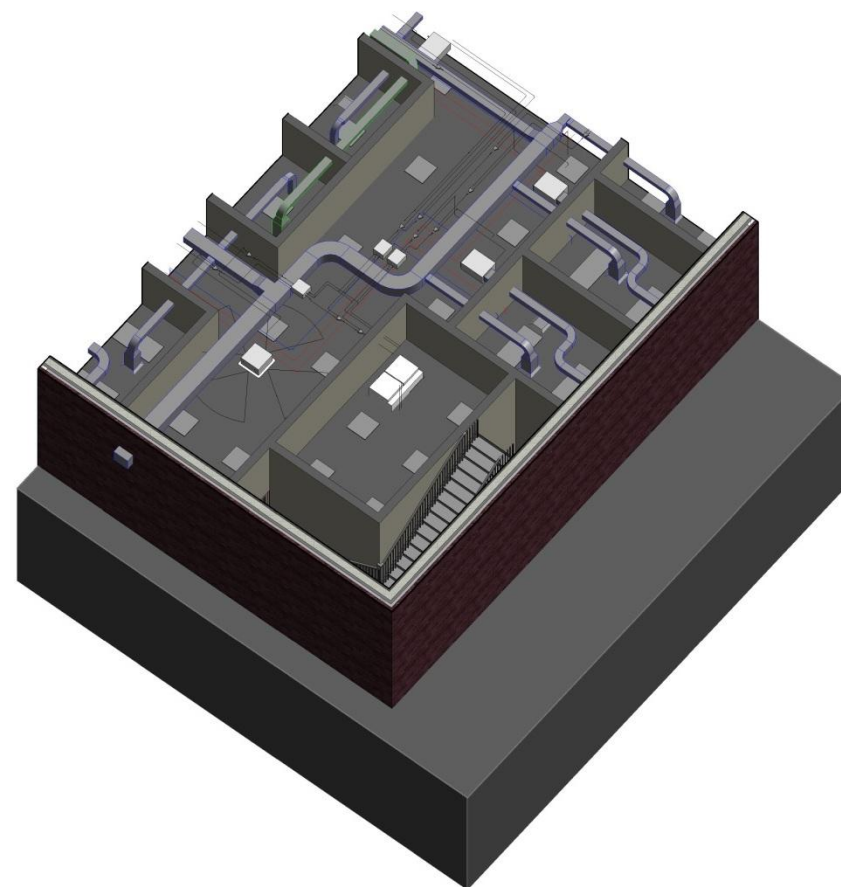




- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
  - Construction Phase 2
    - Assumptions
    - Clinic
      - Airside System
      - Refrigerant System
    - Natatorium
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

## CLINIC

### *Variable Refrigerant Volume System with Heat Recovery*



### *Pros of System:*

- Little space disruption
- Inexpensive compared to modular chillers
- Low maintenance
- Long Life

### *System Components:*

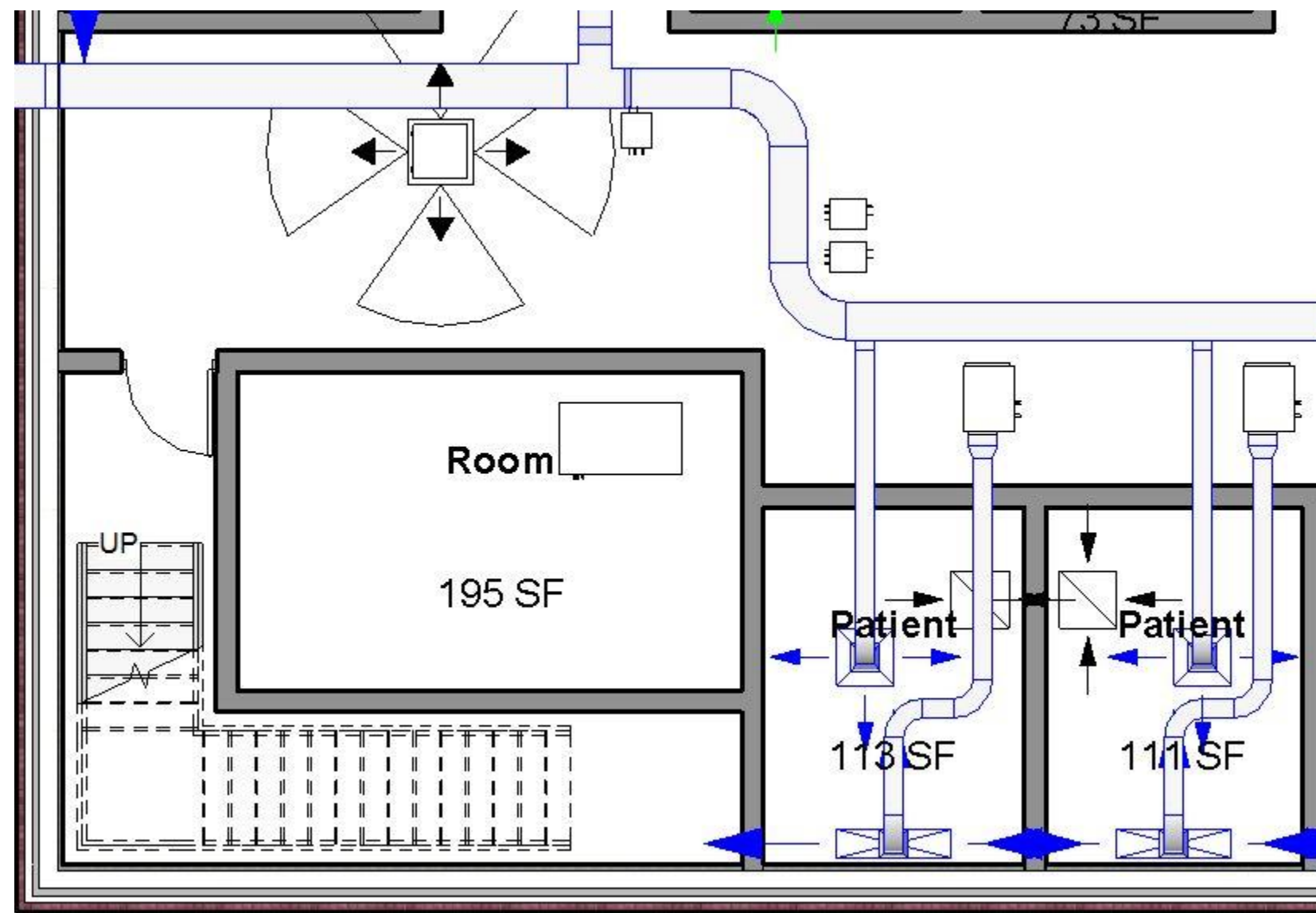
- 100% Outdoor Air Processing Unit
- Indoor Condensing Unit
- Fan Coils



- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
  - Construction Phase 2
    - Assumptions
    - Clinic
      - Airside System
      - Refrigerant System
    - Natatorium
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

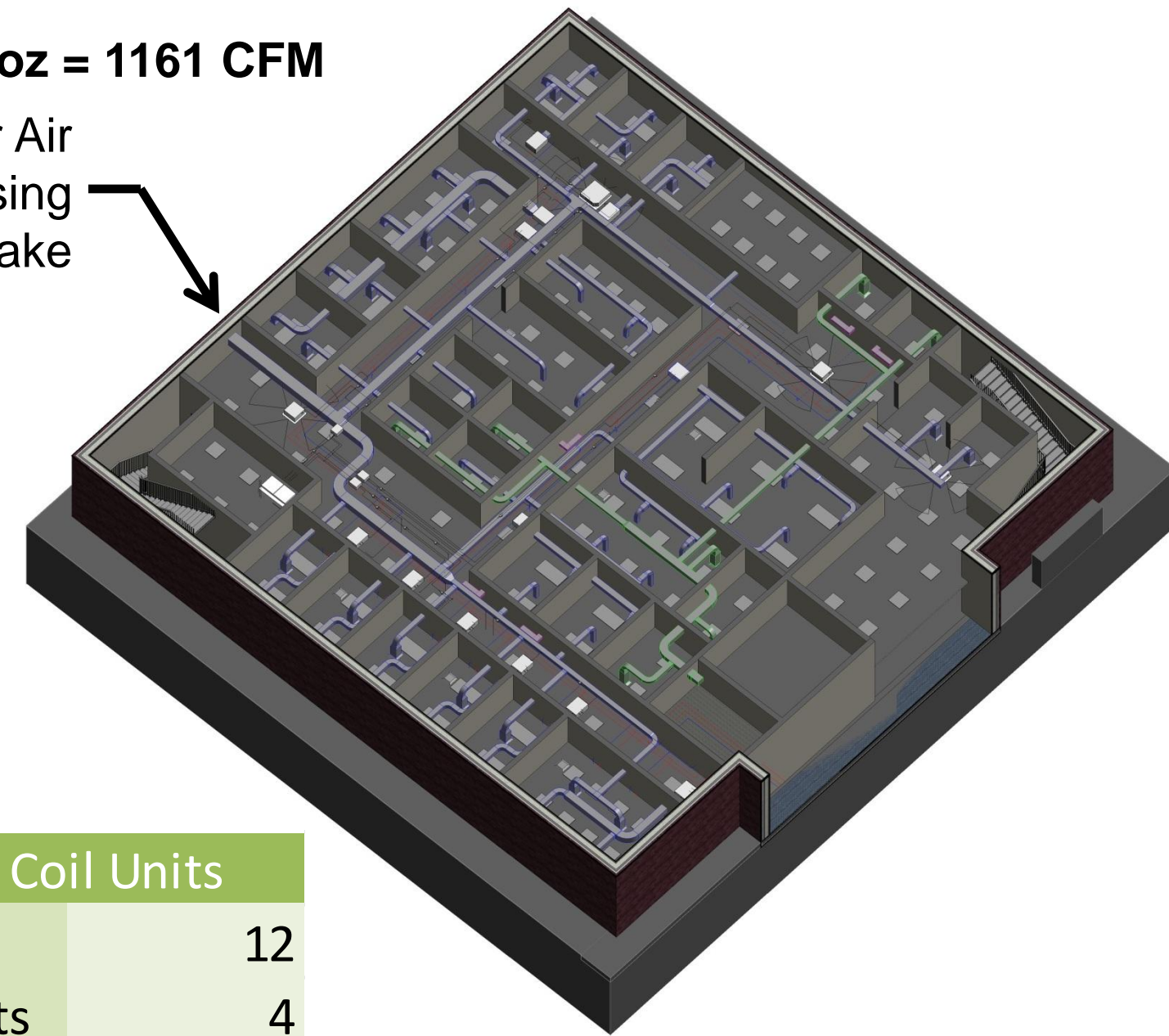
Ventilation Rates		
	Rp(CFM/per)	Ra (CFM/SF)
Patient	25	0
Double Patient	25	0
XRAY	25	0.3
Nurse Station	7.5	0.3
Med Storage	5	0.6
Soiled Utility	5	0.6
Clean Supply	10	0.6
Office	5	0.3
Break Room	5	0.3
Office Supply	5	0.3
Front Desk	5	0.3
Room 24	5	0.06
Lavatory	5	0.06
Storage Closet	0	0.6
Electrical Closet	0	0.3
Corridor	0	0.3
Waiting Room	7.5	0.3

# AIRSIDE DESIGN

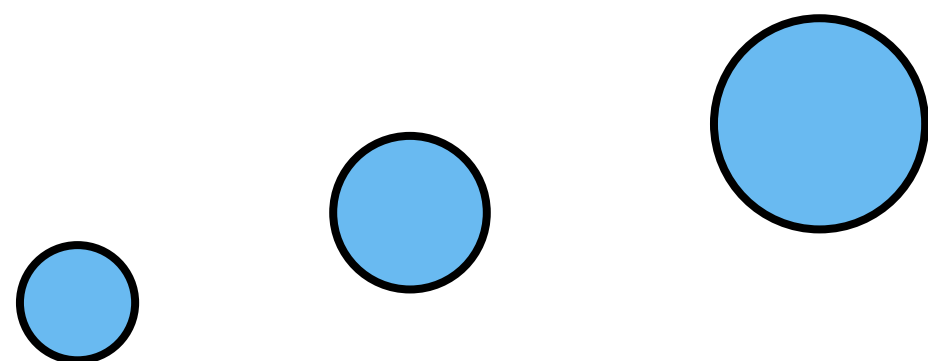


**Total Voz = 1161 CFM**

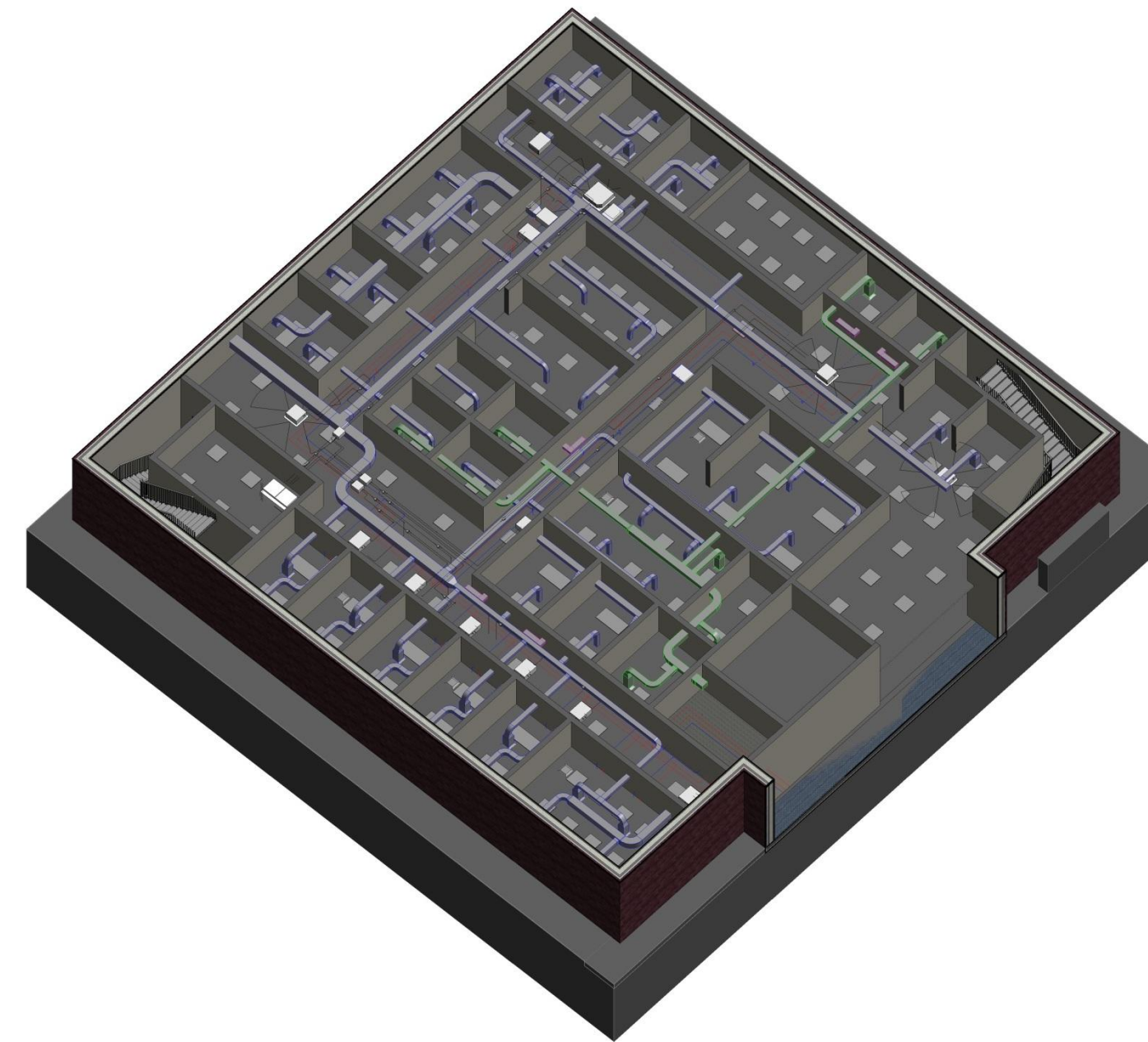
Outdoor Air Processing Unit Intake



Fan Coil Units	
Boxes	12
Cassetts	4

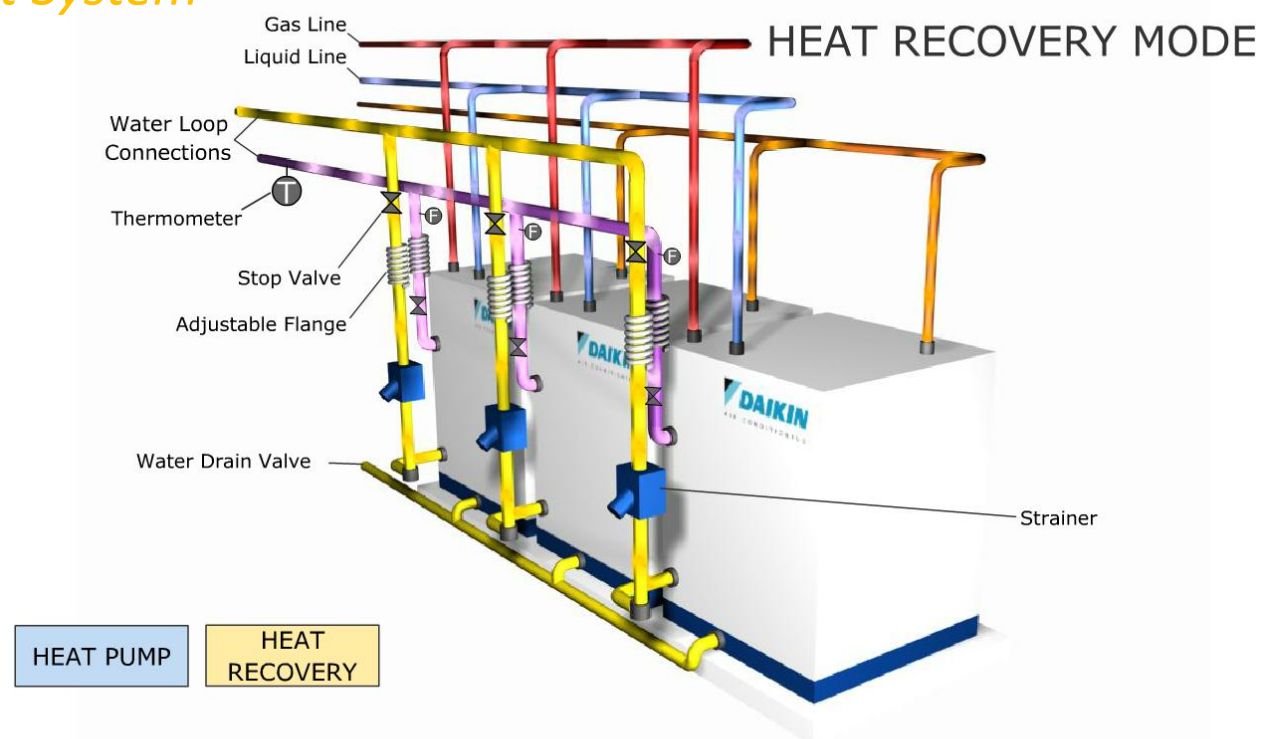


- Retrofit – tie into existing water loops
- Space
- Little disruption
- Time of construction
- Growth
- Use of existing power equipment

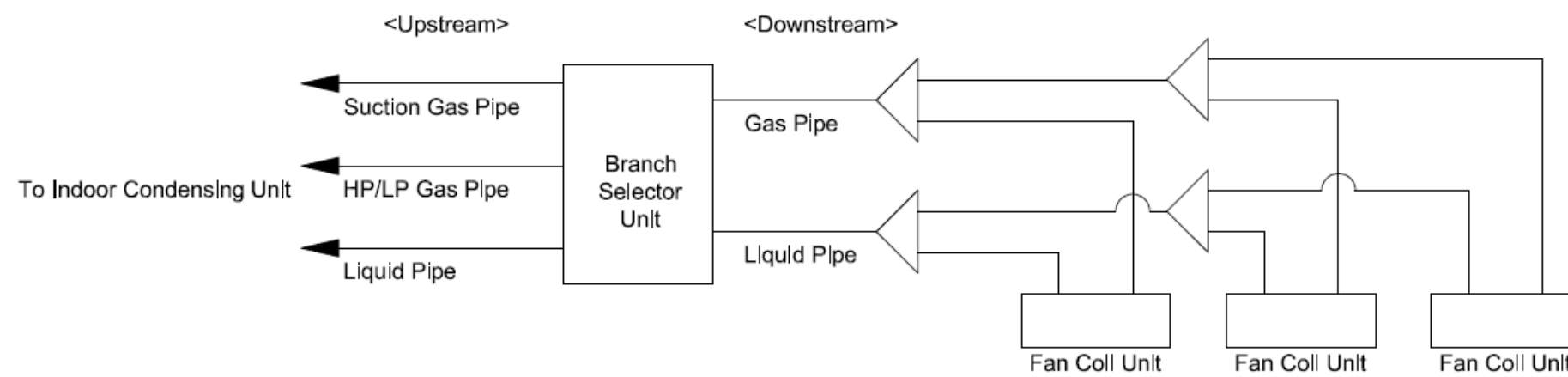




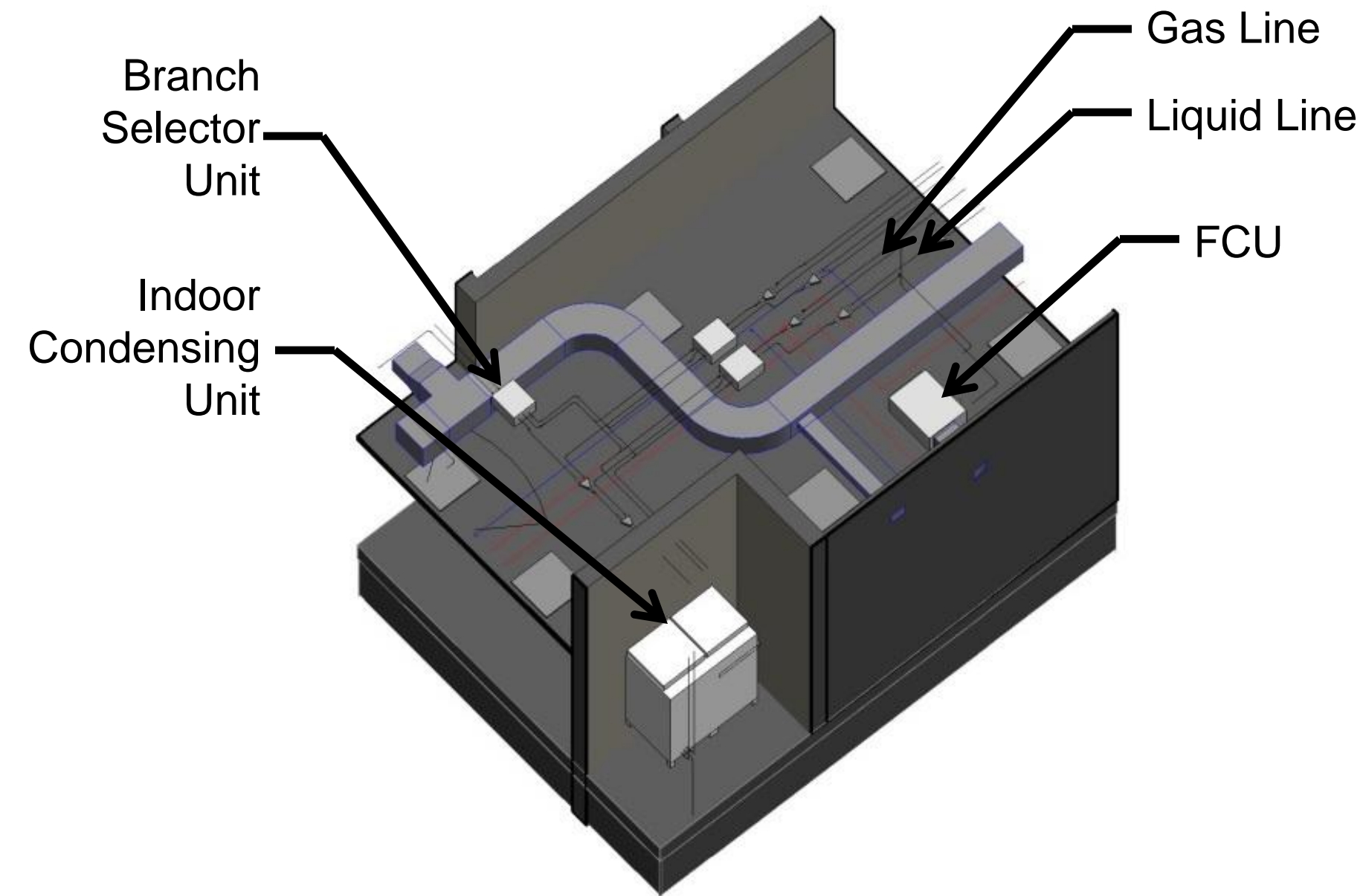
- Introduction
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  - Construction Phase 2
    - Assumptions
    - Clinic
      - Airside System
      - Refrigerant System
  - Natatorium
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion



# REFRIGERANT DESIGN



VRV-WIII - Indoor Condensing Unit with Heat Recovery Schedule									
QTY	Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	Full Load EER	Heating Capacity	Full Load COP	Power	Liquid Pipe Size	Suction Gas Pipe Size	Discharge Gas Pipe Size	Maximum #of Indoor Units
1	144,000	15.1	162,000	5.3	208/120	1/2"	1 1/8"	7/8"	20





- Introduction
- HVAC Design
  - Construction Phase 1
  - **Construction Phase 2**
    - Assumptions
    - Clinic
    - *Natatorium*
      - *Airside System*
- Plumbing Design
- Conclusion

## Ventilation

Pool Area Ventilation: 2400 CFM  
 Spectator Ventilation: 2260 CFM

## Exhaust

Pool Area Exhaust: 2640 CFM  
 Spectator Exhaust: 2490 CFM

## Moisture Load

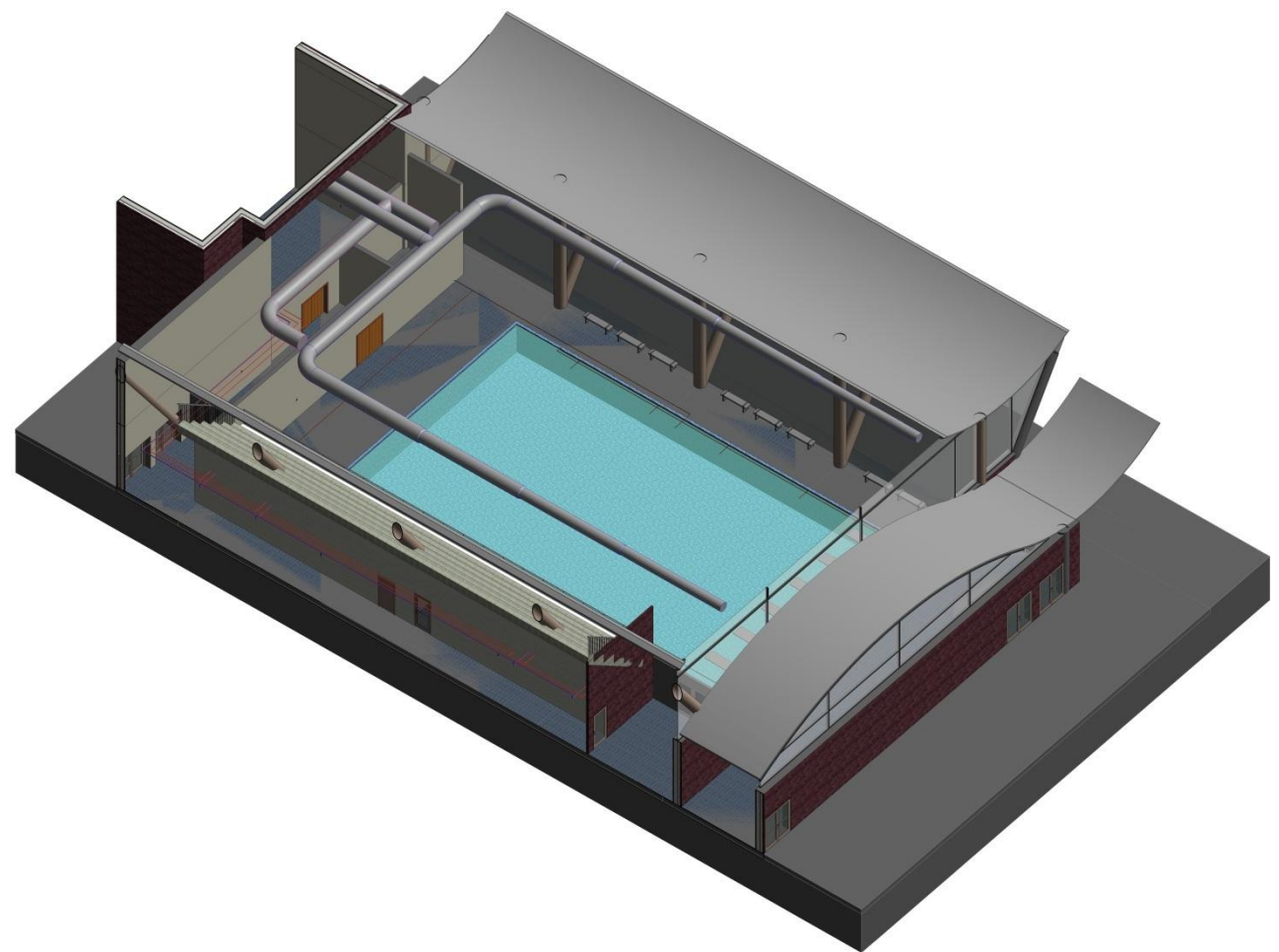
Day (active): 51 Lb/hr  
 Night (inactive): 0 Lb/hr

## Evaporation Rate

Day (active): 102 Lb/hr  
 Night (inactive): 51 Lb/hr

# NATATORIUM

## All-encompassing AHU



## Duct Design

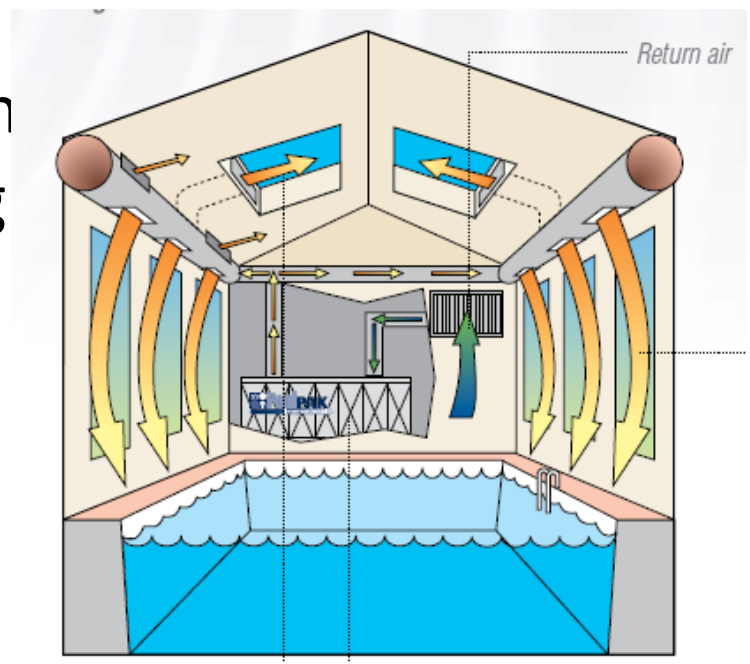
80% air directed wall wash  
 20% air directed at ceiling

## Surface Temperature

Heating: 59°F  
 Cooling: 84°F

## AHU Provides:

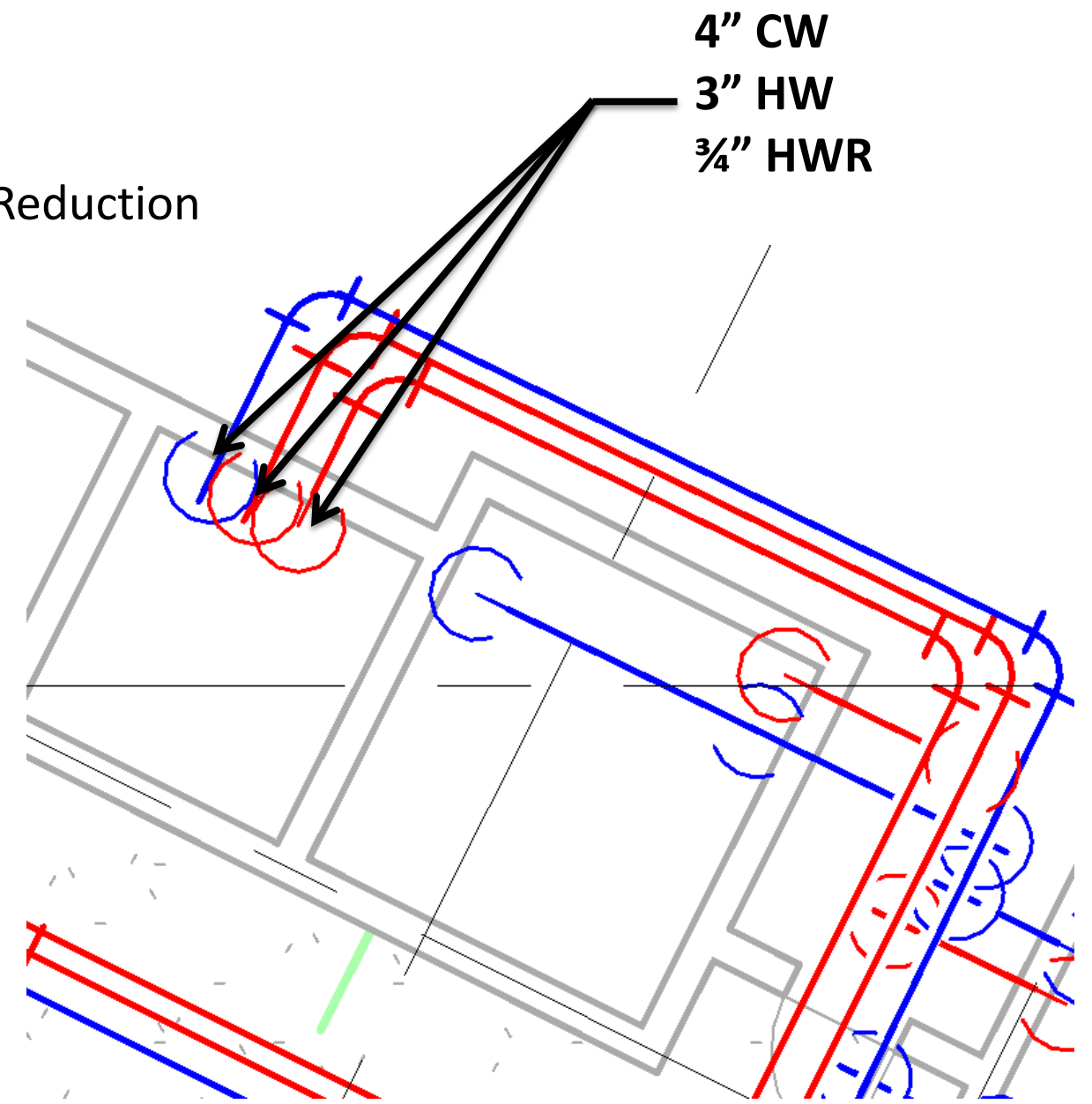
- Ventilation
- Dehumidification
- Heat Recovery



## Pool Savings

**\$3,850/year**

- Introduction
- HVAC Design
- **Plumbing Design**
  - Water Use Reduction
  - *Pipe Sizing*
- Conclusion



# PLUMBING DESIGN

## INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE:

- Table 604.3
- Water Closet                      4gpm
- Showers                              3gpm
- Sinks                                  3gpm
- Commercial Dishwashers      6gpm

DOMESTIC HOT WATER DEMAND LOADS				
Fixture	#	Connection Size	Gallons/hour (4 ft/s)	Total (4 ft/s)
Lavatory Sink	85	1/2"	2	170
Service Sink	6	1 1/4"	15	90
Kitchen Sink	6	1 1/4"	15	90
Dishwasher	2	1 1/2"	150	300

Total:	650
X Demand Factor (0.25)	<b>162.5</b>

## WATER USE REDUCTION

- Low flow plumbing fixtures
- Waterless Urinals
- Total Uses as Designed/Baseline Usage
  - **46% Reduction**
  - **Saves \$9,160/year**

- Introduction
- HVAC Design
- Plumbing Design
- *Conclusion*

# CONCLUSION

## Construction Phase 1

*Ground Source Heat Pump  
with 100% DOAS*

Total energy reduction of 32%

## Construction Phase 2

*VRV with Heat Recovery*

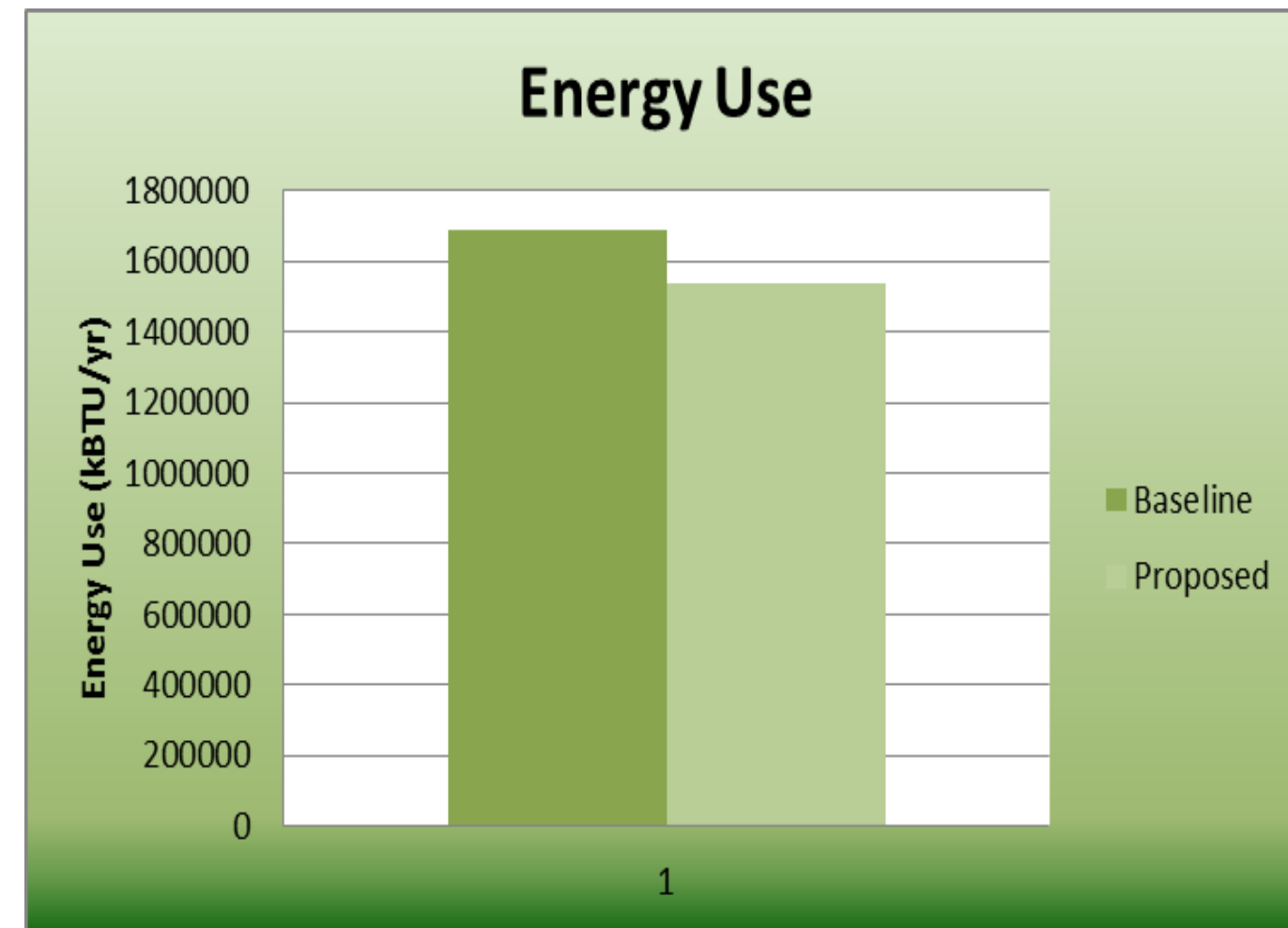
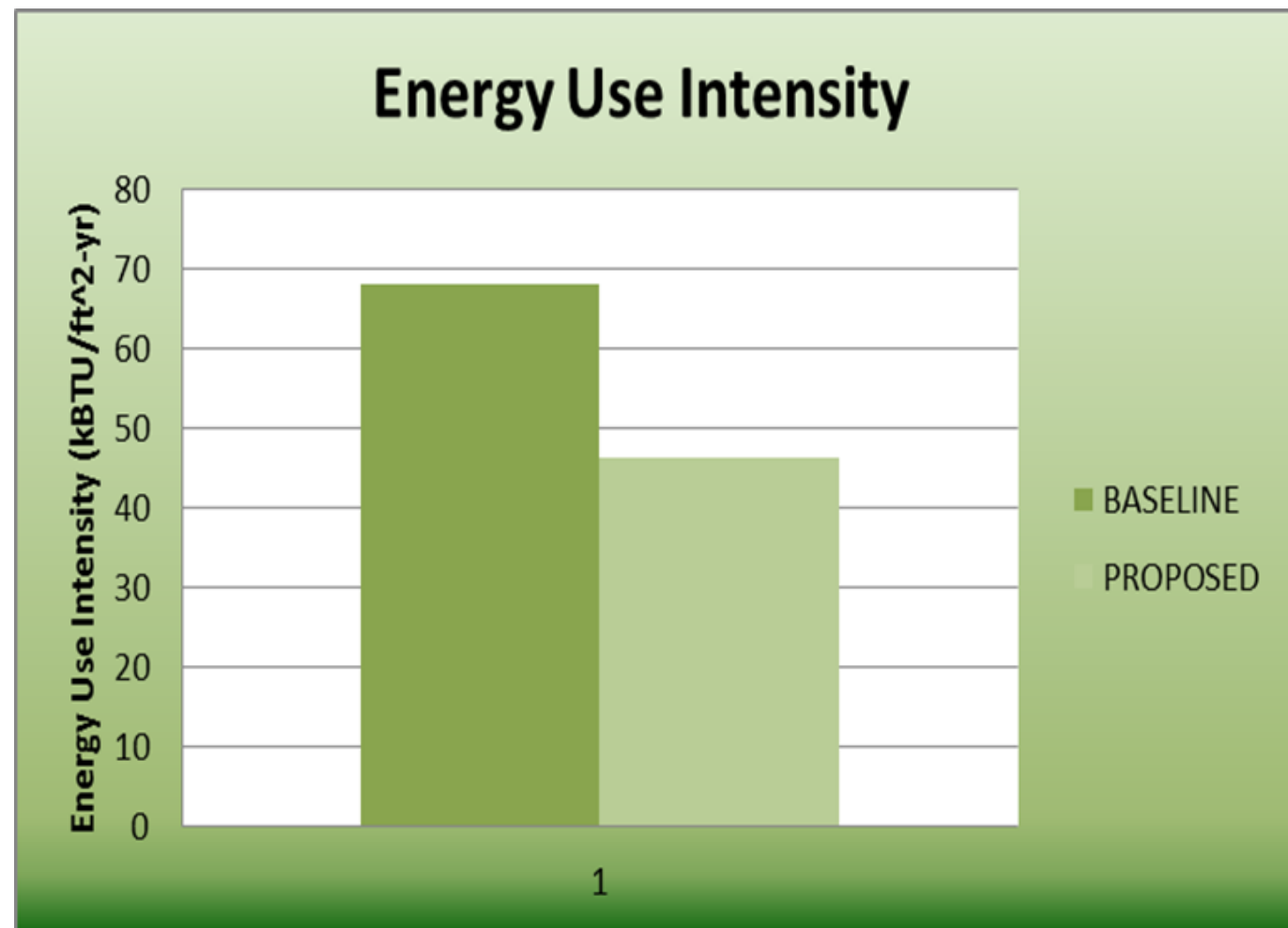
Total energy reduction of 13%

*All- encompassing AHU*

Total savings 1,398MMBTH or \$3,850

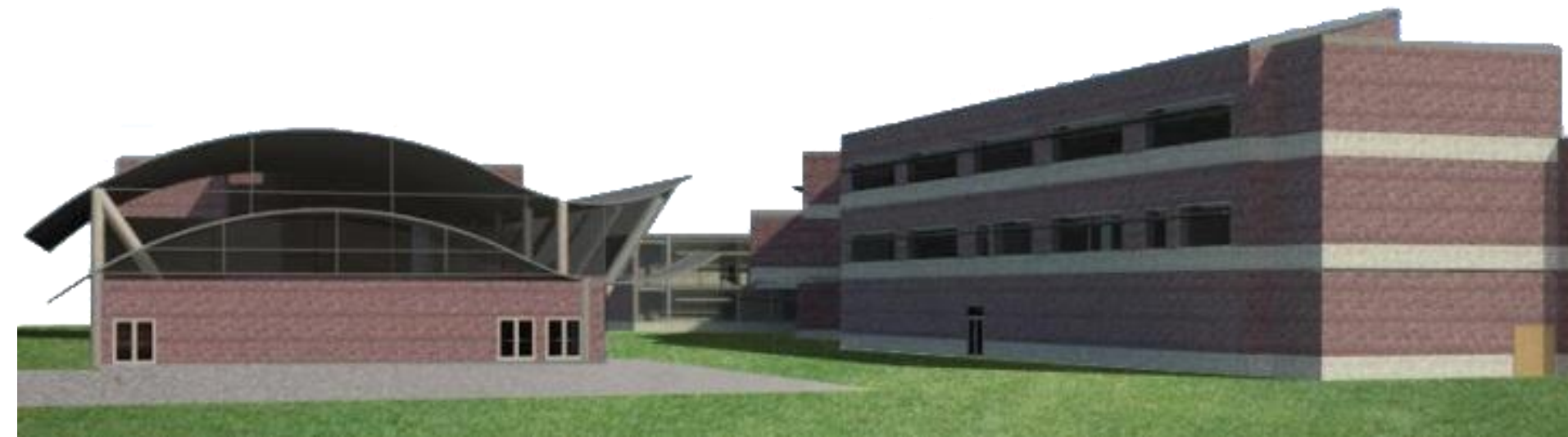
*Clinic*

*Natatorium*





# Lighting/Electrical Systems



- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
  - *Electrical System Overview*
  - Lamp Comparisons
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - Enclosure
  - Atrium
  - Classrooms
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

Suggested Building Equipment



Type	Number	Specification	Voltage
Panelboard	16	100A, 42 Pole	480/277V
Panelboard	2	225A, 42 Pole	480/277V
MDP	1	400A, 42 Pole	480/277V
Panelboard	1	100A, 42 Pole	208/120V
Panelboard	10	225A, 42 Pole	208/120V
MDP	3	400A, 42 Pole	208/120V
In-Switchboard Breaker	1	20A CB	208V
In-Switchboard Breaker	1	30A CB	208V
In-Switchboard Breaker	1	225A CB	208V
In-Switchboard Breaker	1	300A CB	208V
Switchboard	1	Switchboard	480/277V
Automatic Transfer Switch	1	1000A ATS	480/277V
Automatic Transfer Switch	1	225A ATS	480/277V
Automatic Transfer Switch	2	100A ATS	480/277V
Generator	1	350KW	480/277V
Transformer	3	150 KVA	480V to 120/208V
Transformer	1	112.5 KVA	480V to 120/208V

# Phase 1 – Electrical System Overview

**Total Building Load  
714.5 kVA**

Type	kVA
Lighting Load	65.5
Power Load	242.8
Mechanical Equipment	311.9
Emergency Loads: Life Safety	10.2
Emergency Loads: Critical	221.1

## Lighting Design Achievements

- Lighting loads 42% below the ASHRAE 2010 Standard 90.1 Space-by-Space lighting requirements
- Total watts used by the lighting system is approximately 50,083 W, well below the allowed 85,871 W.
- Low wattage, high efficiency lamps and fixtures
- Energy saving controls
- Ideal daylighting systems

RUN TIME HOURS	USABLE CAPACITY (GAL)	L	W	H	WT	dBA*
NO TANK	-	175	58	78	8106	
7	183	175	58	91	9054	
17	438	175	58	103	9366	
27	693	175	58	115	9669	85
37	948	206	58	116	11313	
52	1325	278	58	118	12146	

## Generator Information

- Serves entire 1<sup>st</sup> floor and egress lighting in rest of building
- Generator shared with Phase 2
- 350kW total load
- Load shedding ability
- 27 hour diesel generator



- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
  - Electrical System Overview
  - **Lamp Comparisons**
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - Enclosure
  - Atrium
  - Classrooms
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

# Lamp Comparisons

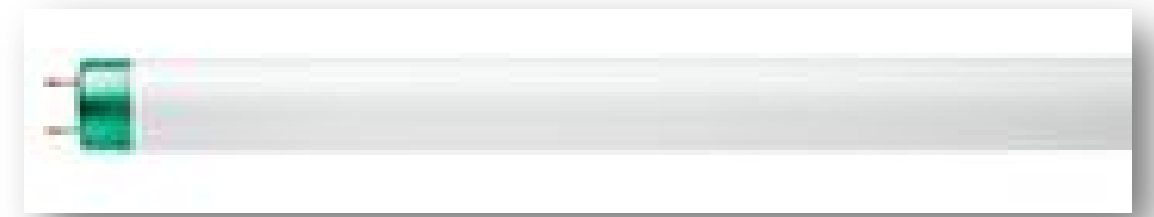
## Other General Purpose Lighting



## Classroom and General Purpose Lighting

	Fixtures/ Room	Watts/ Lamp	Hours/ Year	kWh/ Year	Room Energy Usage/Year	Maintenance Costs/Lamp/Year	Ballast Costs	Lamp Costs	Lamp Lifespan	Fixture Cost	Fixture Lifespan	Initial Fixture Cost	Lifetime Cost
T5 (4ft)	12	28	2600	72.8	\$58.53	\$5.00	\$52.00	\$4.75	9.2	\$150.00	20	\$2,169.00	<b>\$4,918.12</b>
T8 (4ft)	12	32	2600	83.2	\$66.89	\$5.00	\$46.00	\$2.75	9.2	\$120.00	20	\$1,749.00	<b>\$4,601.36</b>
LED (4ft)	8	60	2600	156	\$83.62	\$2.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	20.0	\$260.00	20	\$2,080.00	<b>\$4,072.32</b>

**Selection:**  
**28W T8 Lamp**  
**Electronic Dimming Ballast**



## High Bay Multipurpose Room & Natatorium Lighting

	Fixtures/ Room	Watts/ Lamp	Hours/ Year	kWh/ Year	Room Energy Usage/Year	Maintenance Costs/Year	Ballast Cost	Lamp Costs	Lamp Lifespan	Fixture Cost	Fixture Lifespan	Initial Fixture Cost	Lifetime Cost
6LT5	15	324	2600	842.4	\$846.61	\$15.00	\$23.00	\$4.75	9.2	\$160.00	20	\$3,862.50	<b>\$26,832</b>
6LT8	24	190	2600	494	\$794.35	\$15.00	\$21.00	\$2.75	9.2	\$120.00	20	\$4,788.00	<b>\$29,849</b>
250W MH	20	275	2600	715	\$958.10	\$10.00	\$32.00	\$28.00	7.7	\$140.00	20	\$8,080.00	<b>\$29,338</b>
350W LED	24	350	2600	910	\$1,463.28	\$2.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	19.2	\$450.00	20	\$10,800.00	<b>\$41,026</b>



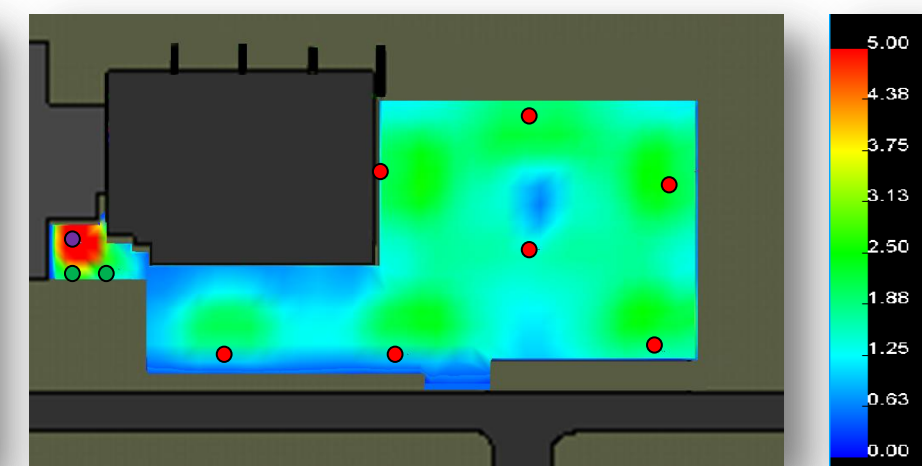
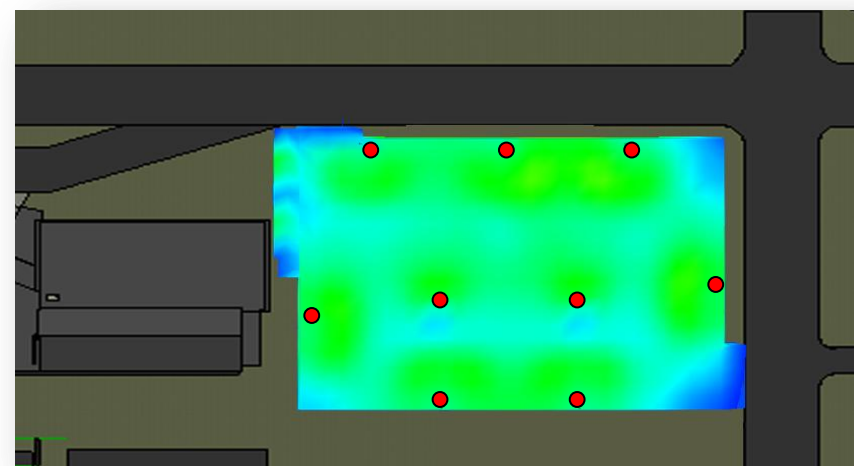
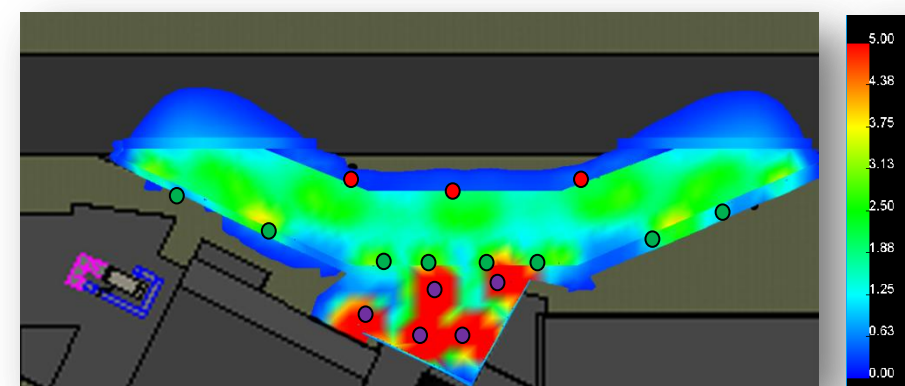
**Selection:**  
**54W T5HO Lamp**  
**Stepped Dimming Ballast**





# Site & Façade Lighting

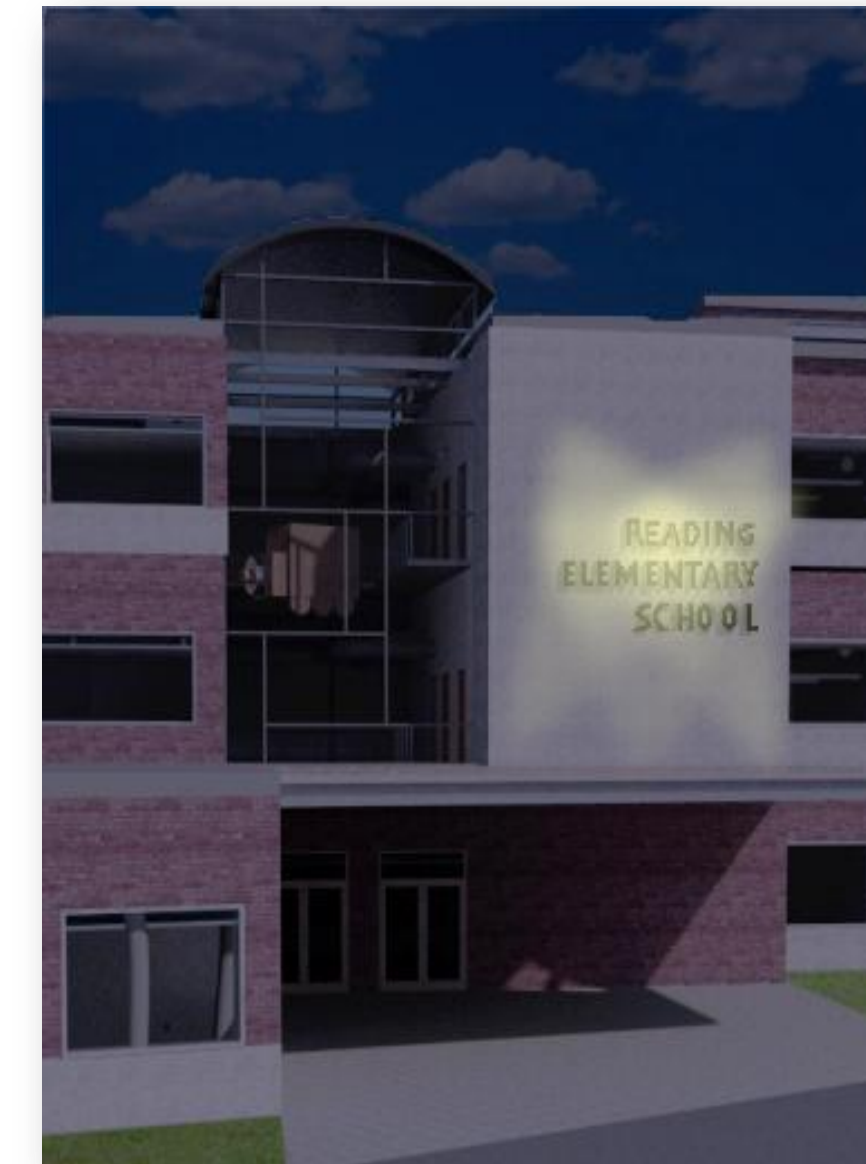
Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
18' Mounting Street Lamp	Pole	89W LED
Canopy Light	Surface	37W LED
LED Bollard	Pole	10W LED
Wall Pack	Wall	26W LED
In Ground Spot Light	In Ground	9W LED



Clinic Parking		Criteria	As Designed
Horizontal Parking Lot Illuminance	Avg. (fc)	0.8	1.66
	Max. (fc)	--	2.8
	Min. (fc)	0.2	0.3
Max:Min		20:1	9:01
Vertical Parking Lot Illuminance @ 5'	Avg. (fc)	0.5	0.9
	Max. (fc)	--	2.5
Min. (fc)		0.1	0.2
Power Density (W/SF)		0.06	0.053

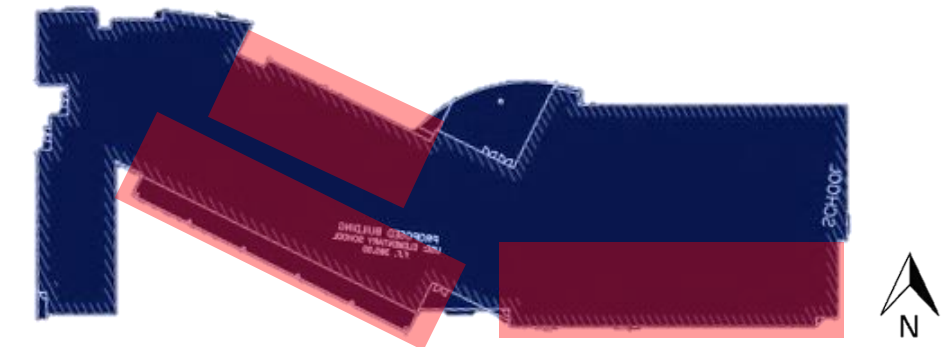
School Parking		Criteria	As Designed
Horizontal Parking Lot Illuminance	Avg. (fc)	0.8	1.88
	Max. (fc)	--	3
	Min. (fc)	0.2	0.6
Max:Min		20:1	5:1
Vertical Parking Lot Illuminance @ 5'	Avg. (fc)	0.5	0.81
	Max. (fc)	--	2.8
Min. (fc)		0.1	0.3
Power Density (W/SF)		0.06	0.053

Main Entry		Criteria	As Designed
Illuminance Values	Avg. (fc)	2	2
	Max. (fc)	5	4.3
	Min. (fc)	0.2	0.5
Max:Min		10:1	8.5:1
Power Density (W/SF)		0.25	0.07

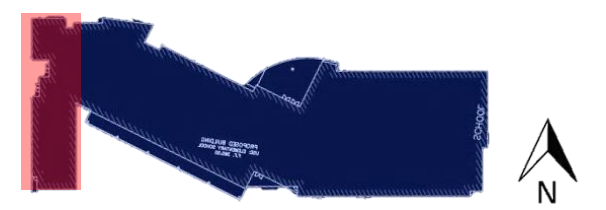


- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
  - Electrical System Overview
  - Lamp Comparison
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - **Enclosure**
  - Atrium
  - Classrooms
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

### Clerestory Analysis



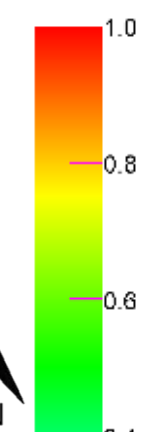
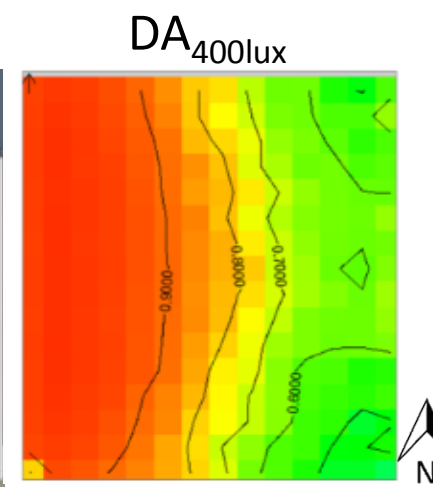
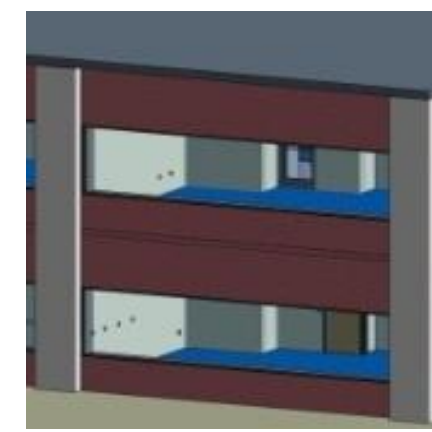
Clerestory Analysis	Without Clerestory	With Clerestory
Energy Savings (kWh)	485	720
Cost Savings (\$)	\$32.50	\$48.24



### Enclosure

### West Classroom Analysis

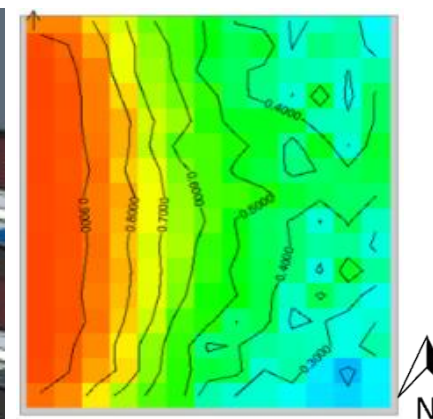
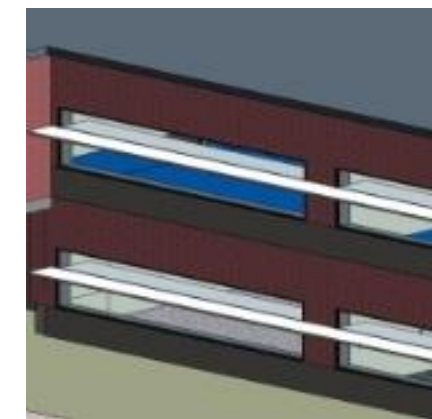
Fins



#### Direct Sunlight Penetration

800 hrs/ school year  
**50%** of the year

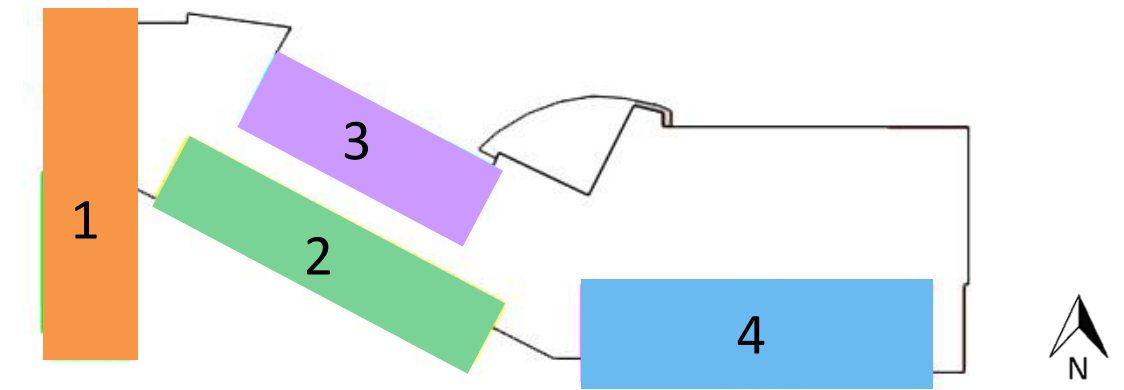
Light Shelf



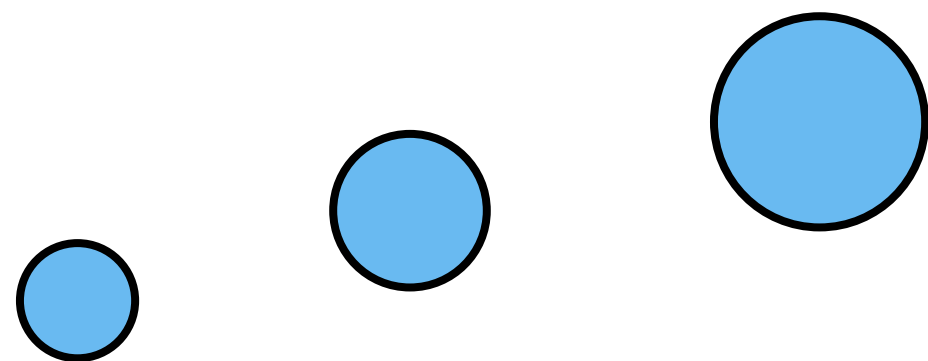
#### Direct Sunlight Penetration

540 hrs/ school year  
**33%** of the year

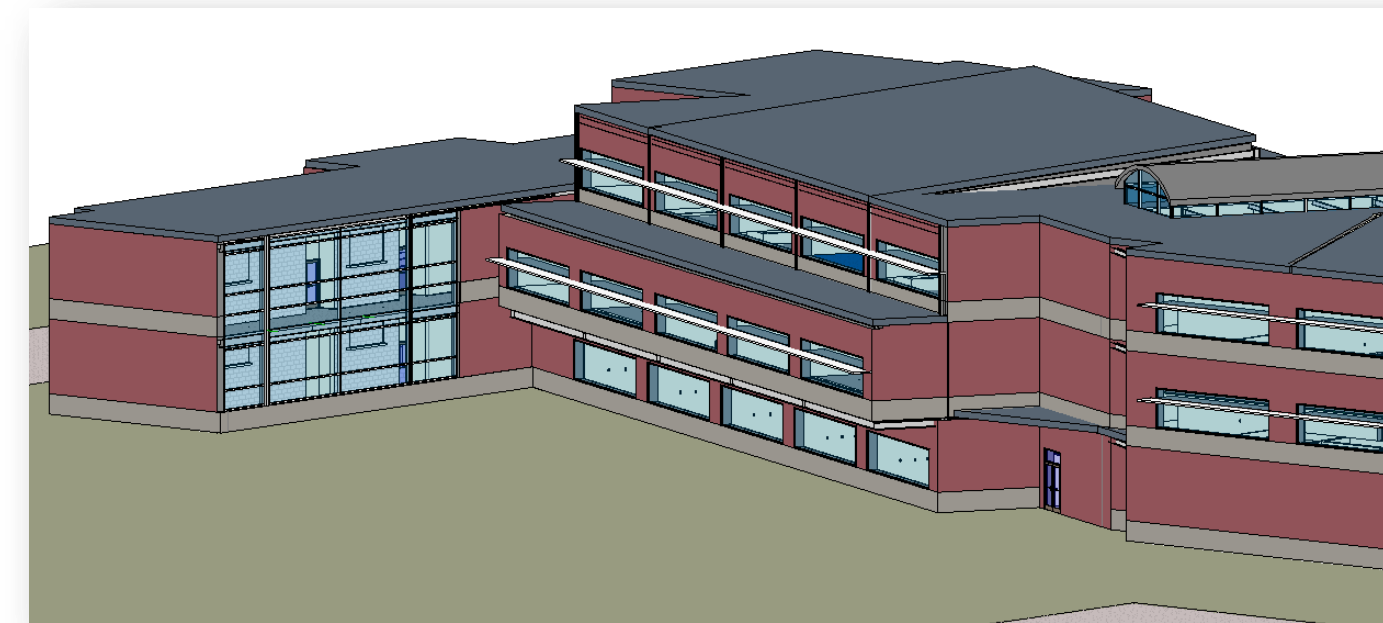
### Final Static Shading Solutions



1. Lightshelves
2. Lightshelves
3. Clerestories
4. Lightshelves and Clerestories

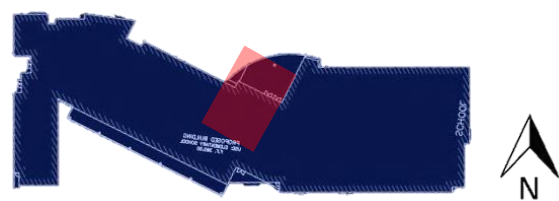


- Visible Transmittance
- SHGC Effect on Mechanical Loads
- Glazing Selection and Pricing
- Curtain Wall – Connection to Steel Frame
- Bulletproof Glass Add-Alternate



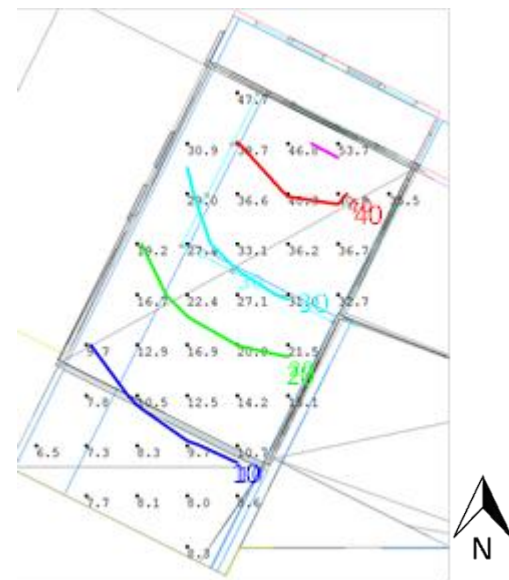


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  - **Atrium**
  - Classrooms
  - Library
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- Phase 2 Design



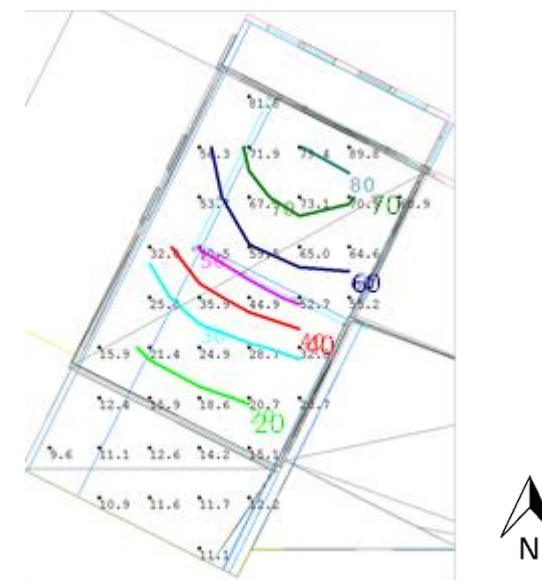
# Atrium

December 21<sup>st</sup> @ Noon



Avg. Illuminance: **25 fc**

June 21<sup>st</sup> @ Noon



Avg. Illuminance: **53 fc**

*Target Avg. Illuminance: 10 fc*

Note: All calculations were analyzed with a Partly Cloudy Sky



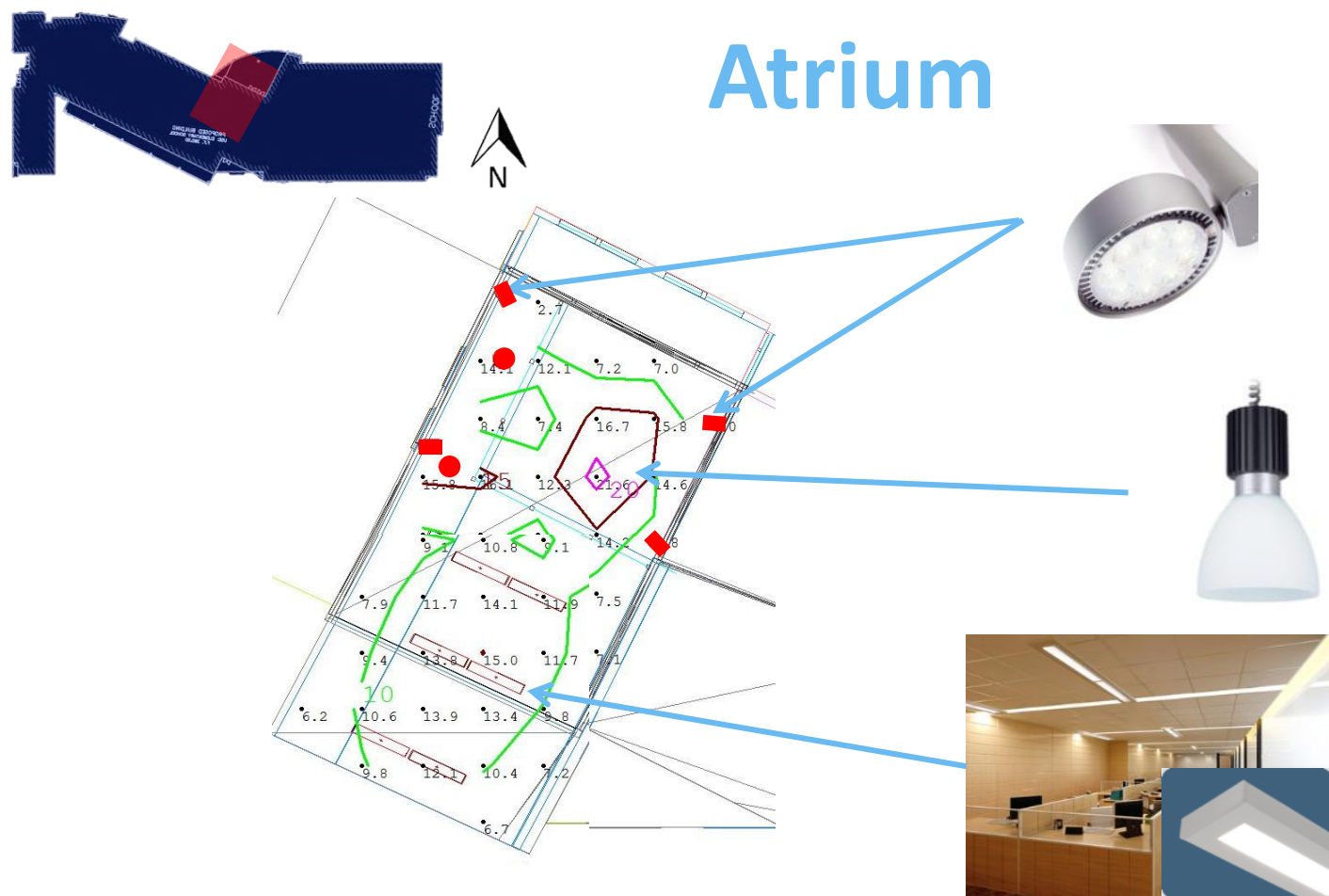


- Introduction
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  - Site & Façade Lighting
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  - **Atrium**
  - Classrooms
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

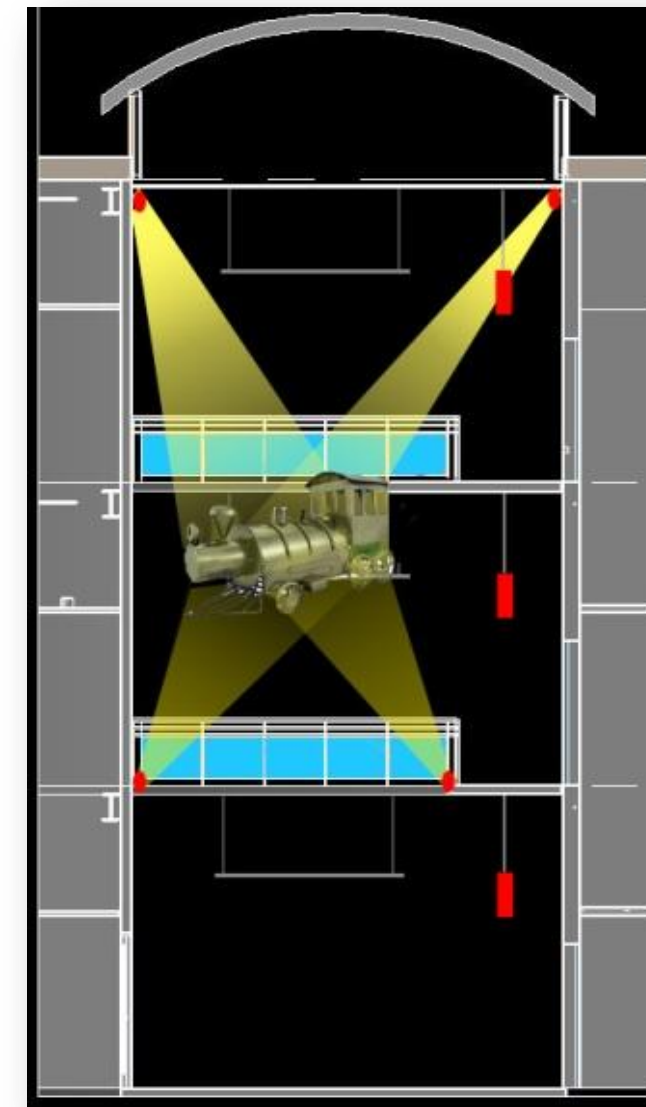
*Lighting Design Details:*

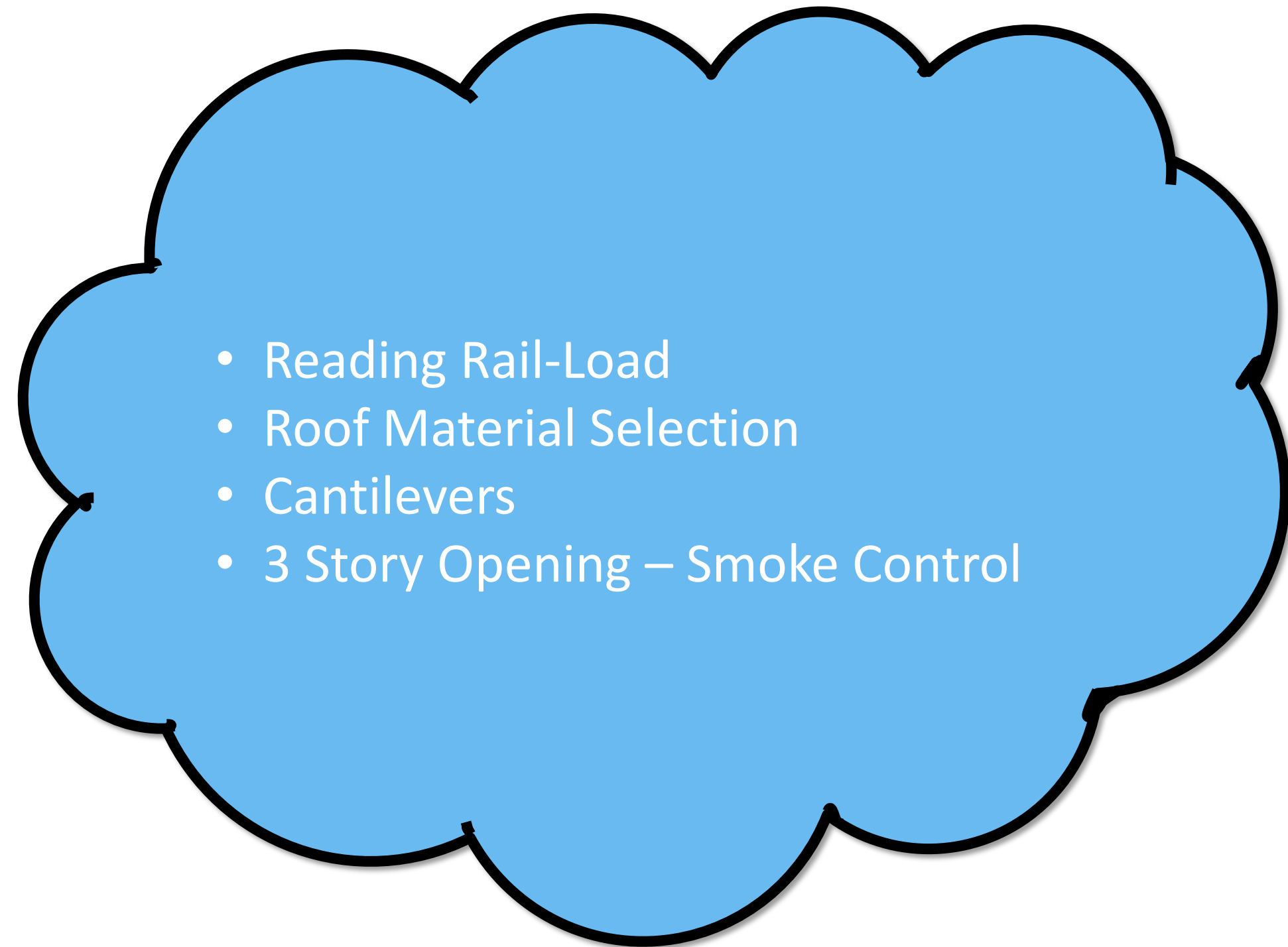
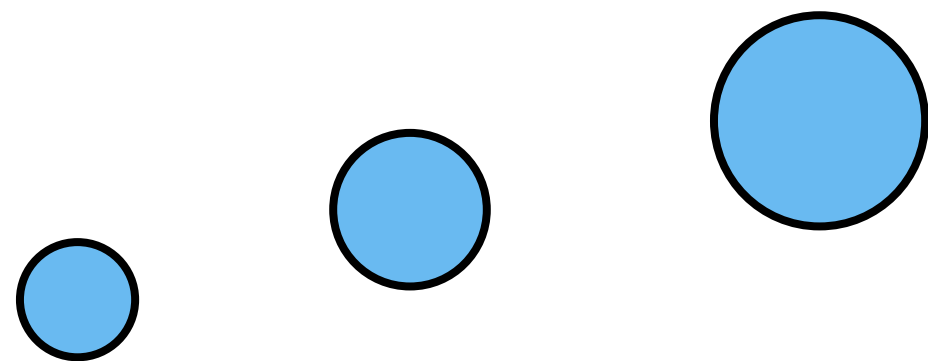
- **LED spotlights** highlight art work from above (38' AFF) and below (14' AFF)
- **Occupancy sensors** and **photo sensor** controls and manual switch
- **Decorative pendants** to illuminate walkways to the restrooms

Lobbies	Criteria	As Designed
Lobbies : Daytime	25-65 yrs Avg. (fc) 4:1	10 11 4:1
Lobbies : Nighttime	25-65 yrs Avg. (fc) 4:1	5 5.4 4:1
Power Density (W/SF)	0.9	0.86



Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
LED Spotlight	Surface	15W LED
LED Circular Pendant	Suspended	20W LED
8' Linear Pendant	Suspended	(1) 28W T8







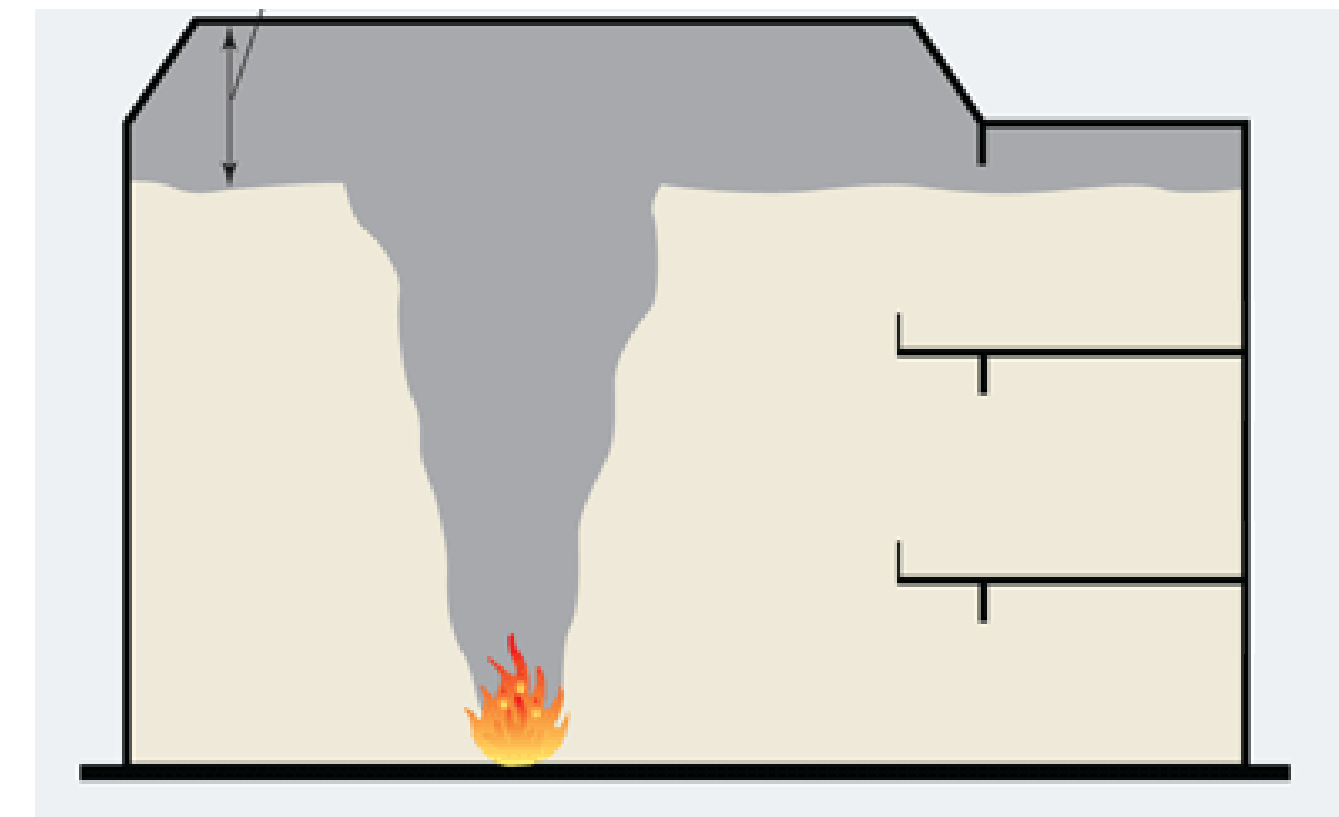
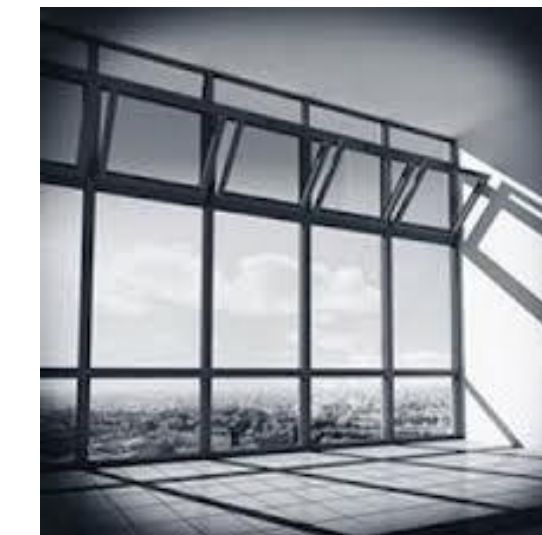
# Atrium



- Reading Rail-Load
- Roof Material Selection
- Cantilevers
- **3 Story Opening – Smoke Control**

## Smoke Control Options

- Passive vs. Active System
- Exhaust Required
- Automatic Doors

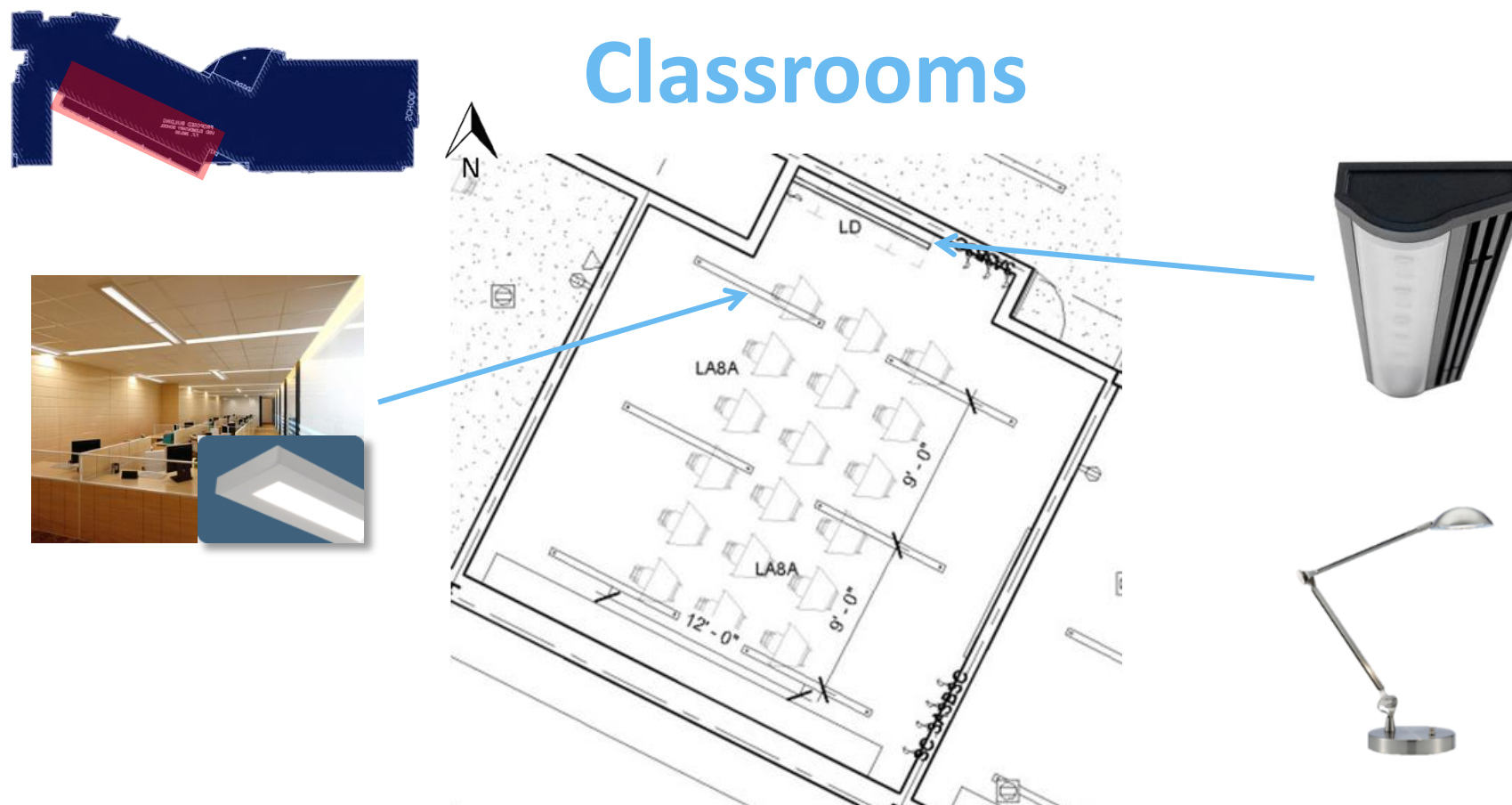


- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
  - Electrical System Overview
  - Lamp Comparison
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - Enclosure
  - Atrium
  - **Classrooms**
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

*Lighting Design Details:*

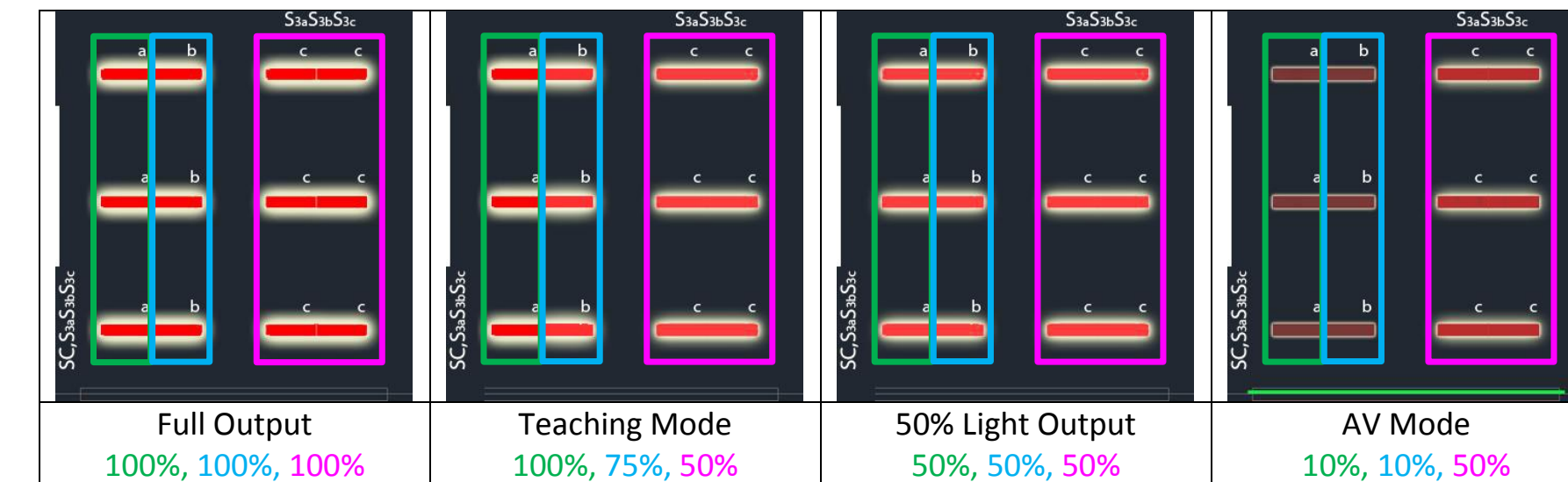
- 14' **floor-to-floor** (exposed ceiling)
- **Linear pendants** suspended 8' AFF with **80%/20%**, uplight/downlight
- **Occupancy sensor, photosensors** and **scene control panel**
- Photosensor controls the **two rows** of fixtures closest **to the window**.
- **Automated roller shades** activated with A/V setting.

	Classrooms		Criteria	As Designed
Classroom	25-65	Avg. (fc)	40	38
	yrs	Avg:Min	2:1	2:1
Whiteboard	25-65	Avg (Vert.)	30	27.2
	yrs	Avg:Min	3:1	2.2:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>			1.24	1.15



Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
8' Linear Pendant	Suspended	(2) 28W T8
Undercabinet LED Strip	Surface	10W/LF LED
LED Desk Lamp	Surface	10W LED

**Classroom Scene Settings**



**Total Classroom Energy Savings from Photosensors**

28,360 kWh/year  
\$1,900/year

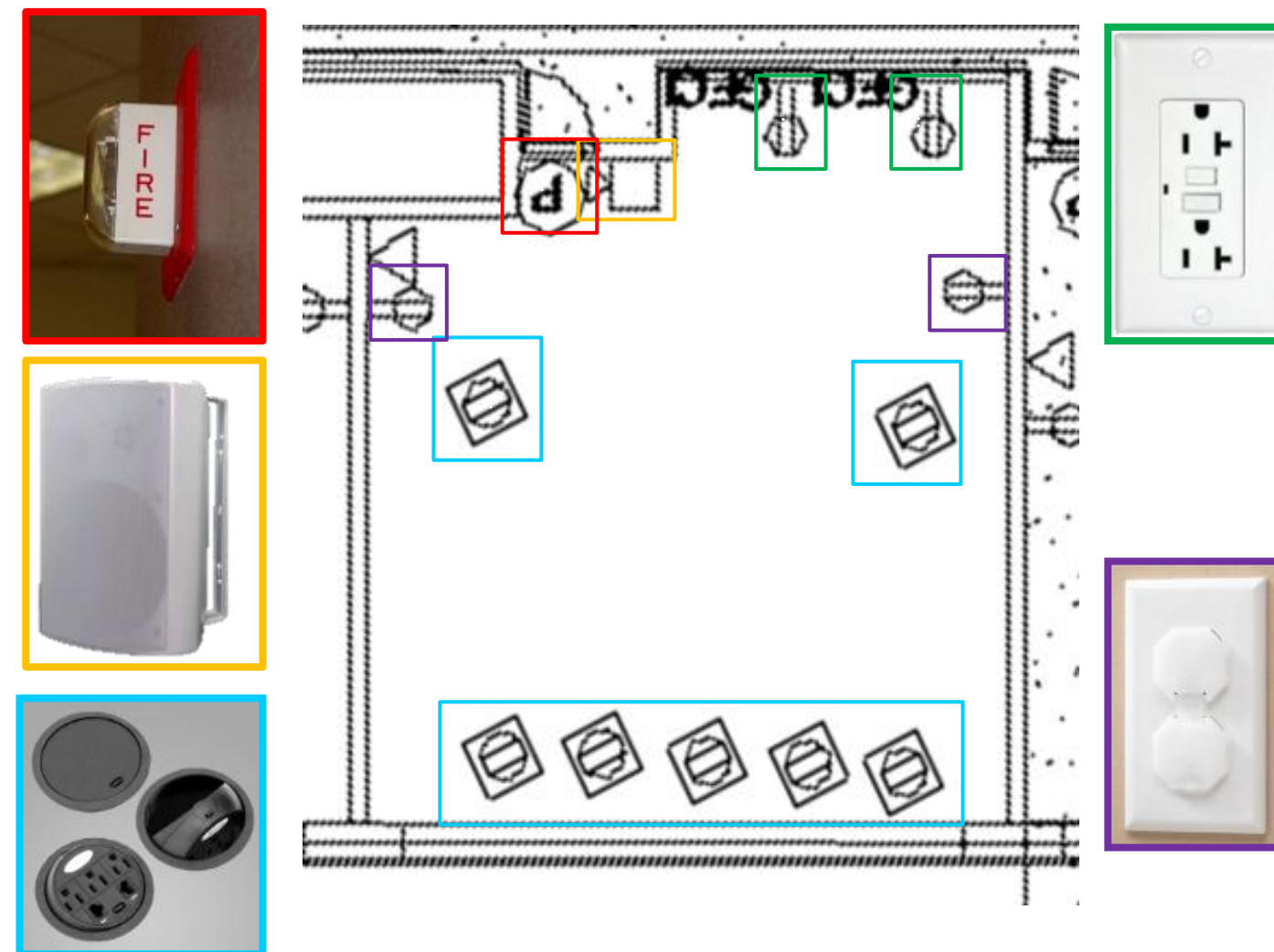
- Introduction
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  - Electrical System Overview
  - Lamp Comparison
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - Enclosure
  - Atrium
  - **Classrooms**
  - Library
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2 Design

### General Rules Followed:

- 7 under floor duplex receptacles
- 2 GFCI receptacles over the sink area
- 2 convenience receptacles

## Classroom Electrical & Fire Alarm System

Typical Classroom Layout



Typical Classroom Equipment

Type	Quantity	Wattage
Computer	42	200
Projector	42	230
Television	48	158
Screen	48	n/a
Motorized Shades	130	n/a
Printer/Copy/Fax Machine	4	1104
Phone	48	n/a
Window Break Devices	130	n/a





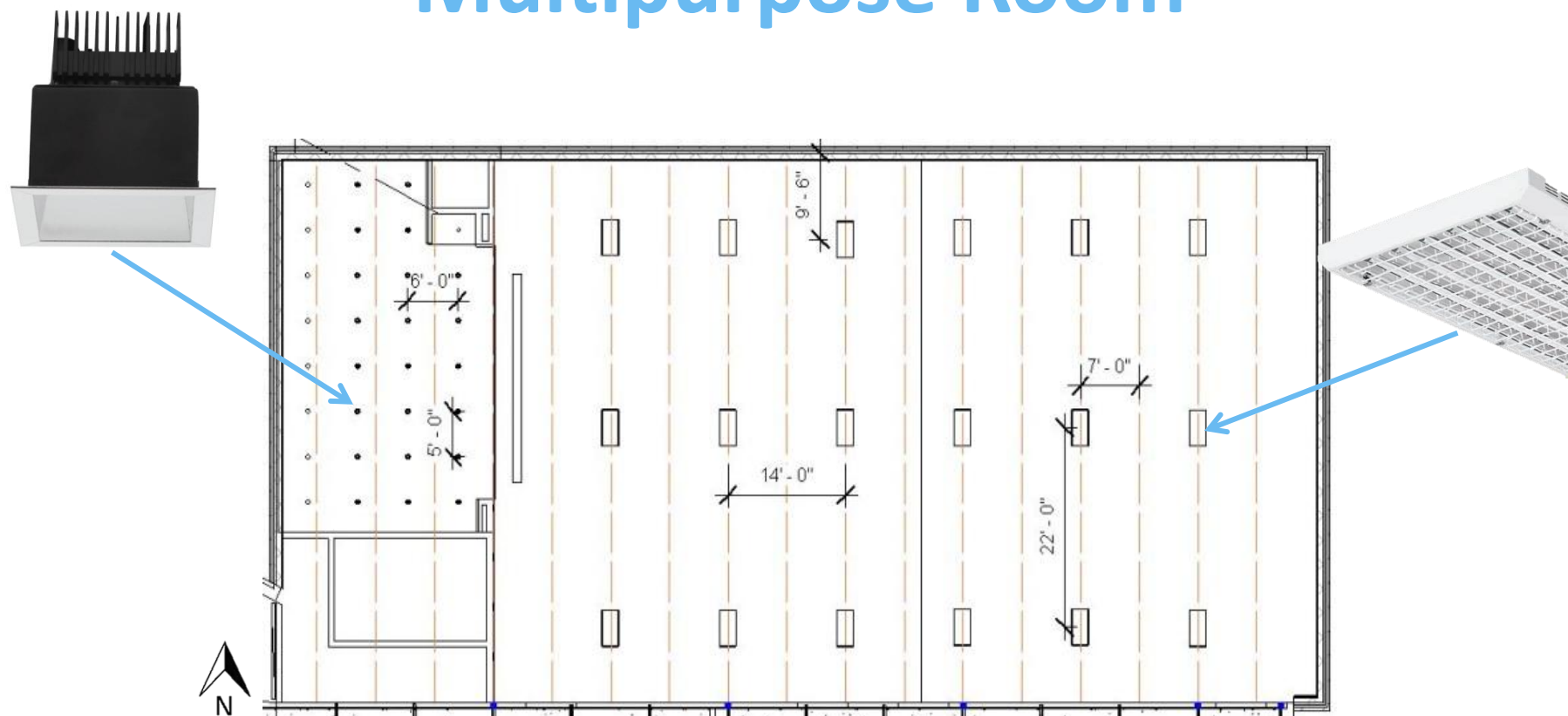
- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
  - Electrical System Overview
  - Lamp Comparison
  - Site & Façade Lighting
  - Enclosure
  - Atrium
  - Classrooms
  - Library
  - **Multipurpose Room**
- Phase 2 Design

*Lighting Design Details:*

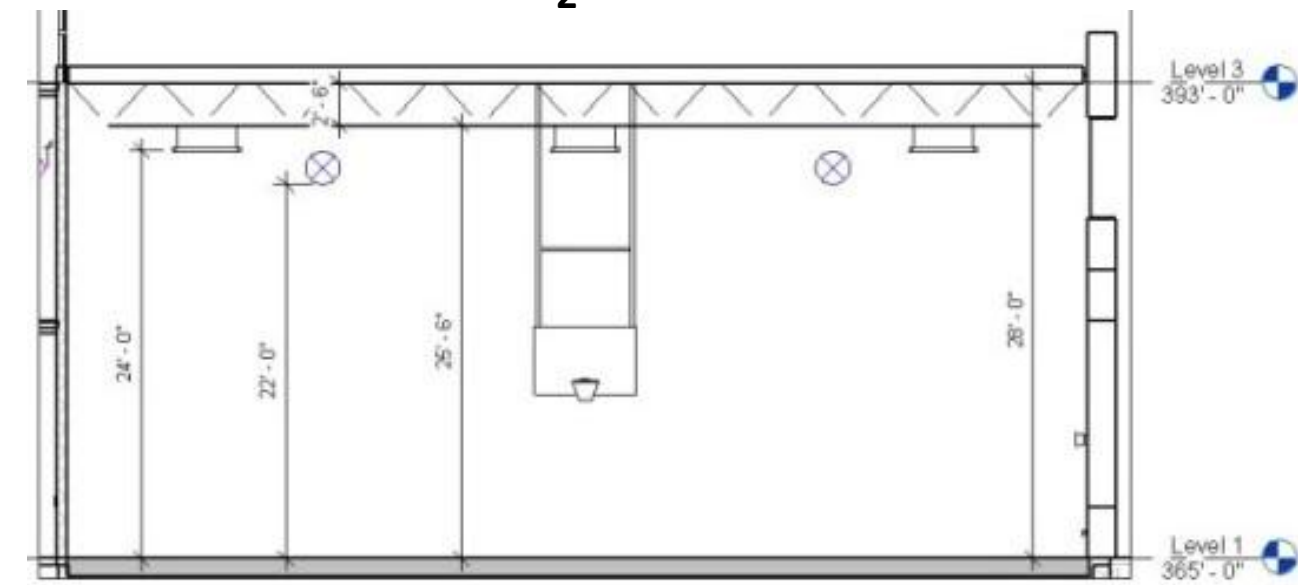
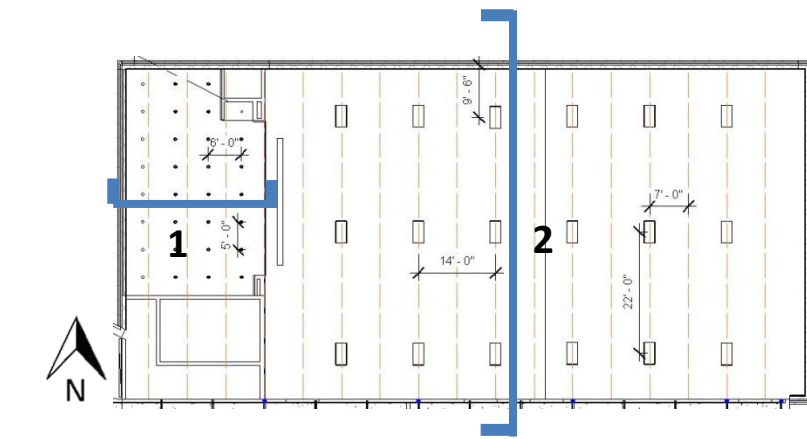
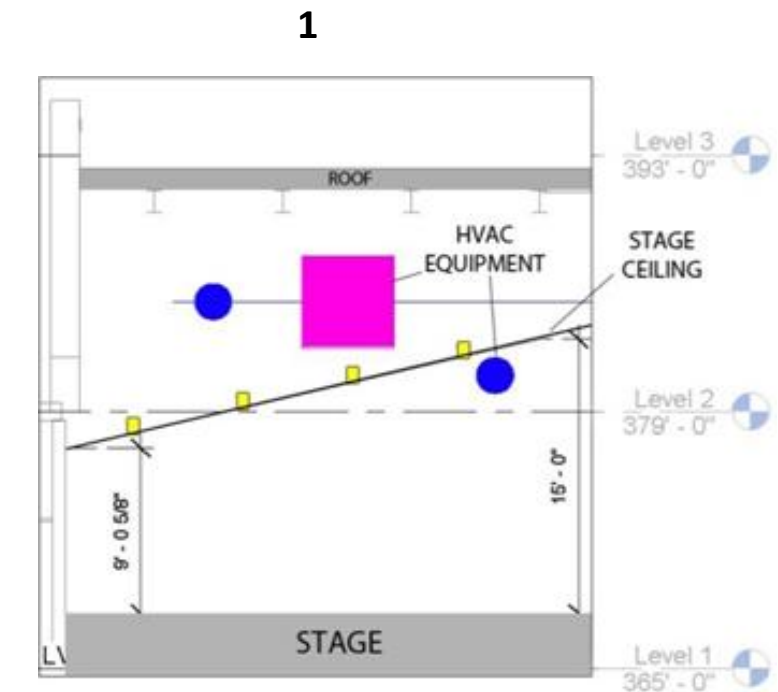
- Gym fixtures **mounted to 32" trusses**
- **LED downlights** use for ambient stage lighting
- Set of **theatrical lighting spotlights** can be spec'd
- **Additional lighting** can be added by request of the owner

Multi-Purpose Room	Criteria	As Designed
Assembly : A/V No Notes	<25 yrs Avg. (fc) 0.5	3.2
Assembly : Speaker/Panel	<25 yrs Avg:Min 2:1	1.3:1
Phys. Ed	<25 yrs Avg. (fc) 25	32
Cafeteria	<25 yrs Avg:Min 3:1	2.3:1
Basketball - Class 3	25-65 yrs Avg. (fc) 50	49
Power Density (W/SF)	Avg:Min 3:1	1.3:1
	1.2	0.97

# Multipurpose Room



Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
Protected Gym Luminaire	Suspended	(6) 54W T5HO
6"x6" LED Downlight	Recessed	27W LED



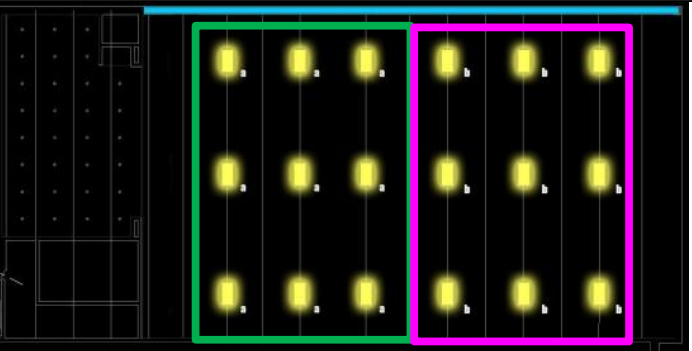
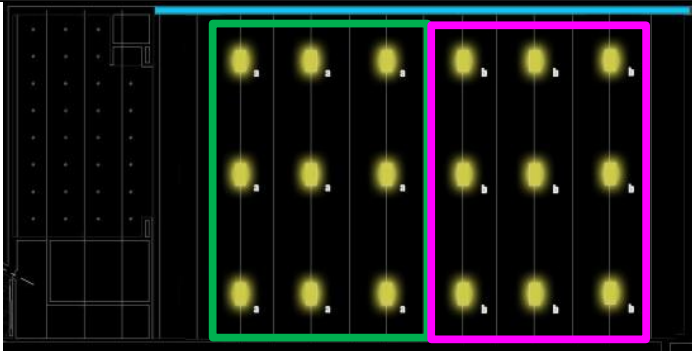
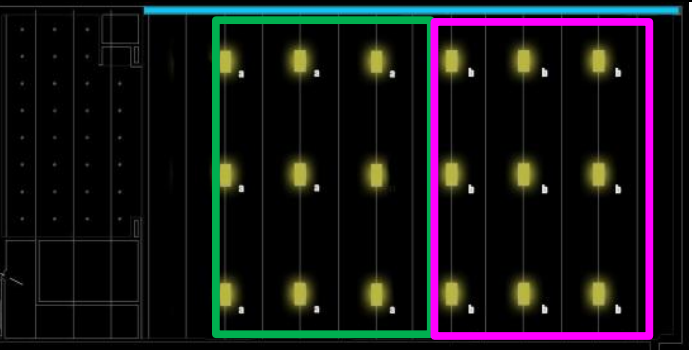
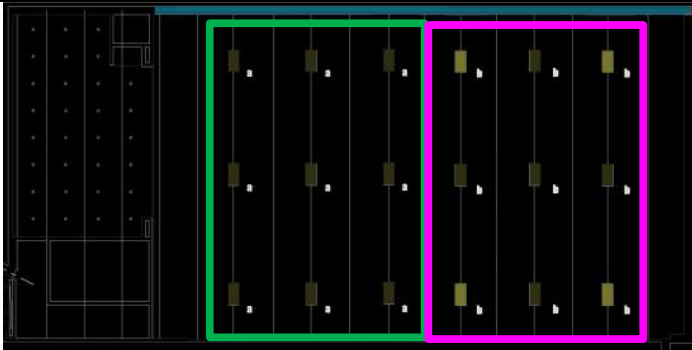
# Multipurpose Room

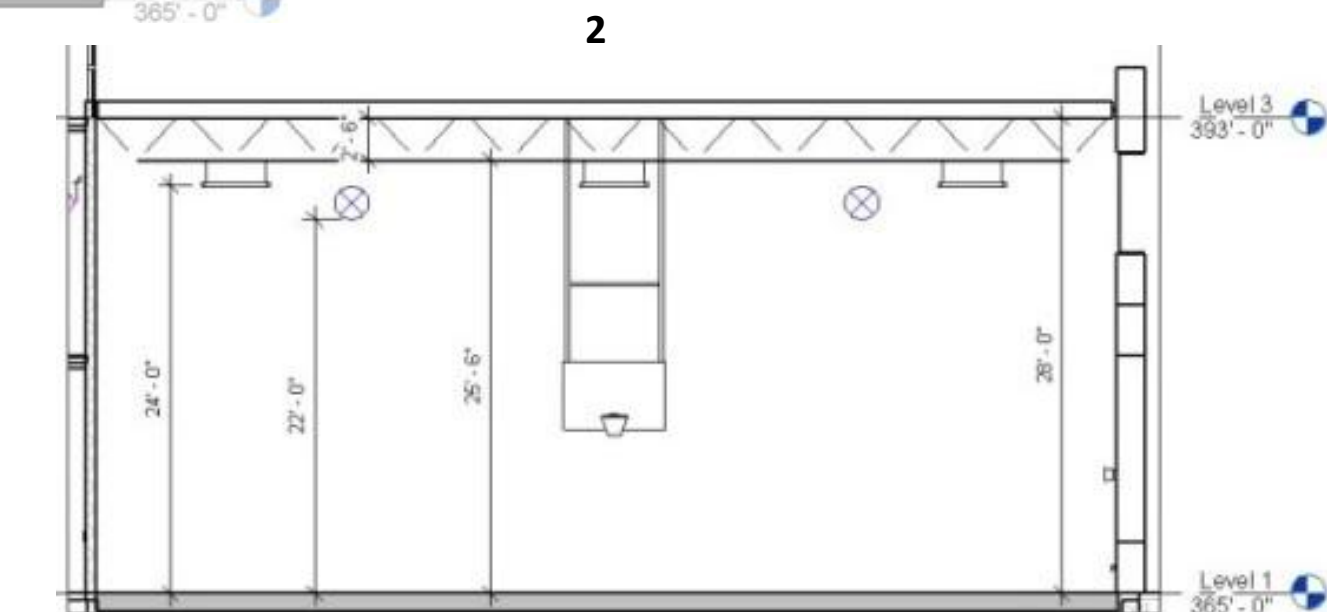
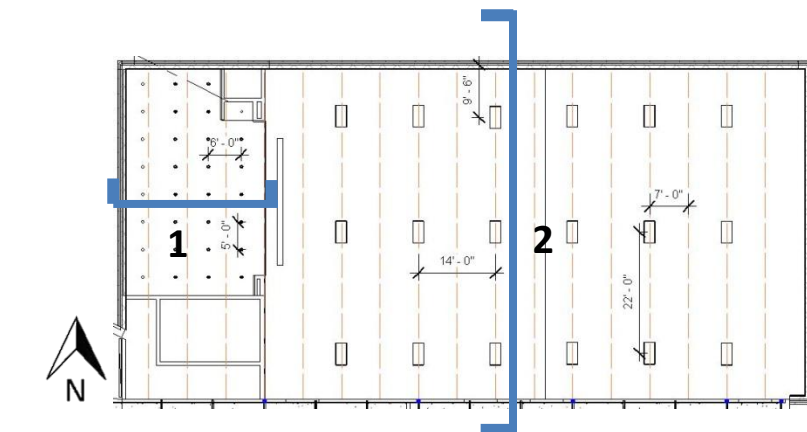
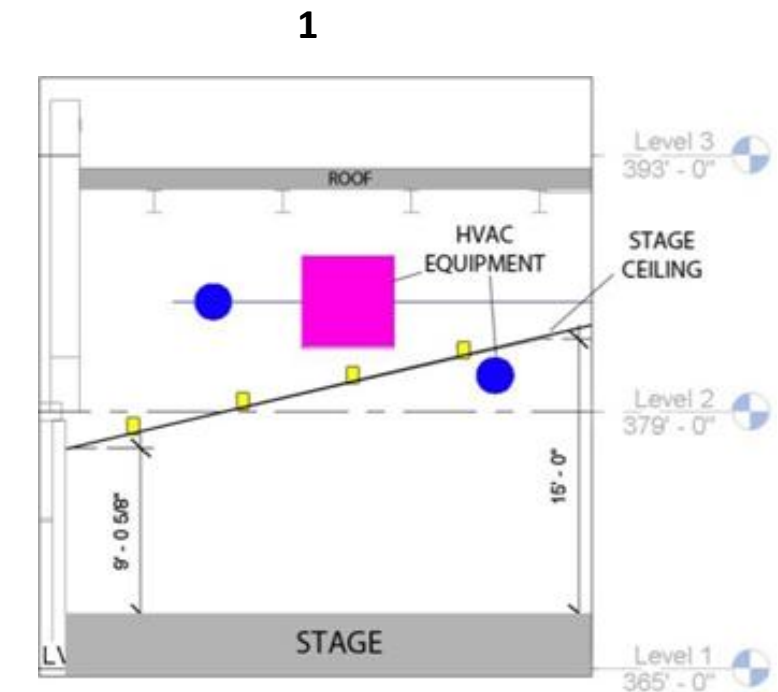
- Introduction
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  - **Multipurpose Room**
- Phase 2 Design

## Lighting Design Details:

- One **scene control panel** on each side of mobile partition
- Each panel controls half of the fixtures
  - 2 lamp **electronic ballasts** are used
  - Different light levels are reached by **switching**
- Occupancy sensors and photosensors

Multi-Purpose Room	Criteria	As Designed
Assembly : <25 yrs	Avg. (fc) 0.5	3.2
A/V No Notes	Avg:Min 2:1	1.3:1
Assembly : <25 yrs	Avg. (fc) 25	32
Speaker/Panel	Avg:Min 3:1	2.3:1
Phys. Ed <25 yrs	Avg. (fc) 25	32
	Avg:Min 3:1	2.3:1
Cafeteria <25 yrs	Avg. (fc) 7.5	14
	Avg:Min 3:1	2.3:1
Basketball - Class 3 25-65 yrs	Avg. (fc) 50	49
	Avg:Min 3:1	1.3:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>	1.2	0.97

	Light Levels: 49 fc	All 6 Lamps On Activity: Amateur/Rec Leagues		Light Levels: 32 fc	4 Lamps On Activity: Physical Education
	Light Levels: 14 fc	2 Lamps On Activity: Cafeteria Lunch		Light Levels: 3.2 fc	2 Lamps On in 4 Fixtures, Shades Down Activity: A/V Presentation



- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
- Phase 2 Design

• *Electrical System Overview*

- Natatorium
- Clinic

*General Assumptions Made:*

**For Clinic:**

- Existing Mechanical and Electrical rooms could be used
- Basement distribution equipment still functional
- Upper floors will remain un-renovated until further design

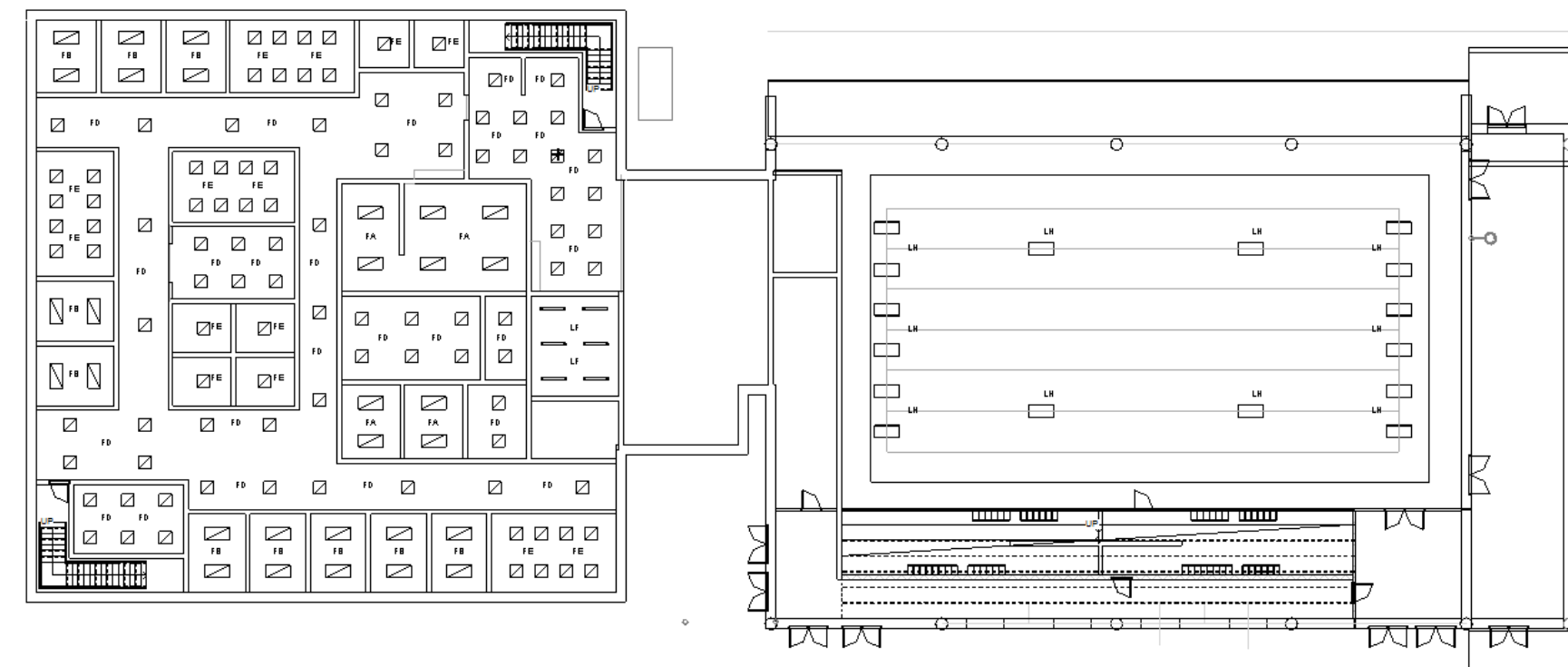
**For Natatorium:**

- All new equipment needed for pool will be located in the basement of the existing clinic
- Existing distribution equipment still functional /able to supply desired load

# Phase 2 – Electrical System Overview

**Total Building Load  
109.8 kVA**

Clinic	kVA	Natatorium/Parking	kVA
Lighting Load	1.9	Lighting Load	44.2
Power Load	30.0	Power Load	33.5
Emergency Loads: Life Safety	1.3	Emergency Loads: Life Safety	1.8
Emergency Loads: Critical	30.0	Emergency Loads: Critical	0





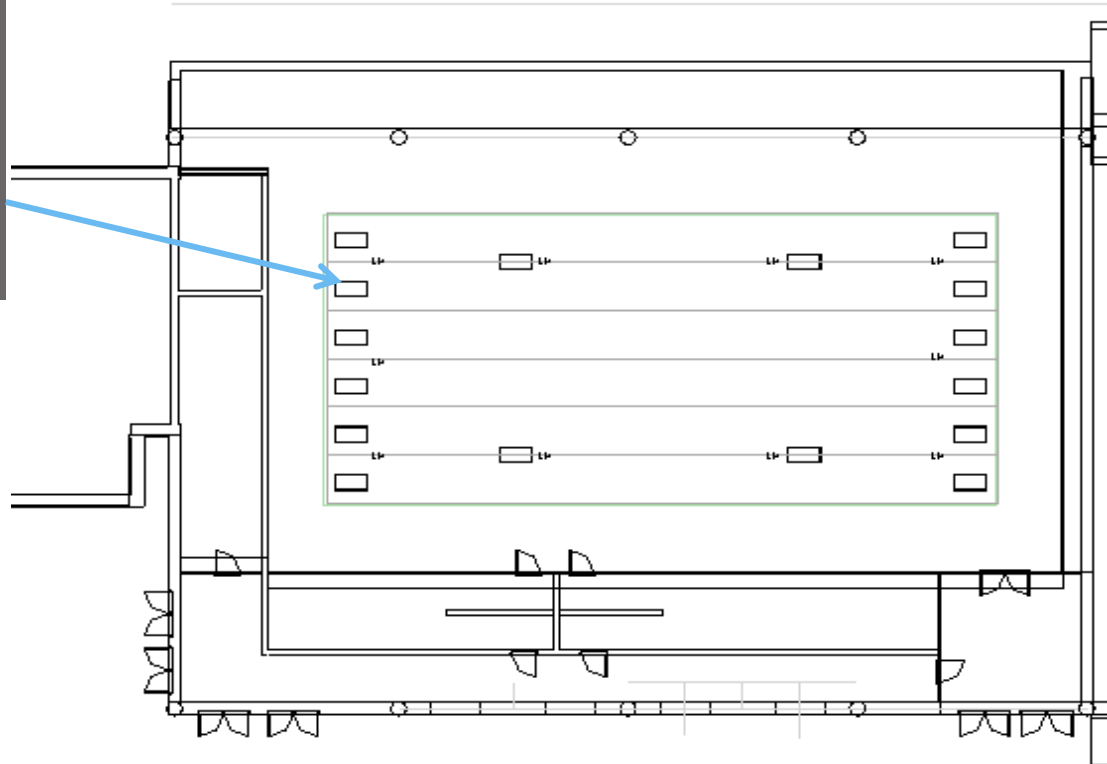
- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
- Phase 2 Design
  - Electrical System Overview
  - **Natatorium**
  - Clinic

*Lighting Design Details:*

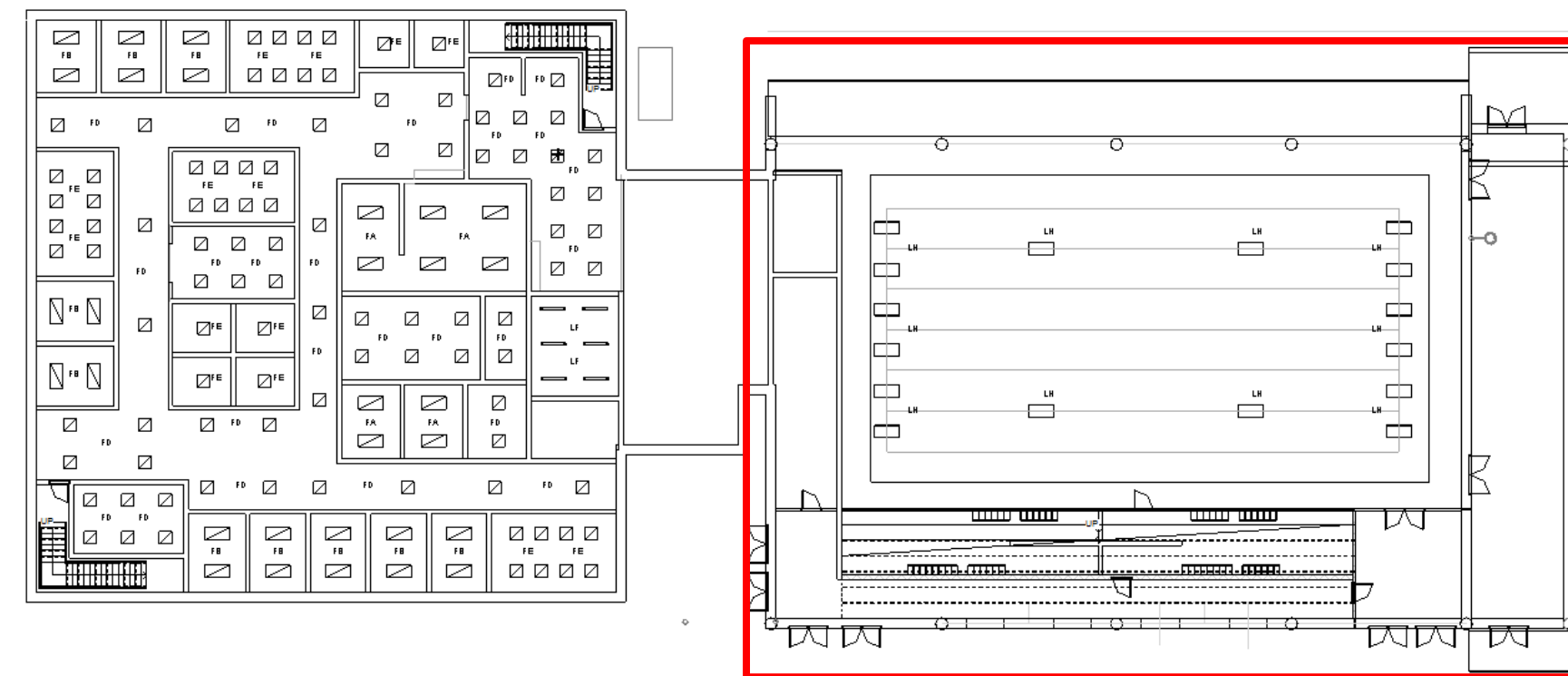
- **Watertight fixtures** suspended **24'** above pool deck
- Fixture layout also provides adequate light levels in **spectator seating** above locker rooms
- Fixtures **controlled** from separate control room
- **Lift** used to perform maintenance

Pool	Criteria	As Designed
Water Surface	Avg. (fc)	31
	Avg:Min	2:1
Deck Surface	Avg. (fc)	22
	Avg:Min	2.5:1
Turning Lanes	Avg. (fc)	48
	Avg:Min	1.3:1
Power Density (W/SF)	1.2	1.03

# Phase 2 - Natatorium



Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
Watertight Luminaire	Suspended	(6) 54W T5HO



- Introduction
- Phase 1 Design
- **Phase 2 Design**
  - Electrical System Overview
  - Natatorium
  - *Clinic*

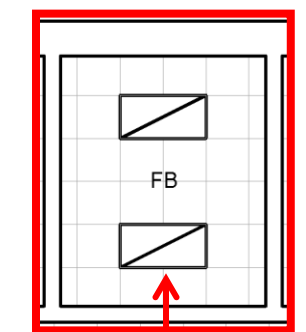
*Lighting Design Details:*

- **2'x2' tile ceiling** dropped at **8' AFF** allowing for **6' plenum space**

Clinic		Criteria As Designed	
Individual	Avg. (fc)	50	50
Patient Rooms	Avg:Min	2:1	1.7:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>		1.66	0.99
Double Patient Rooms	Avg. (fc)	50	50.5
	Avg:Min	2:1	1.7:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>		1.66	1.17
X-Ray	Avg. (fc)	50	50
	Avg:Min	2:1	1.7:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>		1.11	0.5
Administration	Avg. (fc)	30	31
	Avg:Min	2:1	1.9:1
<b>Power Density (W/SF)</b>		0.98	0.5

# Phase 2 - Clinic

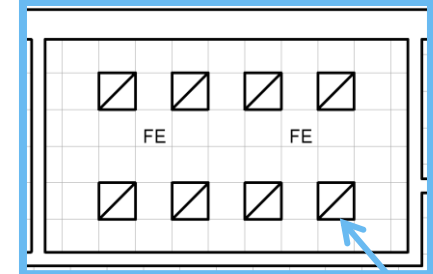
Patient Room



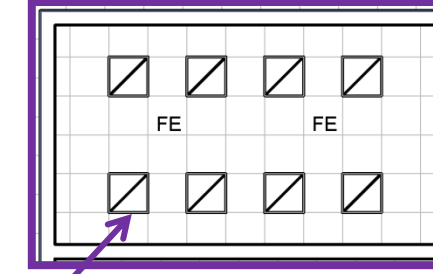
Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
2'x4' Volumetric	Recessed	(2) 28W T8



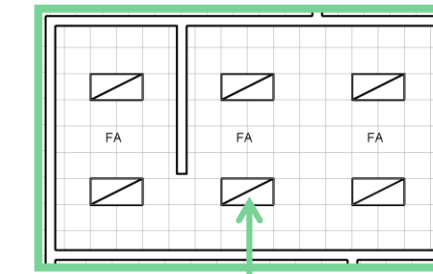
Double Patient Room



X-Ray



Administration

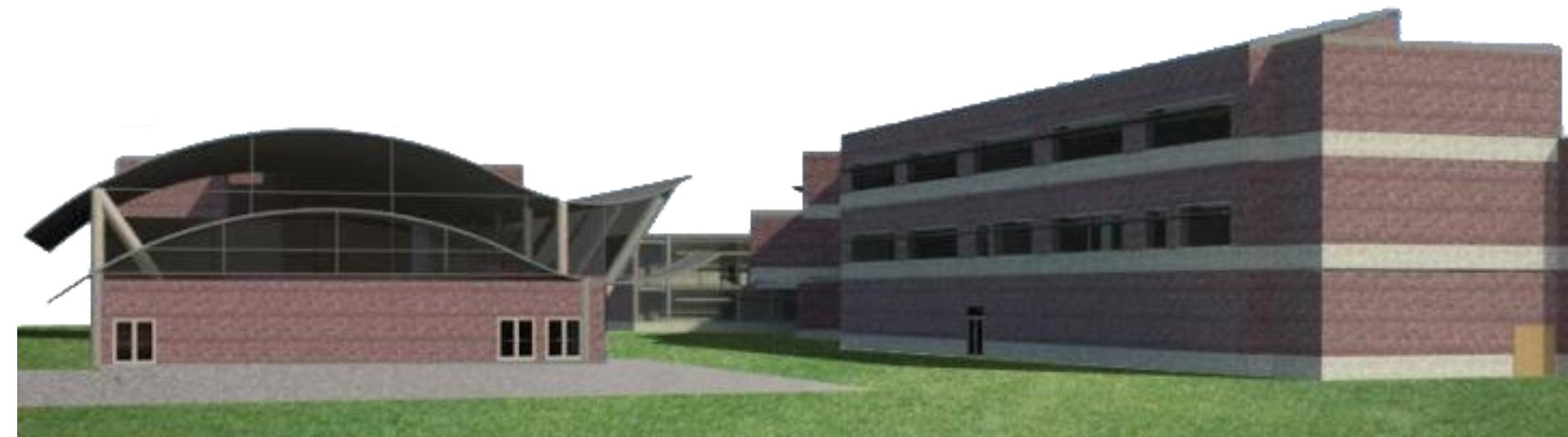


Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
2'x2' Volumetric	Recessed	(2) 17W T8

Fixture Description	Mounting	Lamp
2'x4' Volumetric	Recessed	(1) 28W T8

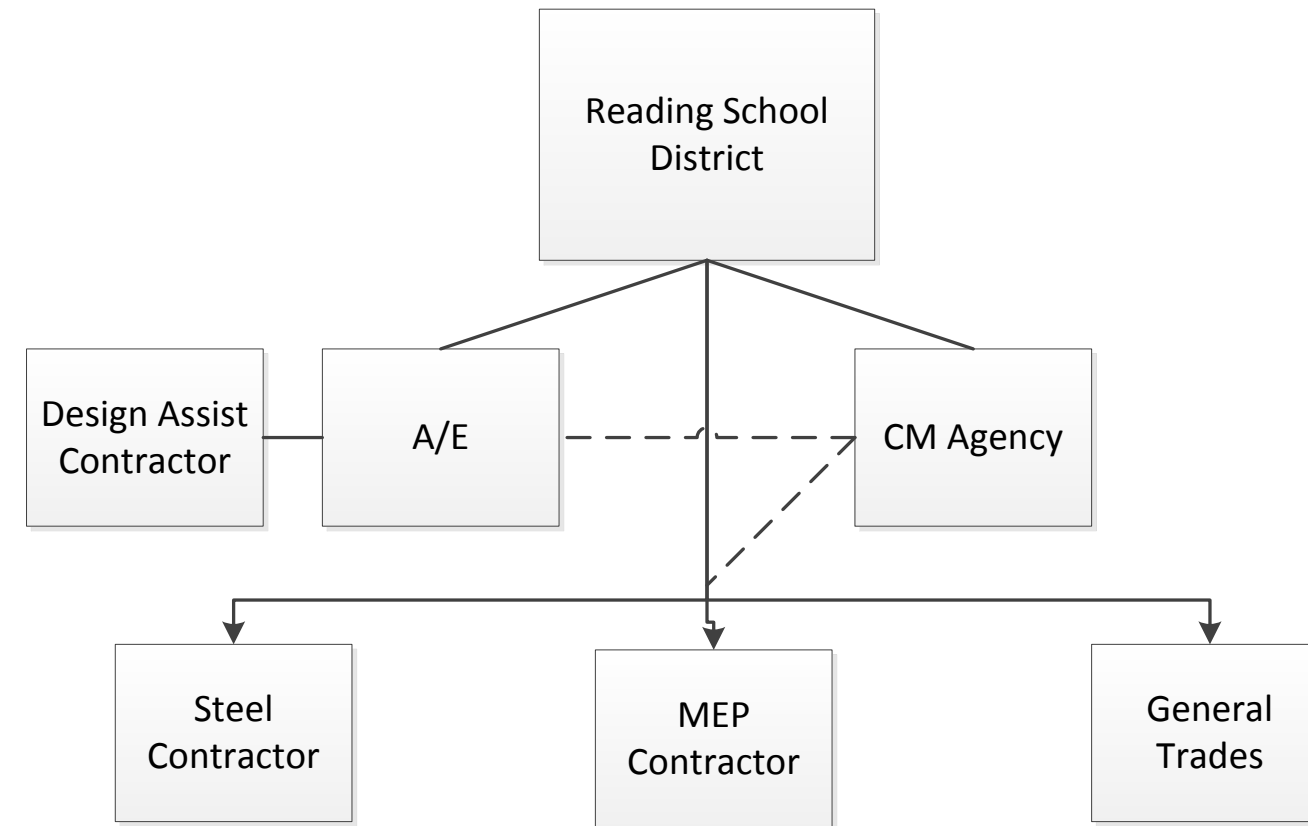


# Construction Planning





- Project Overview
  - Project Delivery Method
- Phase 1
- Phase 2
- Conclusion



## Project Delivery Method

**Pennsylvania Standard:** Multiple Prime with CM Agency

**Proposed Delivery Method:** CM Agency with Multiple Prime Design-Assist Subcontractors

## Alternative Project Delivery Benefits

- Constructability Reviews
  - Renovation savings
- Value Engineering
- Up front investment for long-term savings

- Project Overview
- **Phase 1**
  - **Budget**
  - Schedule
  - Logistics
  - RAP Foundation
  - Precast Insulated Panels
  - Green Roof
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# Phase 1

## Reading Elementary

Project Budget - New Elementary School			
Division/Subdivision	Base Cost	%	SF Cost
Bidding Requirements	\$ 462,400.00	2.89%	\$ 4.74
General Requirements	\$ 976,000.00	6.10%	\$ 10.01
Concrete	\$ 844,800.00	5.28%	\$ 8.66
Masonry	\$ 1,905,600.00	11.91%	\$ 19.54
Metals	\$ 1,793,600.00	11.21%	\$ 18.40
Woods & Plastics	\$ 182,400.00	1.14%	\$ 1.87
Thermal & Moisture Protection	\$ 571,200.00	3.57%	\$ 5.86
Doors & Windows	\$ 723,200.00	4.52%	\$ 7.42
Finishes	\$ 1,651,200.00	10.32%	\$ 16.94
Specialities	\$ 275,200.00	1.72%	\$ 2.82
Equipment	\$ 688,000.00	4.30%	\$ 7.06
Furnishings	\$ 454,400.00	2.84%	\$ 4.66
Conveying Systems	\$ 160,000.00	1.00%	\$ 1.64
Plumbing	\$ 992,000.00	6.20%	\$ 10.17
HVAC	\$ 2,160,000.00	13.50%	\$ 22.15
Electrical	\$ 2,160,000.00	13.50%	\$ 22.15
<b>Total Building Budget</b>	<b>\$ 16,000,000.00</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>\$ 164.10</b>

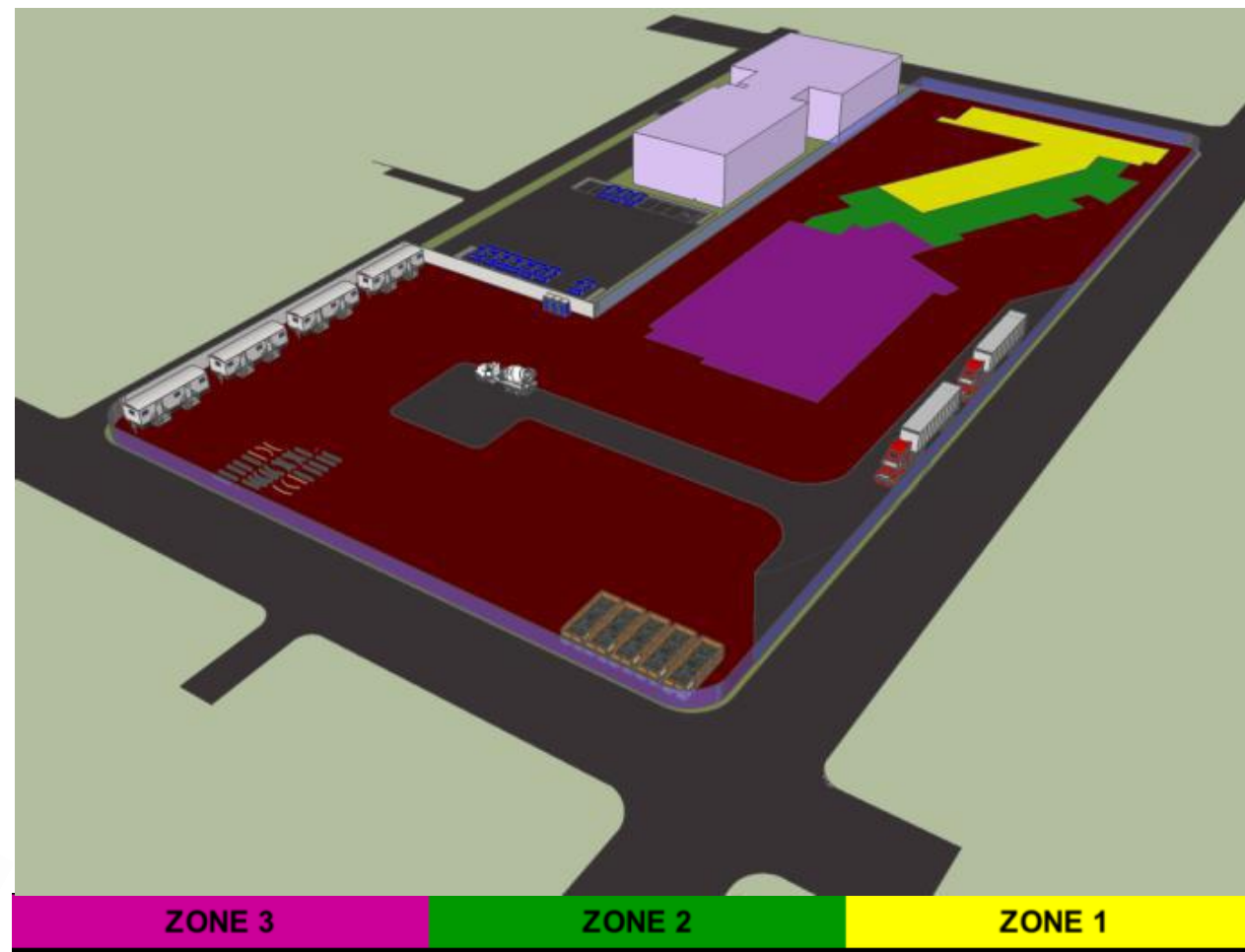
## Budget

- Preliminary Budget: \$19M (SF Estimate)
- Reading School District Allocated Funds 2009-2010: \$215M
- Proposed Budget: **\$19M**
  - **\$16M** new school construction

- Project Overview
- Phase 1
  - Budget
  - **Schedule**
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  - RAP Foundation
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## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



## Schedule

- NTP: June 3, 2013
- Substantial Completion: May 22, 2014
- Phase 1 broken into 3 zones to maximize productivity



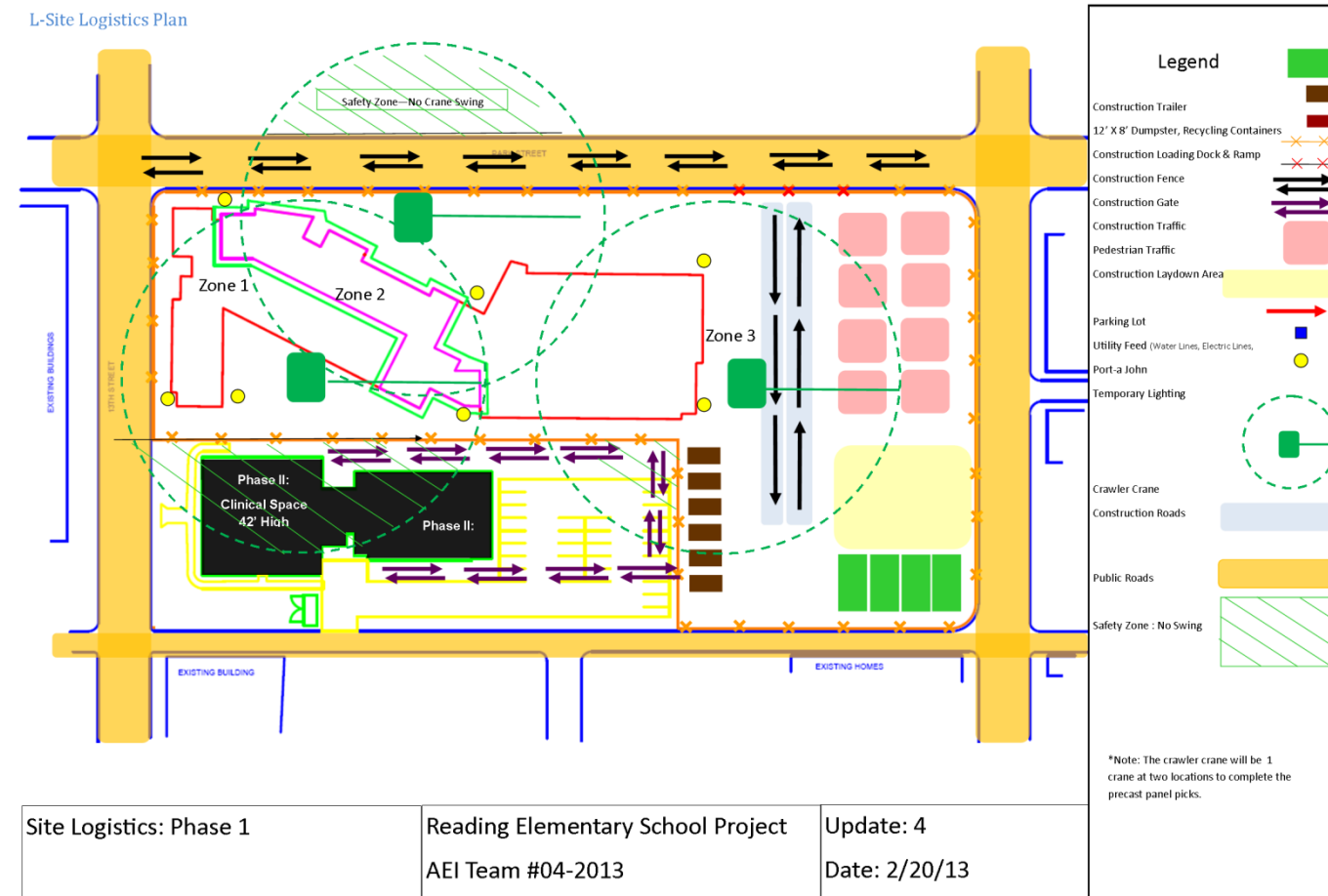
- Project Overview
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# Phase 1

## Reading Elementary

### Logistics

- Student Safety in neighboring school
- Precast panel crane locations
- Efficient use of laydown and material storage areas



- Project Overview
- Phase 1
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  - Logistics
  - **RAP Foundation**
  - Precast Insulated Panels
  - Green Roof
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## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



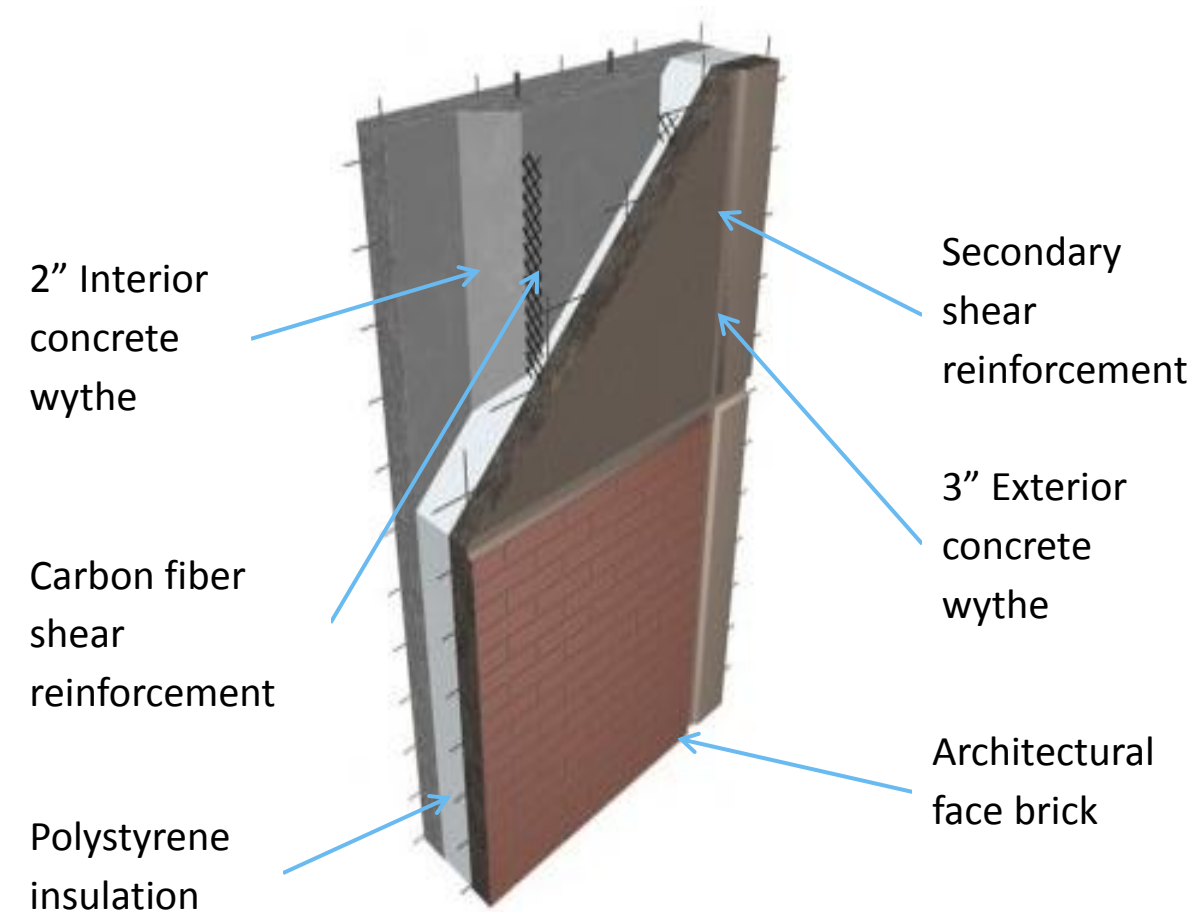
### Rammed Aggregate Pier Foundation

- Considerable constructability benefits over micropiles and spread footing
- 20% cost savings → \$617,600
- Sinkhole Contingency Plan
- Combined Micropile/RAP Foundation

- Project Overview
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## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



## Precast Insulated Panels

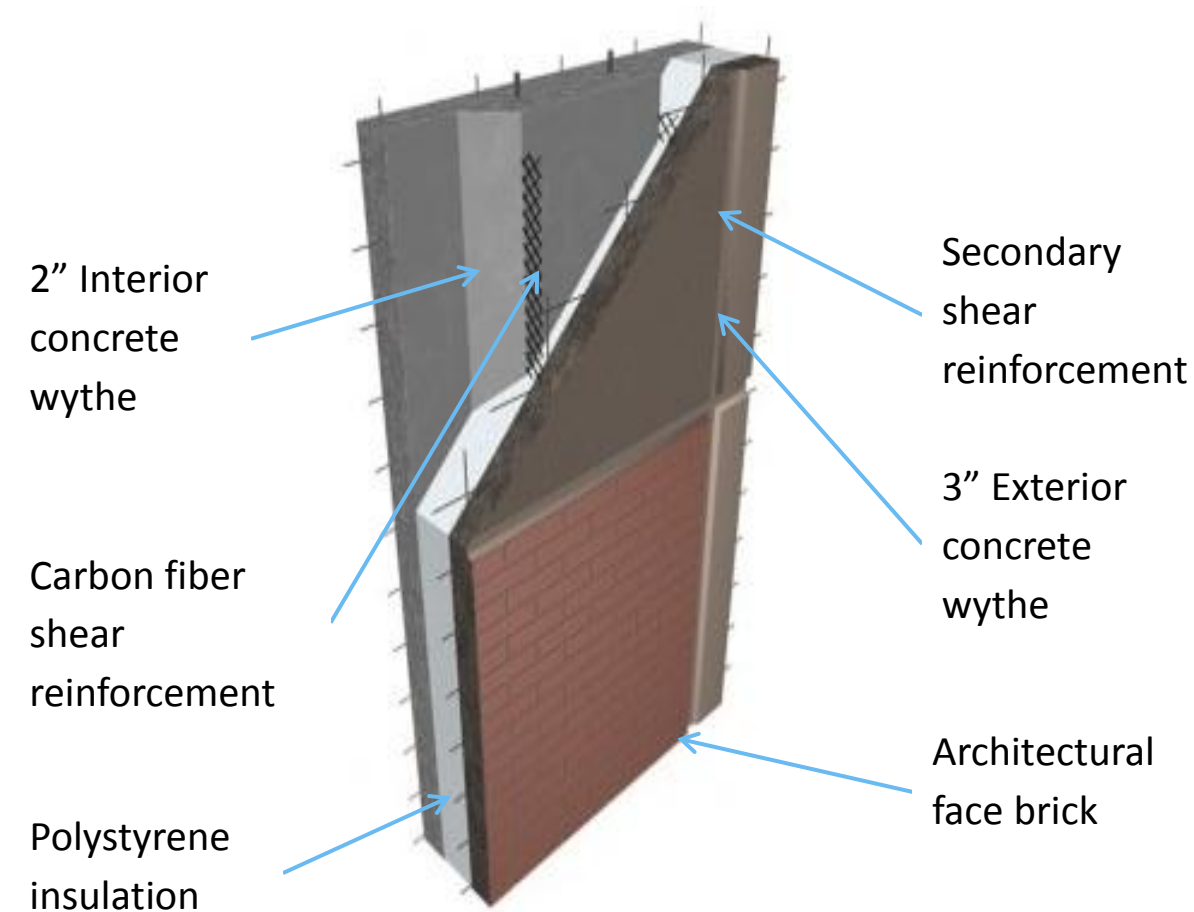
- Non-loadbearing insulated wall panels
- 14' height typical length 28'
- 35,000 lb load
  - Critical for crane sizing
- 25 day erection schedule
- Local fabricator for easy coordination



- Project Overview
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## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



### Construction Influence:

- Panel Sizing & Contractor Selection
- Crane Sizing & Pick Planning
- Site Logistics Planning
- Panels: \$1,233,840
- Glazing: \$711,987 (w/o bulletproof)

### Supported by Structural Steel:

- Beams, columns, braced frames, detailing, CMU walls
- \$1,139,660

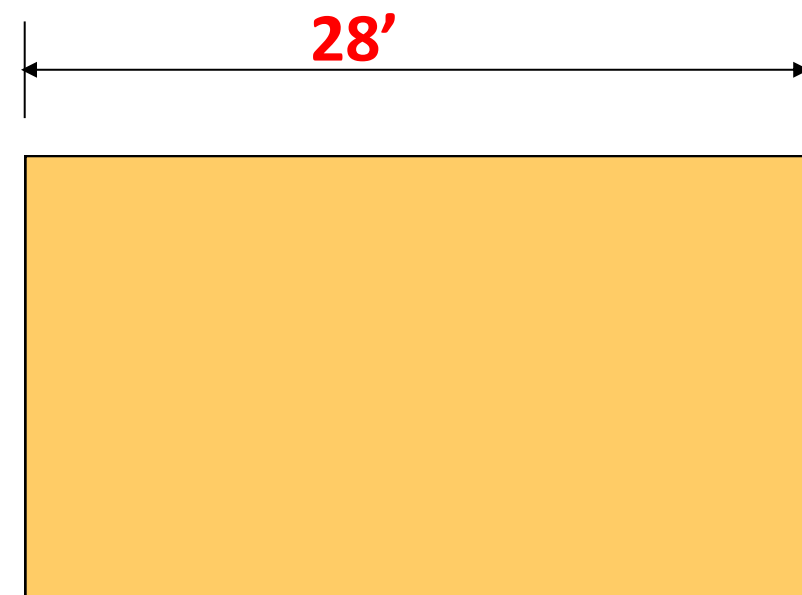
- Project Overview
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Crane pick schedule  
Logistics plan

# Phase 1

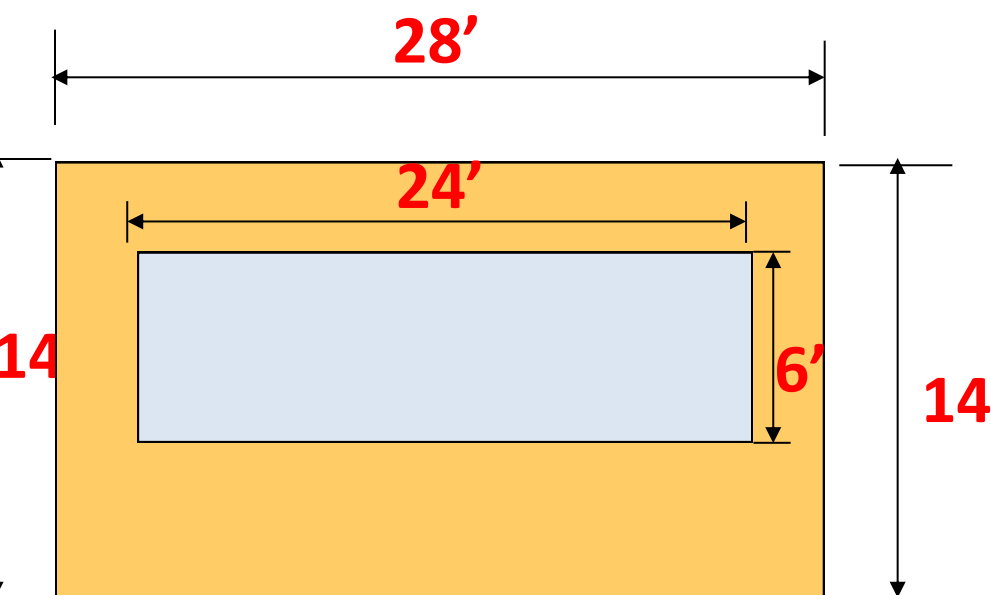
## Panel Erection Strategy

Case 1: Solid Panel

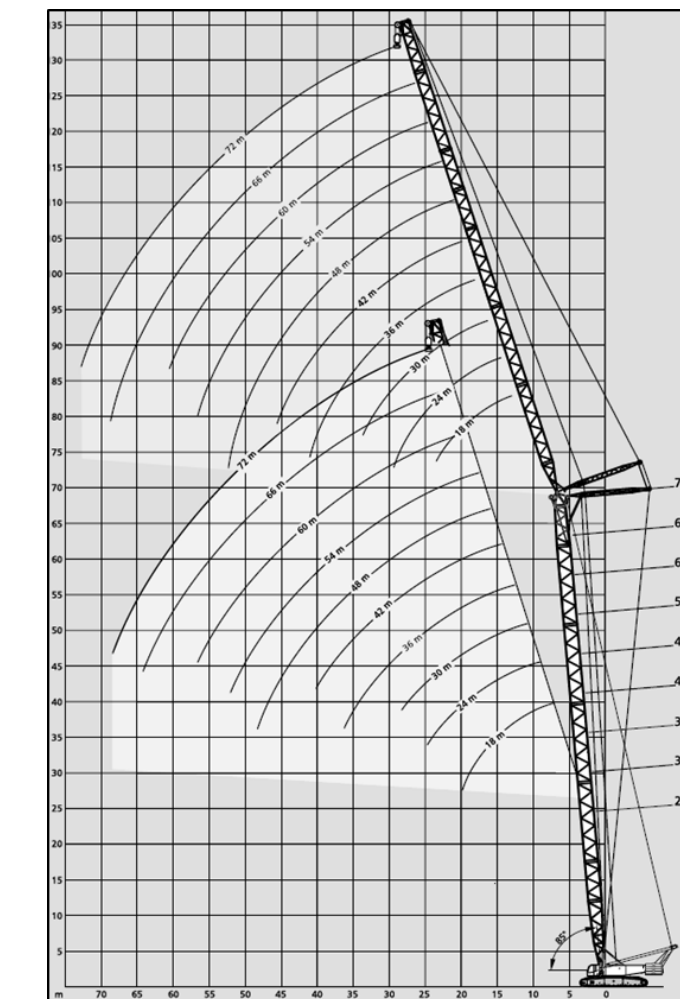


Panel Weight= 14'\*28' = 392 SF  
 $392 \text{ SF} * 90 \text{ lbs/ft}^2$   
 = 35,000lbs

Case 2: Panel with Largest Glass Area



Panel Weight=14'\*28' = 392 SF  
 $6' * 24' = 144 \text{ SF Glass}$   
 $392 - 144 = 248 \text{ SF Concrete}$   
 $248 * 90 \text{ lbs/ft}^2 + 248 * 5 \text{ lbs/ft}^2$   
 = 25,000



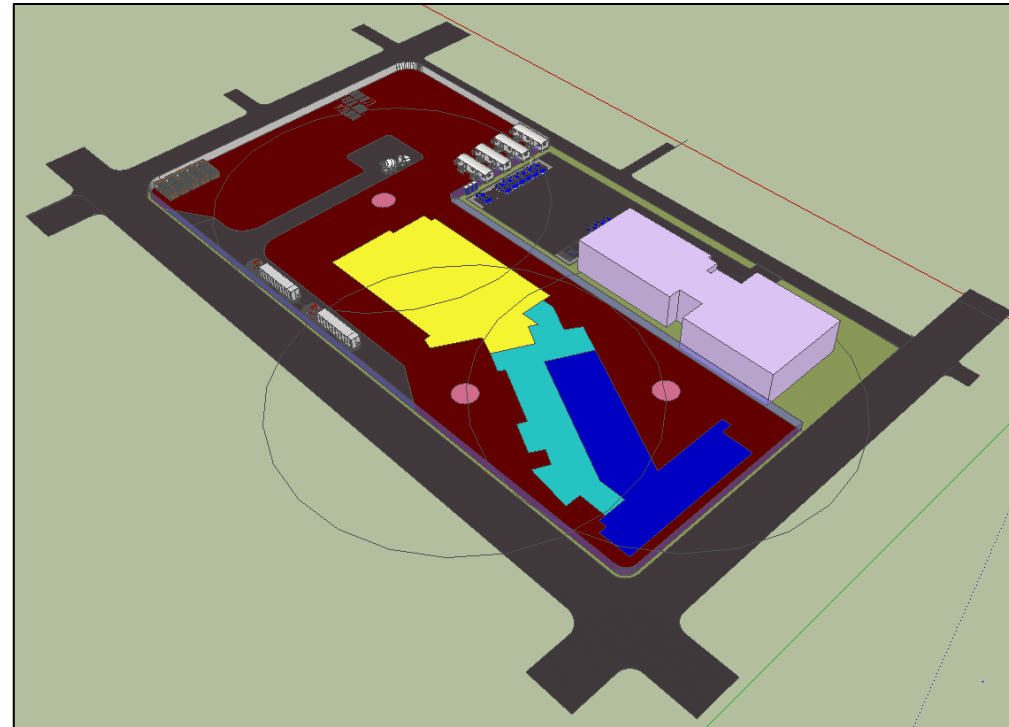
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- Project Overview
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  - Green Roof
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- Conclusion

Crane pick schedule  
Logistics plan

# Phase 1

## Strategic Crane Planning



## Crane Sizing

- Radius:  
46 m = 150.9 ft.
- Capacity:  
17.5 tons (46m) = 35,000 lb
- Critical Pick: 35,000lbs at 140 ft
- Crane Selected:  
46m Boom with 42m Jib

54 m	Main boom · Hauptausleger · Flèche principale						
	Radius Ausladung Portée	Fly jib · Hilfsausleger · Fléchette					m
		18,0	24,0	30,0	36,0	42,0	
	15	53,3	-	-	-	-	-
	16	51,3	-	-	-	-	-
	17	49,5	44,5	-	-	-	-
	18	47,7	42,8	-	-	-	-
	19	46,1	41,4	37,0	-	-	-
	20	44,6	40,0	35,7	-	-	-
	21	43,4	39,1	34,8	31,3	-	-
	22	42,2	38,2	33,9	30,4	-	-
	23	41,1	37,3	33,2	29,8	26,0	-
SW	24	40,1	36,4	32,5	29,1	25,5	-
	26	-	34,8	31,2	28,1	24,5	-
	28	-	33,3	29,9	27,1	23,7	-
	30	-	31,8	28,7	26,1	23,0	-
	34	-	-	26,5	24,2	21,5	-
	38	-	-	-	22,6	20,1	-
	42	-	-	-	21,0	18,8	-
	46	-	-	-	-	17,5	-
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-



- Project Overview
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First Level: 1170 LF  
 Second Level: 1235 LF  
 Third Level: 982 LF  
 Total LF: 3387 LF

**150 Panels**

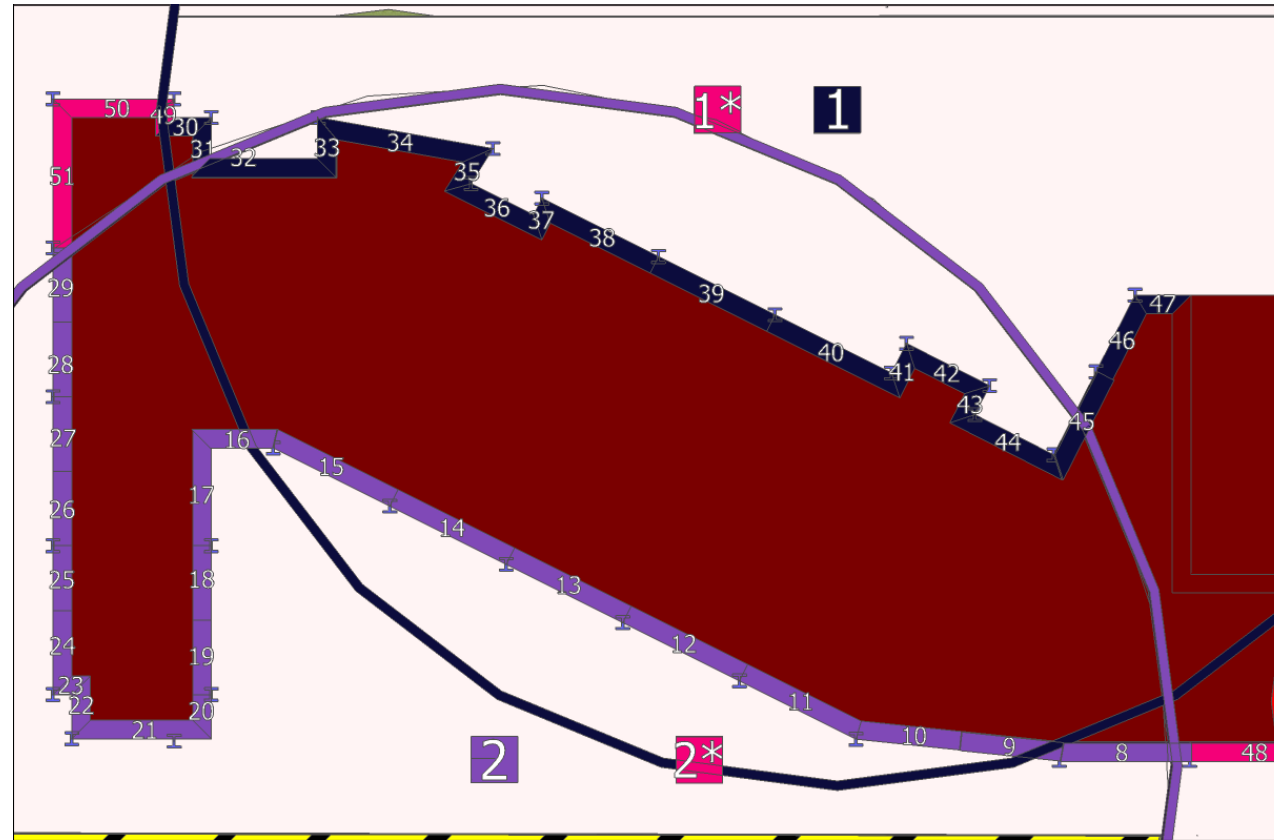
**Pick Schedule**  
**3400 LF = 150 Picks**  
**6 Panels a Day for 25 Days**



Reference: [http://www.loadlifter-solutions.com/pages/international\\_pcc/](http://www.loadlifter-solutions.com/pages/international_pcc/)

# Phase 1

## Strategic Crane Planning



# Panel Erection Calculations

Crane Location	Panel Number	Panel Length [FT]	Panel Weight [LB]	Pick Distance [FT]
3	1	8	9968	43
3	2	25	31150	40.5
3	3	10	12460	46
3	4	3	3738	52
3	5	26	32396	65
3	6	28	34888	92
3	7	28	34888	120
2	8	28	34888	130
2	9	22	27412	106
2	10	22	27412	85
2	11	28	34888	62
2	12	28	34888	40
2	13	28	34888	37
2	14	28	34888	46
2	15	28	34888	66
2	16	16	19936	83
2	17	23	28658	78
2	18	16	19936	67
2	19	16	19936	61
2	20	8	9968	59
2	21	26	32396	71
2	22	10	12460	85
2	23	5	6230	87
2	24	16	19936	91
2	25	14	17444	96

Crane Location	Panel Number	Panel Length [FT]	Panel Weight [LB]	Pick Distance [FT]
2	27	16	19936	109
2	28	16	19936	120
2	29	16	19936	130
1	30	8	9968	135
1	31	9	11214	131
1	32	27	33642	119
1	33	8	9968	105
1	34	32	39872	89
1	35	7	8722	76
1	36	19.5	24297	72
1	37	4	4984	63
1	38	28	34888	53
1	39	28	34888	42
1	40	28	34888	47
1	41	7	8722	53
1	42	16	19936	56
1	43	7	8722	65
1	44	23.5	29281	76
1	45	22	27412	81
1	46	17	21182	75
1	47	10	12460	75
2*	48	28	34888	113
1*	49	4	4984	114
1*	50	22	27412	125
1*	51	28	34888	136

- Project Overview
- **Phase 1**
  - Budget
  - Schedule
  - Logistics
  - RAP Foundation
  - Precast Insulated Panels
  - **Green Roof**
- Phase 2
- Conclusion

## Phase 1

### Reading Elementary



## Green Roof

- Required for AEI Competition
- Minimal energy or cost savings
- Light weight 4" occupiable green roof for learning opportunities
- Low maintenance



- Project Overview
- **Phase 1**
  - Budget
  - Schedule
  - Logistics
  - RAP Foundation
  - Precast Insulated Panels
  - **Green Roof**
- Phase 2
- Conclusion

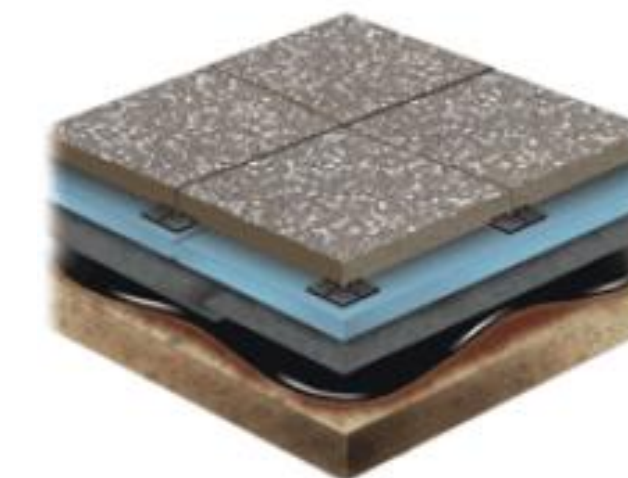
# Phase 1

## Reading Elementary



## Green Roof

- American Hydrotech
- 3"-4" Medium
- Rainwater stored in drainage layer
- Ultimate Assembly for Terrace Space



<http://www.hydrotechusa.com/assemblies/ultimate-assembly>

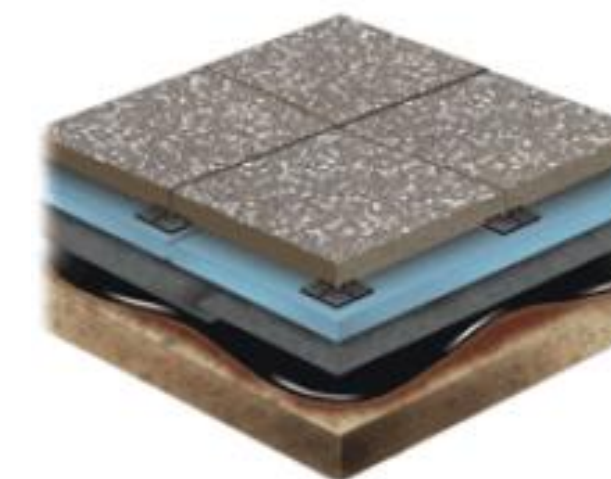




- R-Value
- AHU Placement
- High reflectance
- Cost considerations of additional features
- Placement of green roof
- Drainage

## Construction Influence

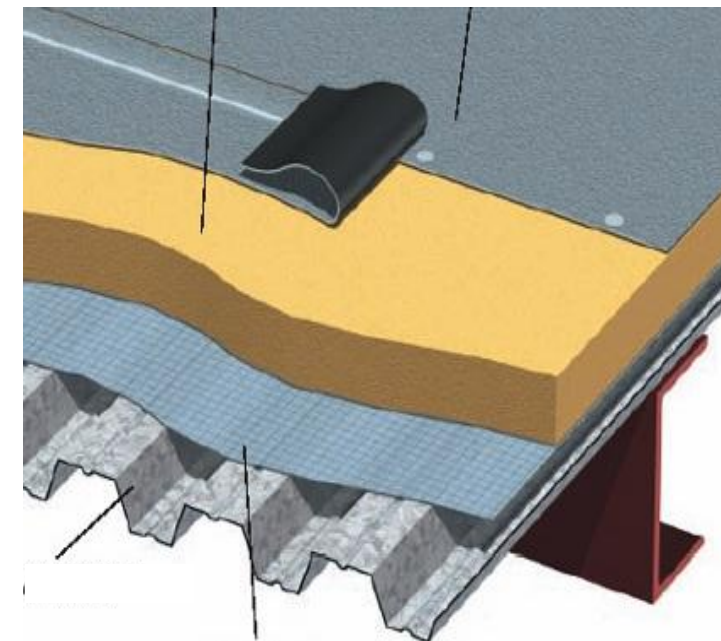
- \$125,000 – Green Roof
- \$1,394,638 – Remaining Roofing
- Creating an Educational Space
- Placement and Drainage



<http://www.hydrotechusa.com/assemblies/ultimate-assembly>



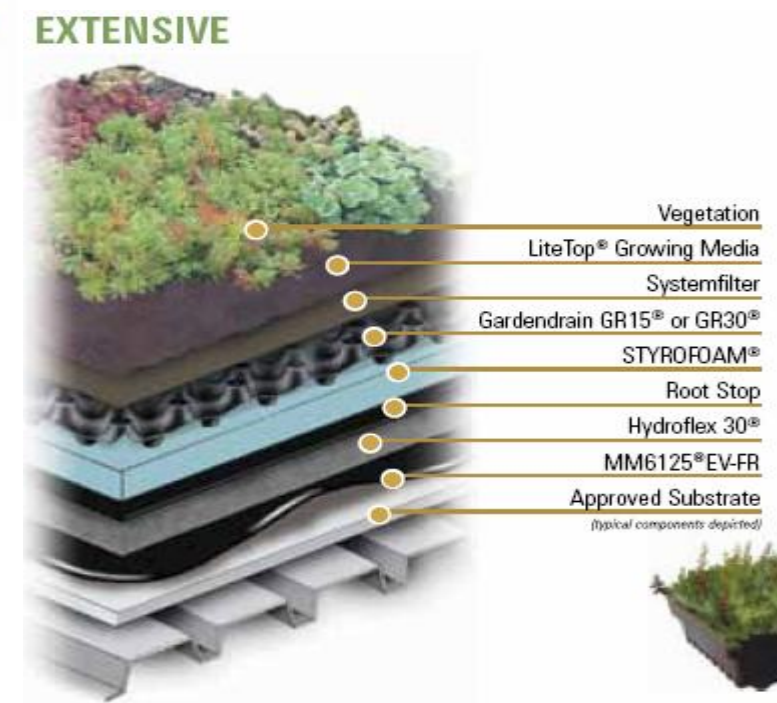
- R-Value
- AHU Placement
- High reflectance
- **Cost considerations** of additional features
- Placement of green roof
- Drainage



Photovoltaic Panels

*20+ Year*

Payback Period



- Project Overview
- Phase 1
- Phase 2
  - Budget
  - Schedule
  - Logistics
  - Renovated Conditions
- Conclusion



## Phase 2

### Reading Elementary

Project Budget - Renovation			
Division/Subdivision	Base Cost	%	SF Cost
Bidding Requirements	\$ 86,700.00	2.89%	\$ 4.34
General Requirements	\$ 183,000.00	6.10%	\$ 9.15
Concrete	\$ 278,400.00	9.28%	\$ 13.92
Masonry	\$ 357,300.00	11.91%	\$ 17.87
Metals	\$ 306,300.00	10.21%	\$ 15.32
Woods & Plastics	\$ 34,200.00	1.14%	\$ 1.71
Thermal & Moisture Protection	\$ 107,100.00	3.57%	\$ 5.36
Doors & Windows	\$ 135,600.00	4.52%	\$ 6.78
Finishes	\$ 219,600.00	7.32%	\$ 10.98
Specialities	\$ 51,600.00	1.72%	\$ 2.58
Equipment	\$ 129,000.00	4.30%	\$ 6.45
Furnishings	\$ 85,200.00	2.84%	\$ 4.26
Conveying Systems	\$ 30,000.00	1.00%	\$ 1.50
Plumbing	\$ 186,000.00	6.20%	\$ 9.30
HVAC	\$ 405,000.00	13.50%	\$ 20.25
Electrical	\$ 405,000.00	13.50%	\$ 20.25
<b>Total Building Budget</b>	<b>\$ 3,000,000.00</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>\$ 150.00</b>

## Budget

- **\$3M** proposed Add-Alternate
- Total project budget: **\$19M** (including \$16M school new construction)
- Natatorium new construction in assumed current gymnasium footprint
- Clinic renovation on 1<sup>st</sup> floor current elementary school with opportunity for future expansion



- Project Overview
- Phase 1
- **Phase 2**
  - Budget
  - **Schedule**
  - Logistics
  - Renovated Conditions
- Conclusion

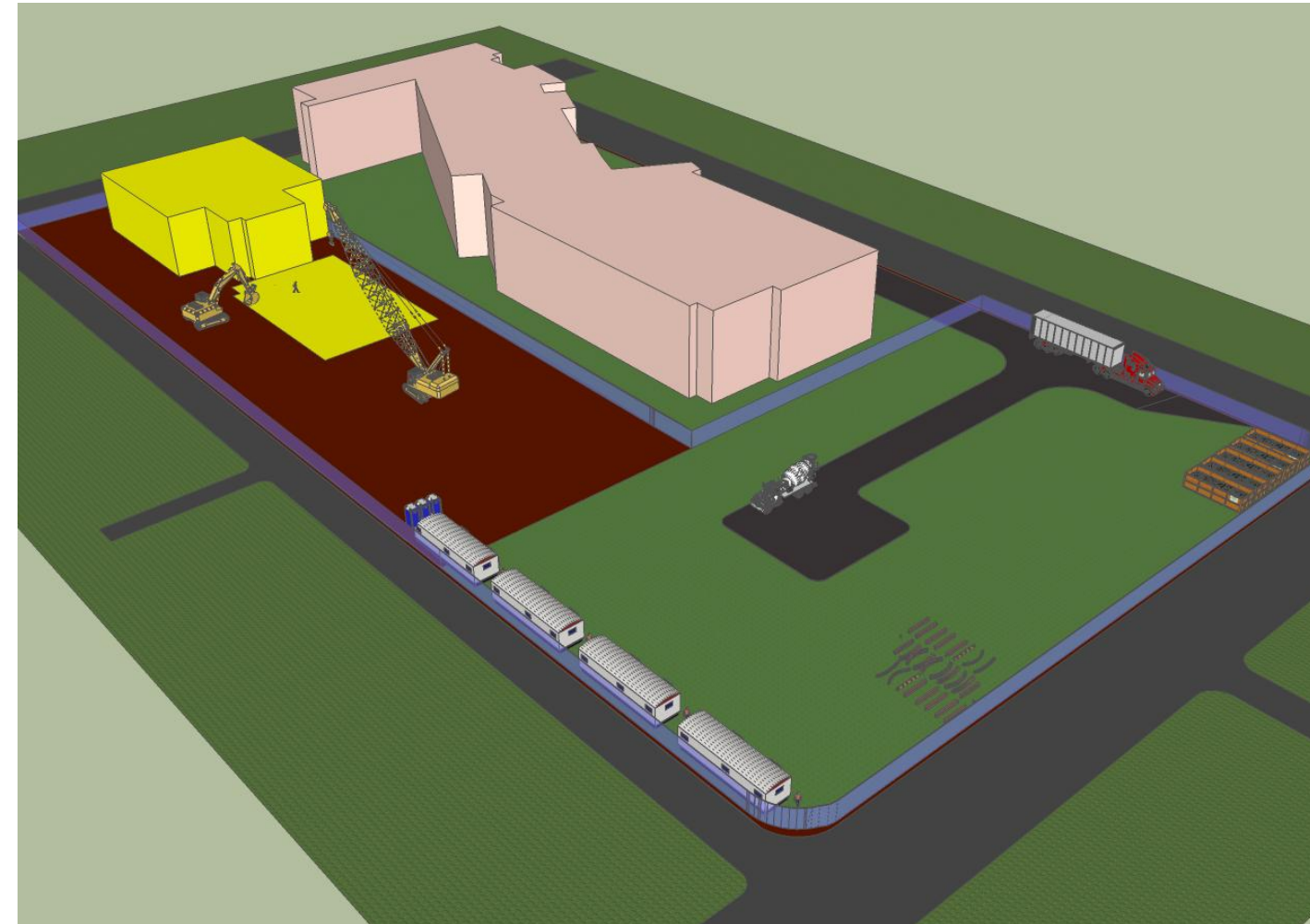
#### Master Plan Details

- \$3,000,000 Renovation
- 3 Month Schedule
- Rammed Aggregate Pier Foundation
- Structural Steel Frame
- Variable Refrigerant Volume with Heat Recovery



## Phase 2

### Reading Elementary



## Schedule

- NTP: June 2, 2014
- Substantial Completion: September 5, 2014
- Parade of trades from new construction contractors

- Project Overview
- Phase 1
- **Phase 2**
  - Budget
  - Schedule
  - Logistics
  - **Renovated Conditions**
- Conclusion

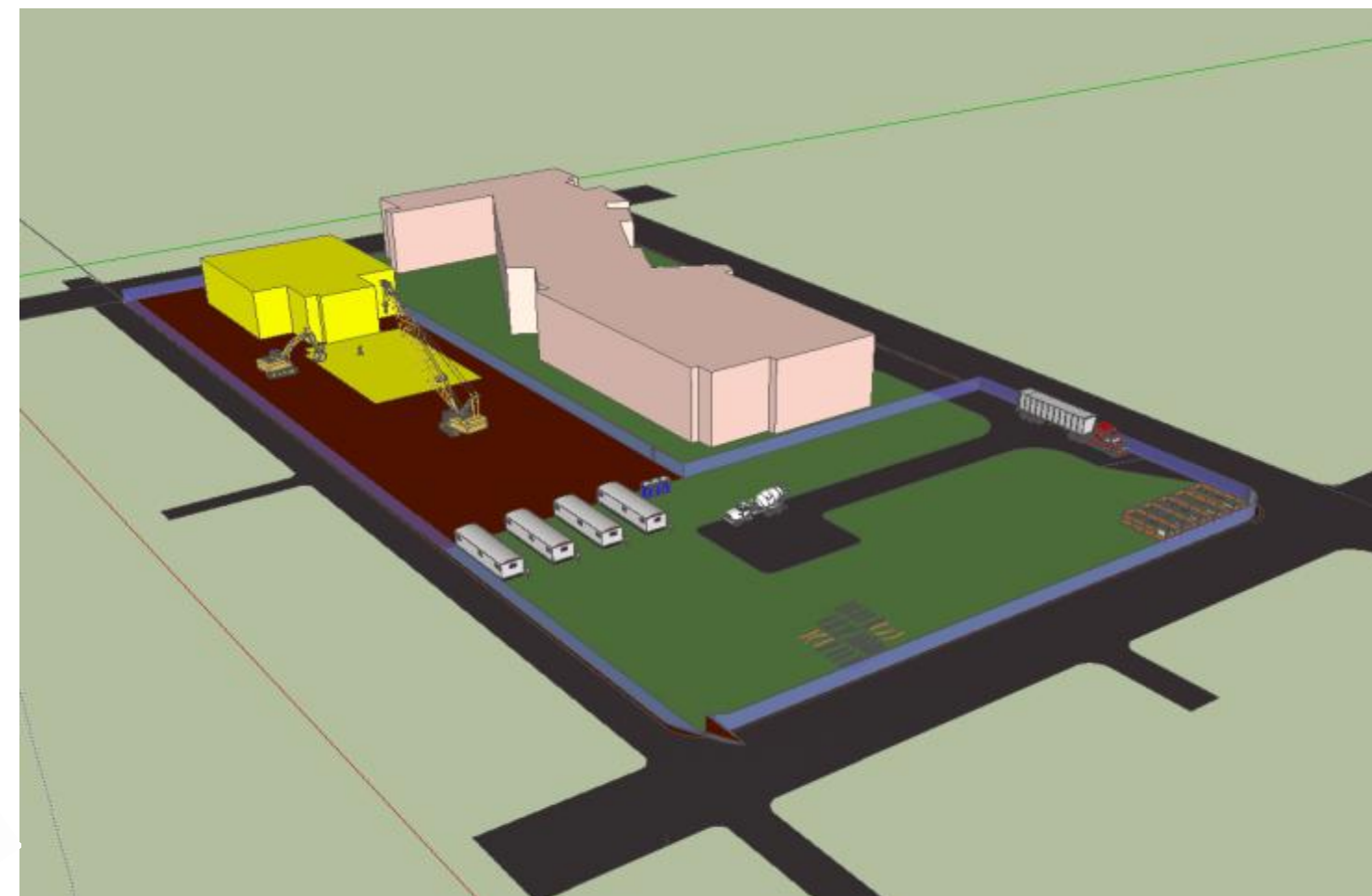
#### Master Plan Details

- \$3,000,000 Renovation
- 3 Month Schedule
- Rammed Aggregate Pier Foundation
- Structural Steel Frame
- Variable Refrigerant Volume with Heat Recovery



## Phase 2

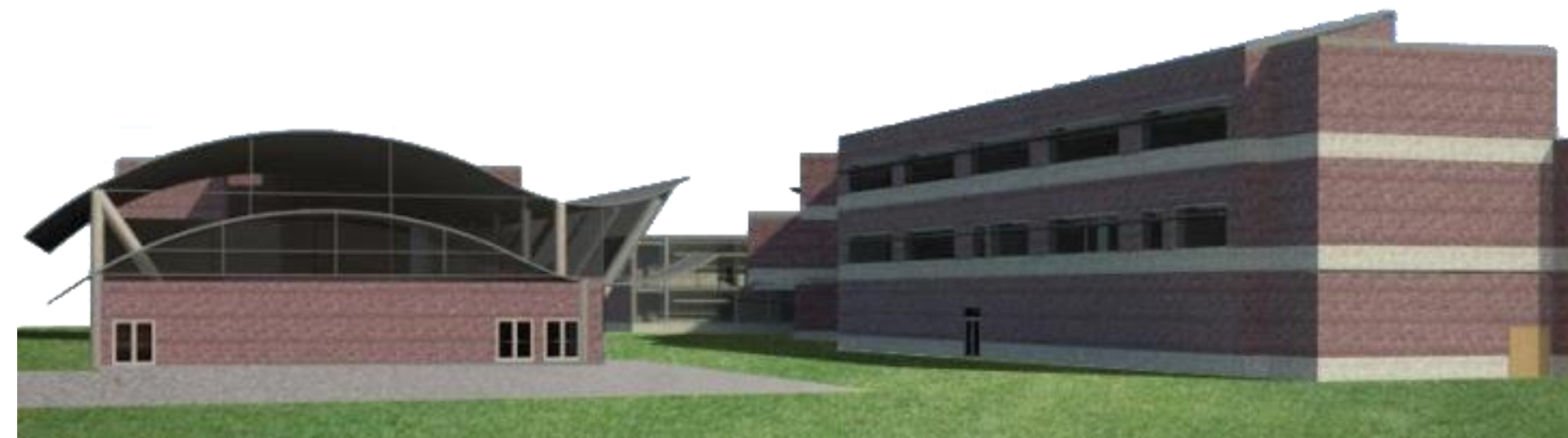
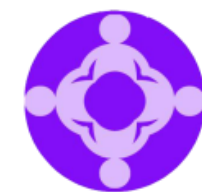
### Reading Elementary



## Renovated Conditions

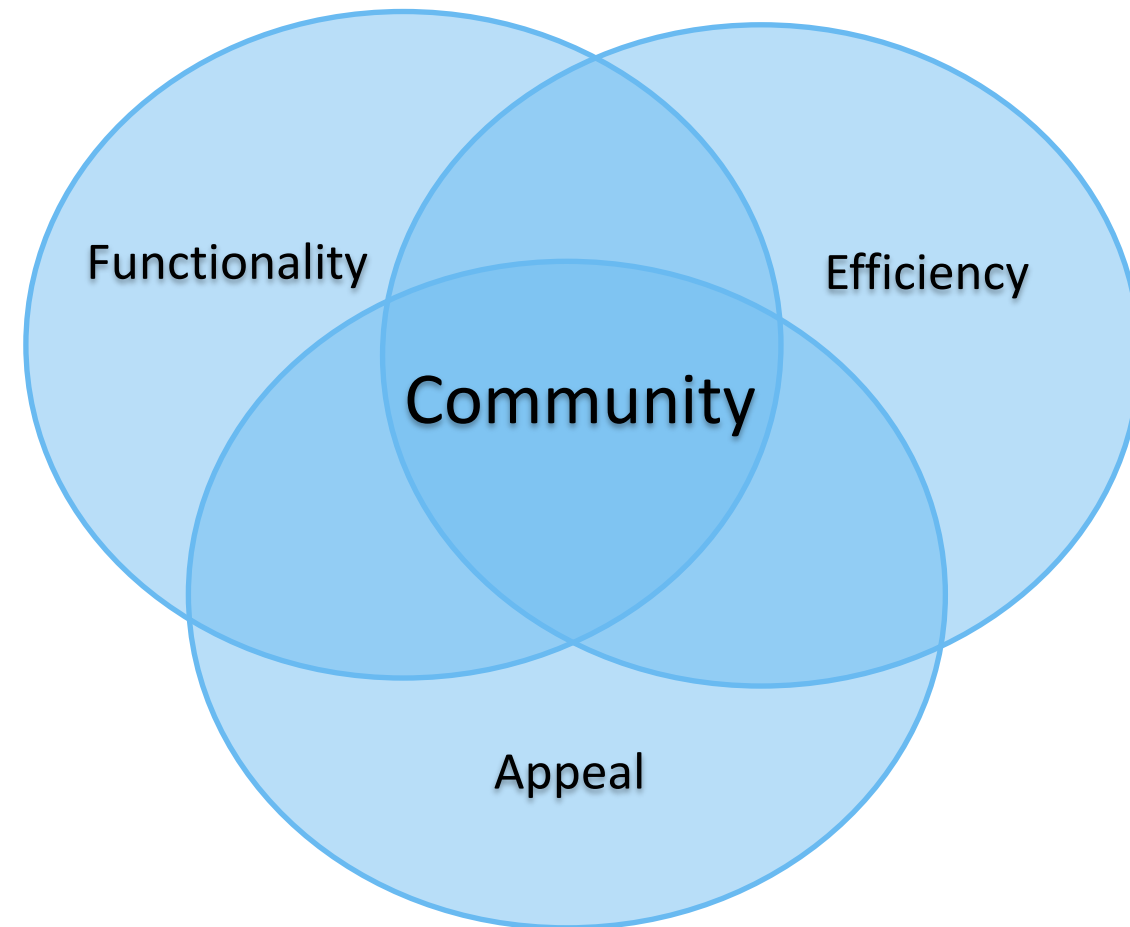
- **Asbestos abatement**
  - PA Dept. of Environmental Protection (DEP)
  - Notify 5 days prior to disturbing
  - Remove all asbestos detected before demolition
  - Notify EPA 10 days before removing asbestos
  - >35cubic feet utilized NESHAP
- **Demolition scheduled in 2 week window**

# Integration





- *Introduction*
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation



## Integration

### Team Goal

To create an innovative, high-performance environment in a way that stimulates involvement in both education and the *Community*

### Functionality

Define the critical function of each package and ensure that design meets criteria

### Efficiency

Ensure that building engineered systems are efficient in energy usage, as well as upfront and lifecycle cost

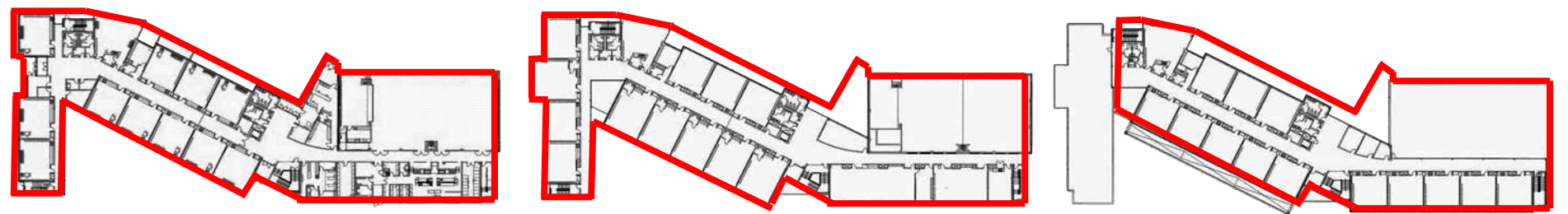
### Appeal

Create an appealing building and atmosphere which stimulates a positive learning environment

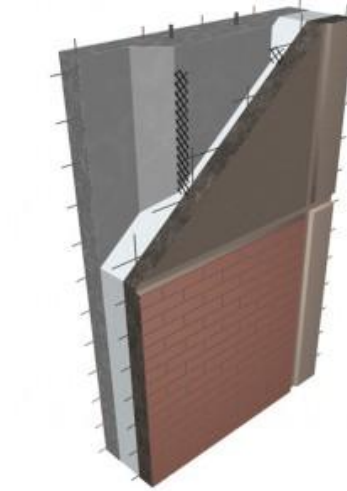
- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - *Enclosure*
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

# Enclosure

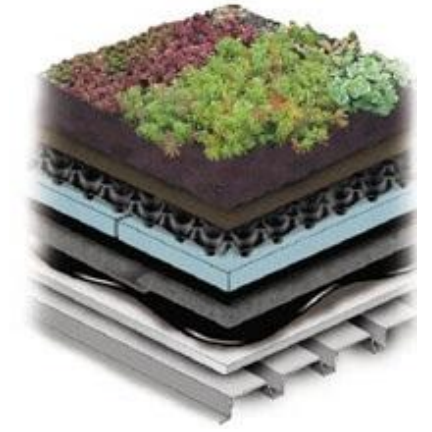
create a functional barrier from exterior elements while maintaining aesthetic appeal & interior comfort



## Integrated Design Components



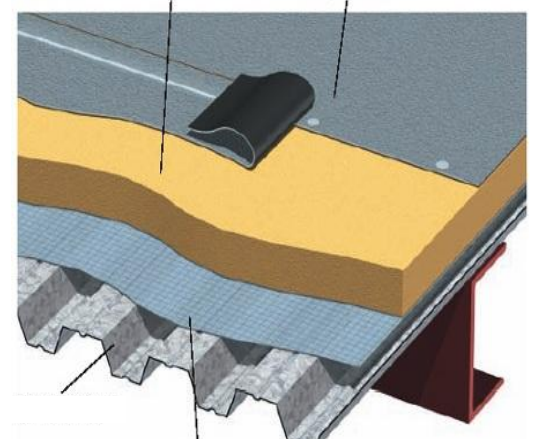
Precast Insulated Panels



Green Roof



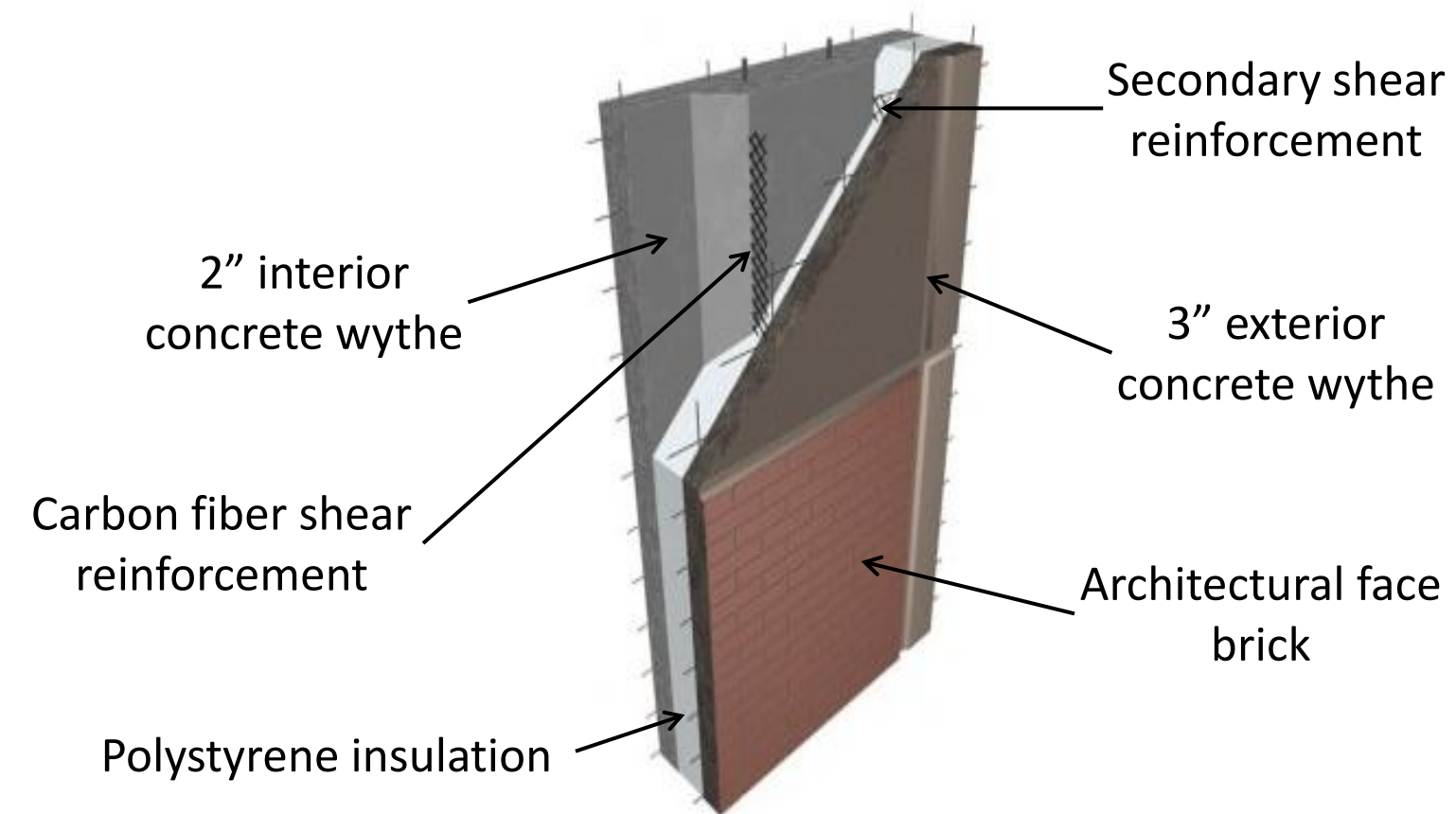
High Performance Glazing and Daylighting Design



Roof

- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - *Enclosure*
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

## Precast Insulated Panels



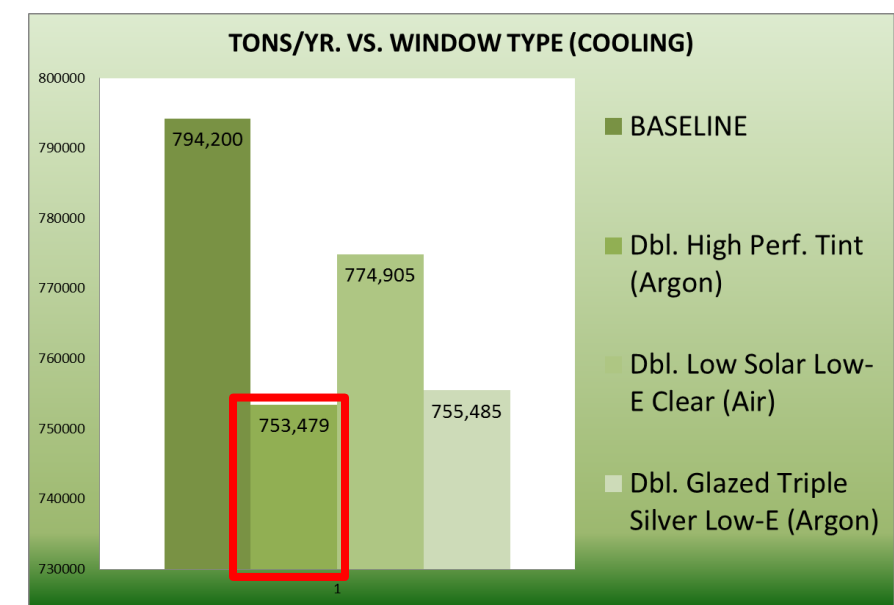
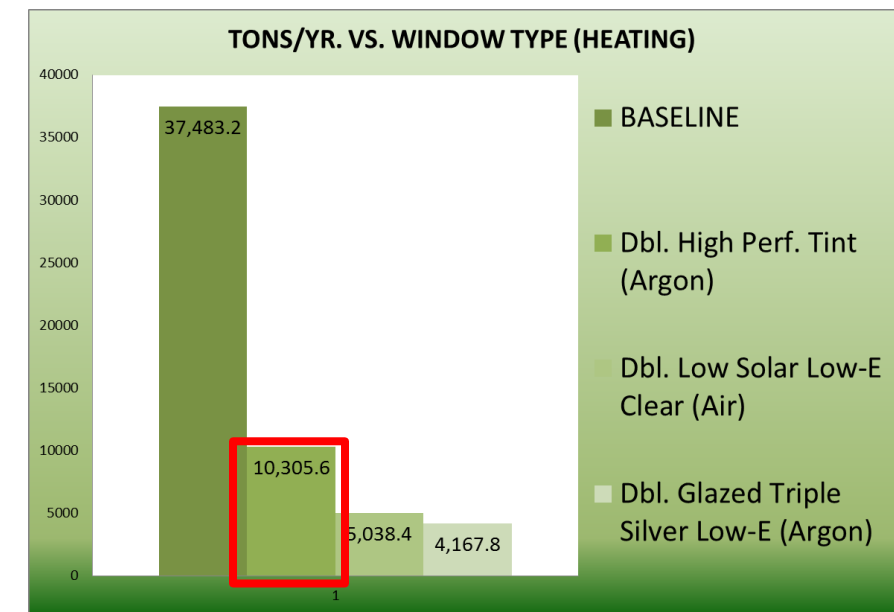
create a functional barrier from exterior elements while maintaining aesthetic appeal & interior comfort

## Integrated Design Components

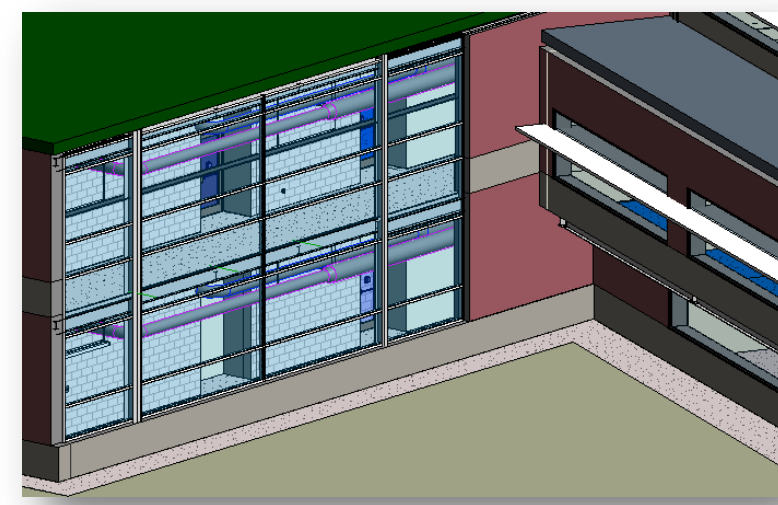
- Meet ASHRAE 90.1 requirements
  - U-Value = 0.0383*
- Optimize constructability
- Light weight → Larger panel size
- Local fabricators



- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
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  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

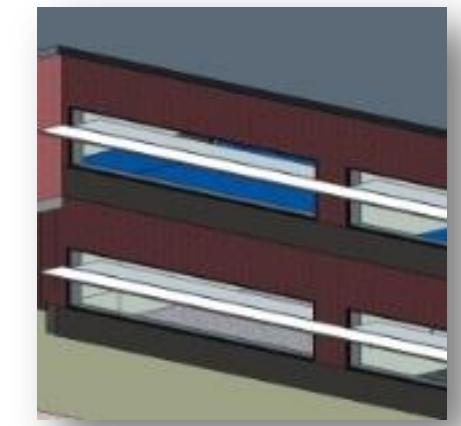


## Fenestration Design

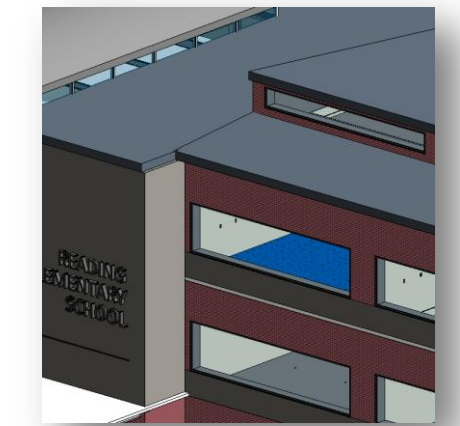


Glazing Types	Assembly U-Value	Assembly SHGC	VT
Double High Performance Tint (Argon)	0.54	0.39	0.607
Double Low Solar Low-E Clear (Air)	0.40	0.382	0.701
Double Glazed Triple Silver Low-E (Argon)	0.35	0.272	0.638

create a functional barrier from exterior elements while maintaining aesthetic appeal & interior comfort



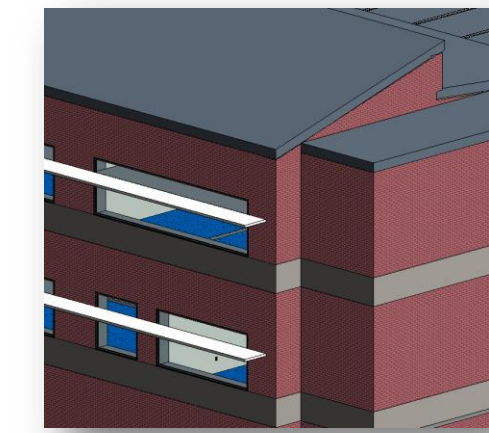
Lightshelves



Clerestories



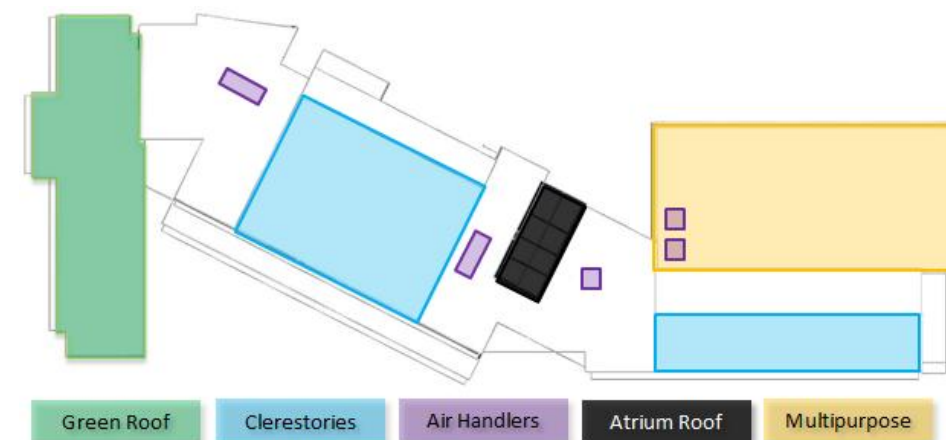
Curtain Walls



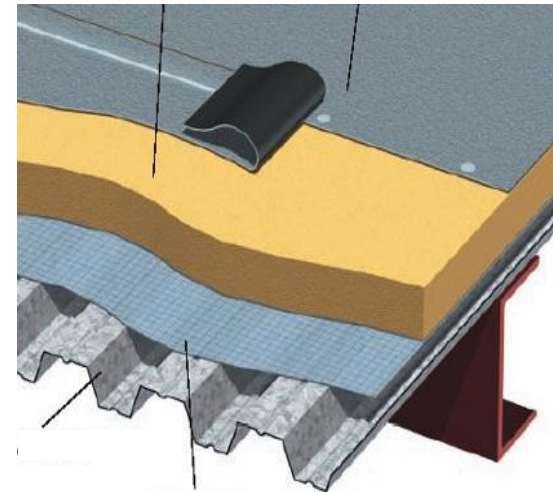
Lightshelves and Clerestories

- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

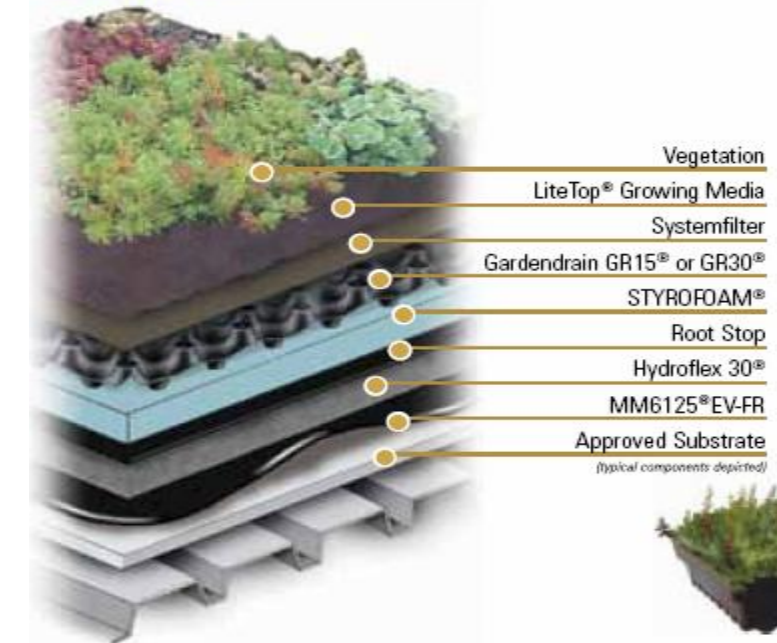
### Schematic Roof Plan



## Green Roof



### EXTENSIVE



create a functional barrier from exterior elements while maintaining aesthetic appeal & interior comfort

## Integrated Design Components

- Meet ASCE7 and ASHRAE 90.1 requirements and optimize energy efficiency

*U-Value = 0.0333*

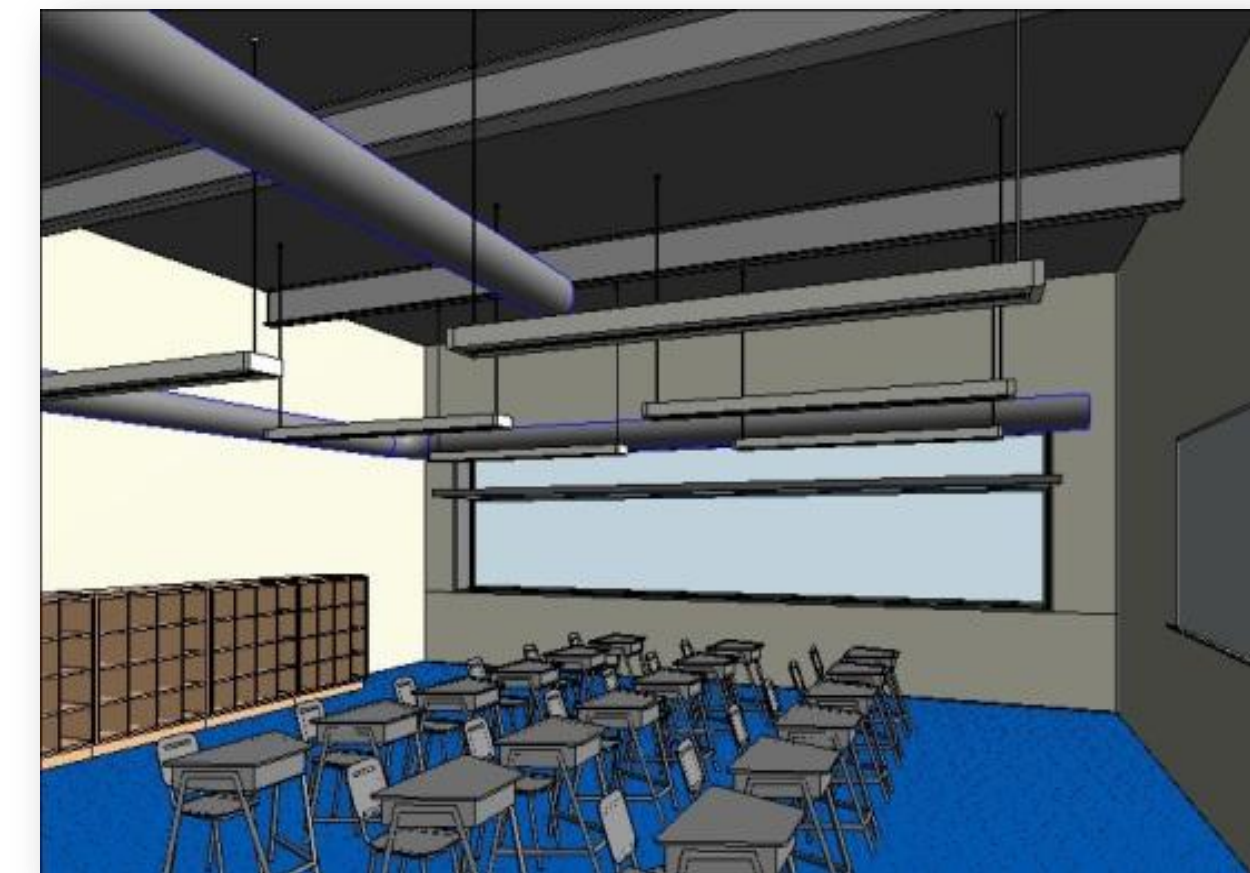
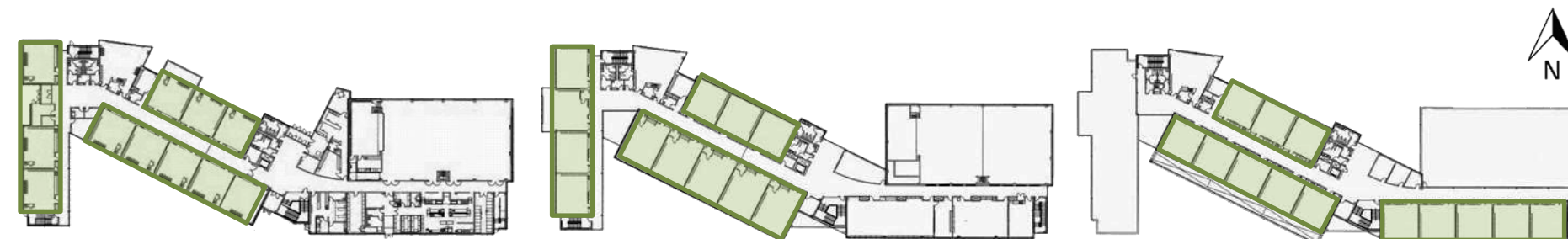
- Interactive and unique learning environment
- Constructability
  - Lightweight system
  - Minimal maintenance
  - Open joint assembly
- Minimize additional structure costs



- Introduction
- **Phase 1**
  - Enclosure
  - *Typical Classroom*
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

## Typical Classroom

create a stimulating & comfortable learning environment



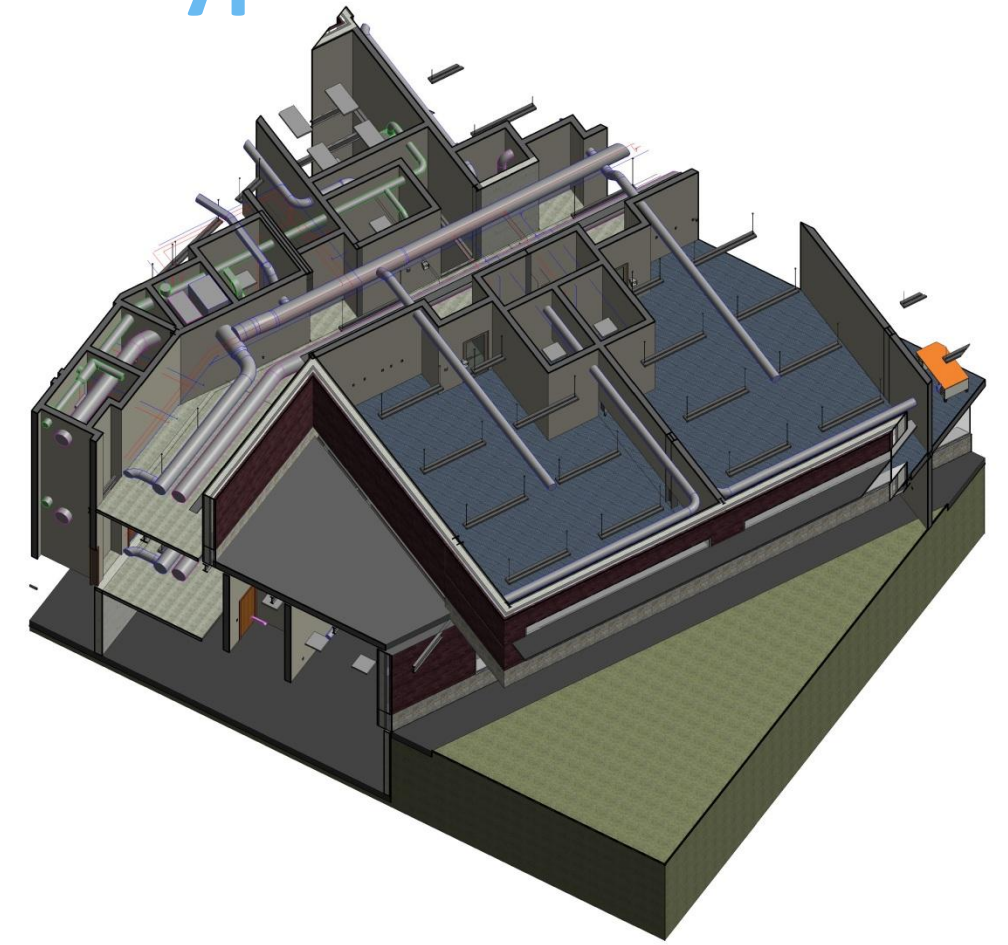
### Integrated Design Components

- Systems Spacing
- Constructability



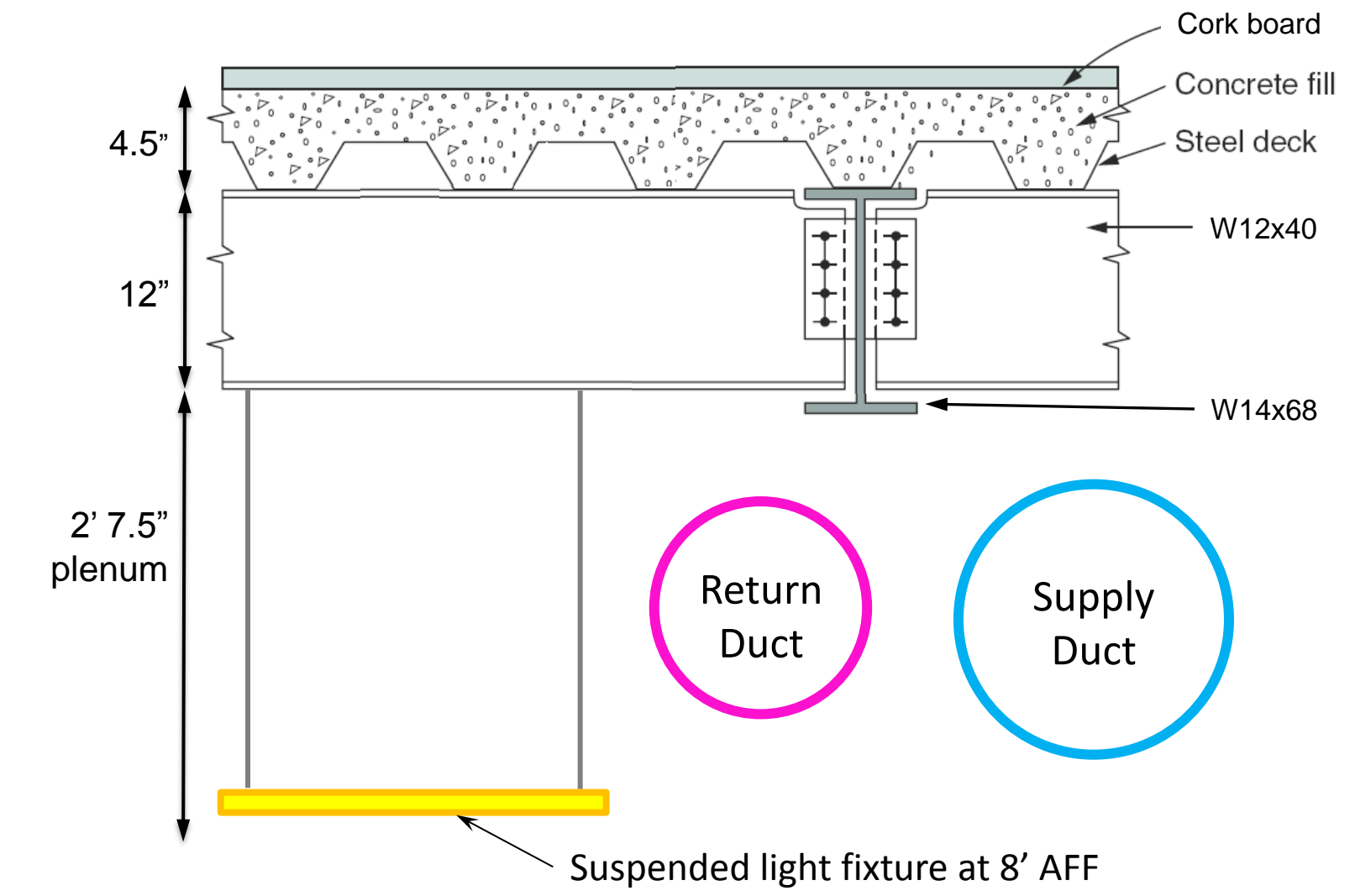
- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - **Typical Classroom**
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

## Typical Classroom



create a stimulating & comfortable learning environment

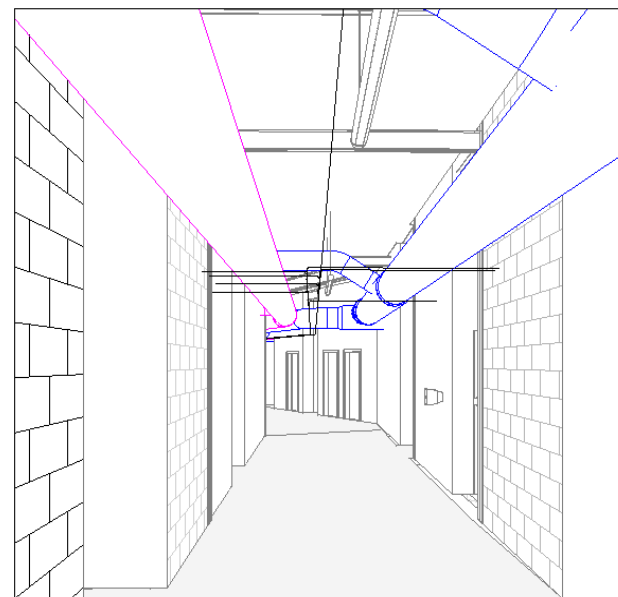
## Integrated Design Components



- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - *Typical Classroom*
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

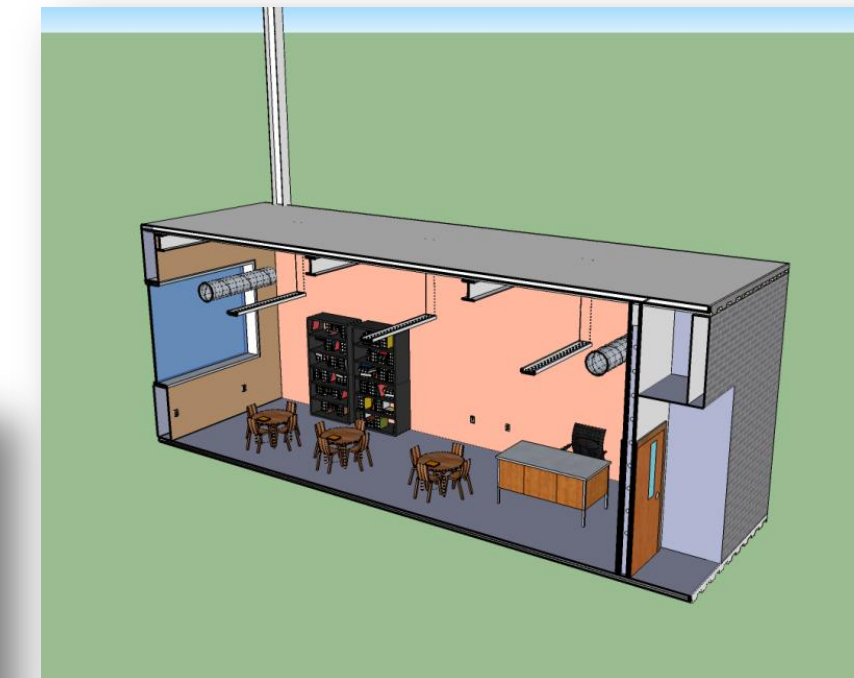
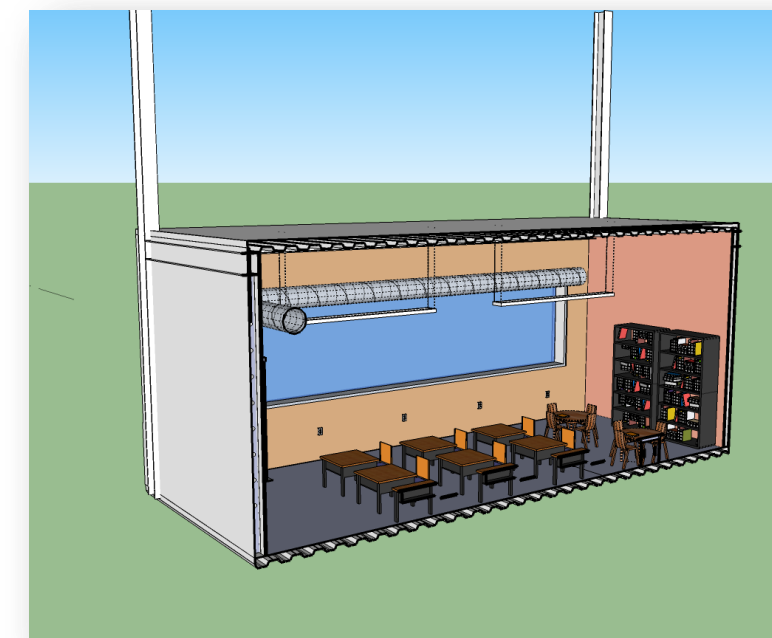
# Typical Classroom

Clash Detection



create a stimulating & comfortable learning environment

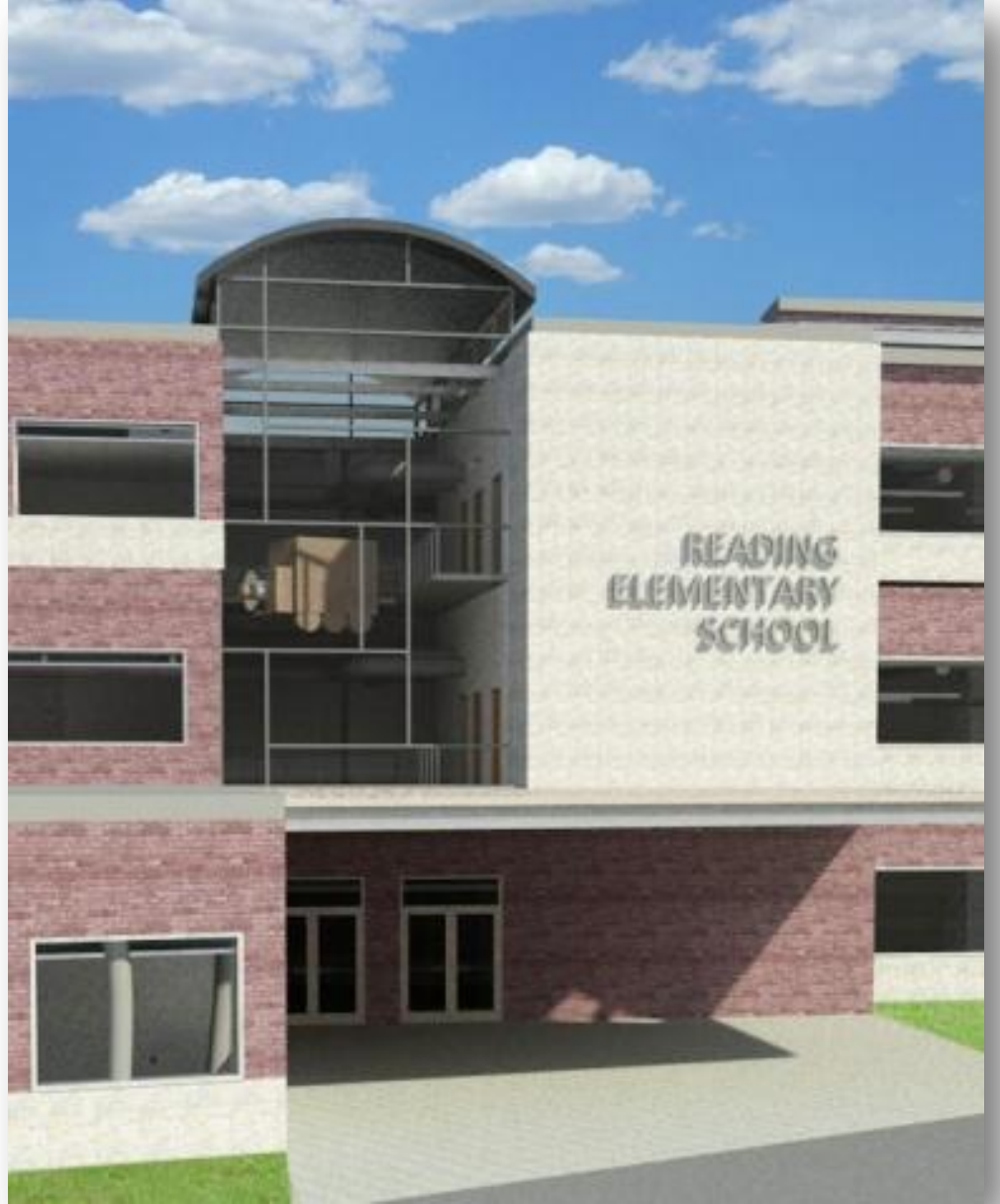
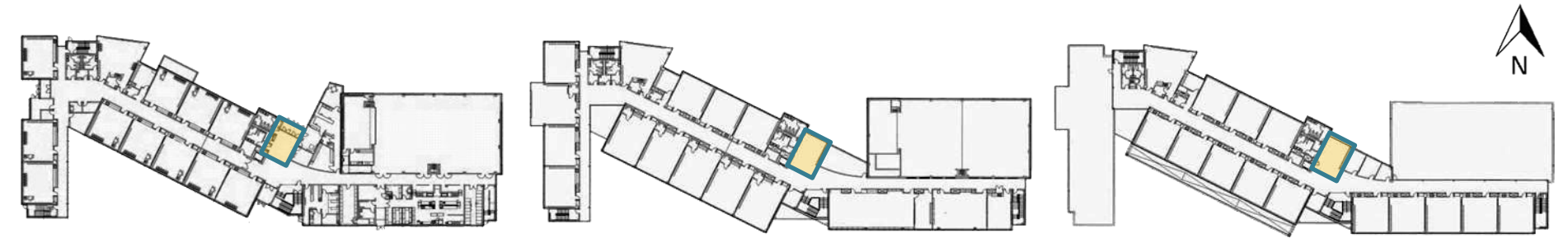
# Virtual Mockups



- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - **Atrium**
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

# Atrium

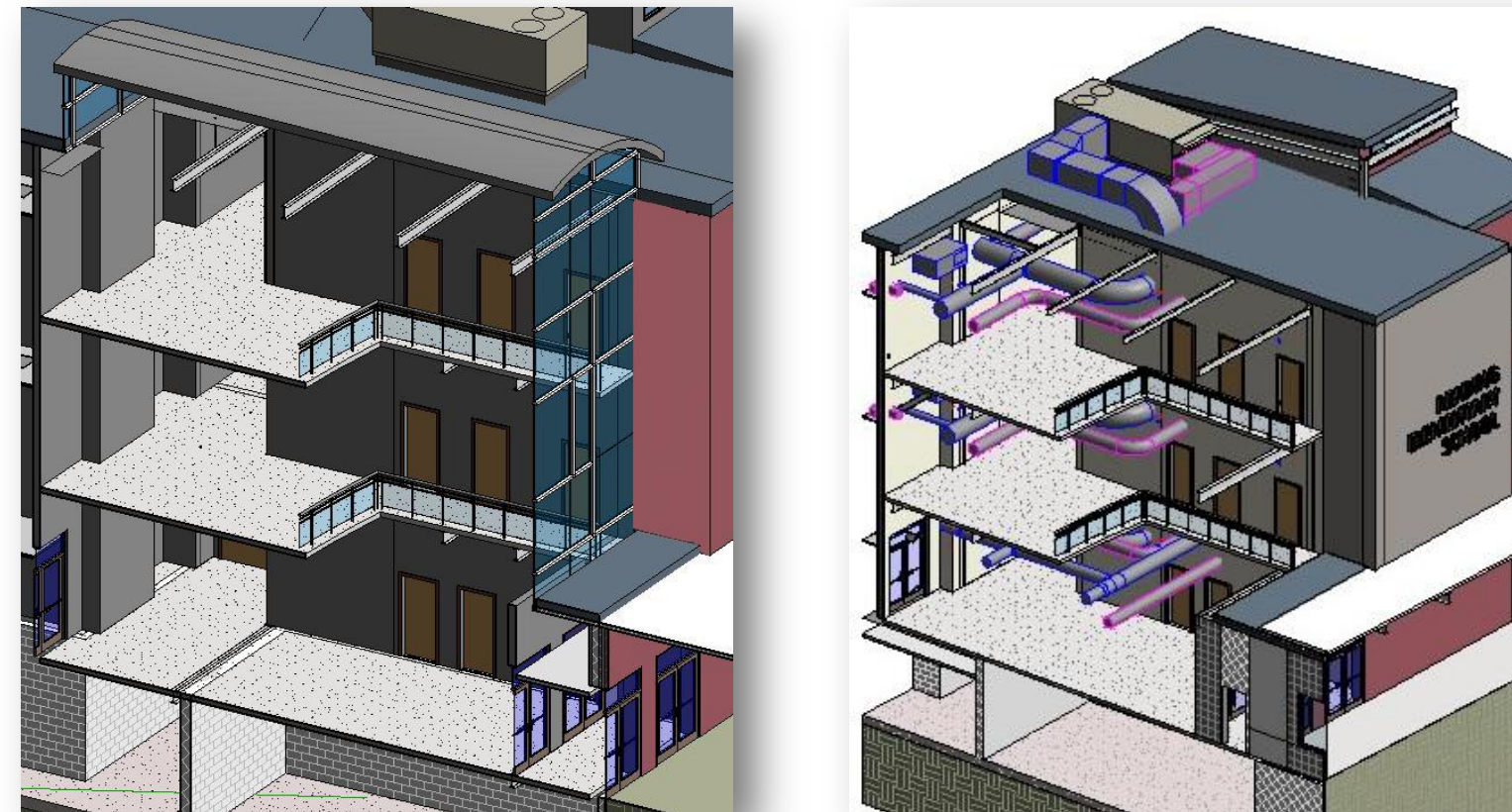
create a welcoming & secure entrance for students, faculty, and guests





- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - **Atrium**
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

## Atrium



create a welcoming & secure entrance for students, faculty, and guests

## Integrated Design Components

- Architectural appeal
- Material selection
  - *Kalwall* vs. *Opaque*
- Cantilever system design
- Daylighting Influence
- Reading Rail-Load
- Smoke Control System

- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - *Corridor*
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

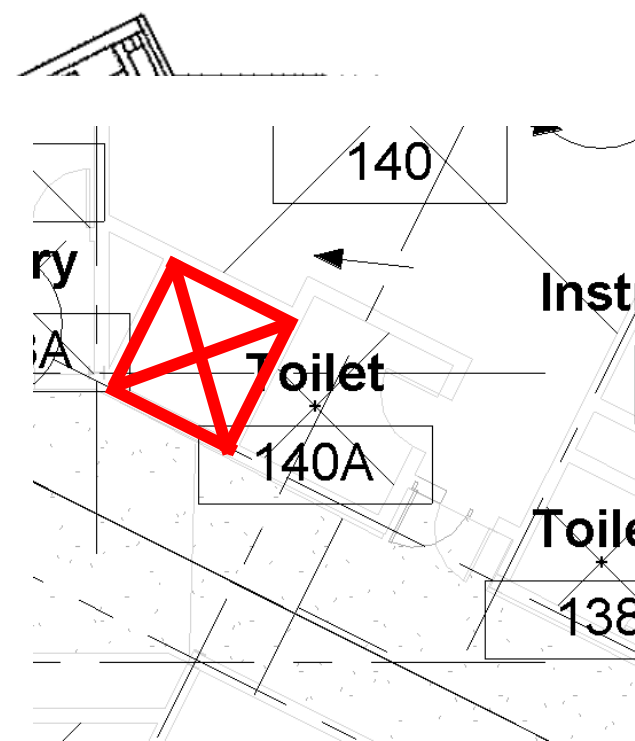
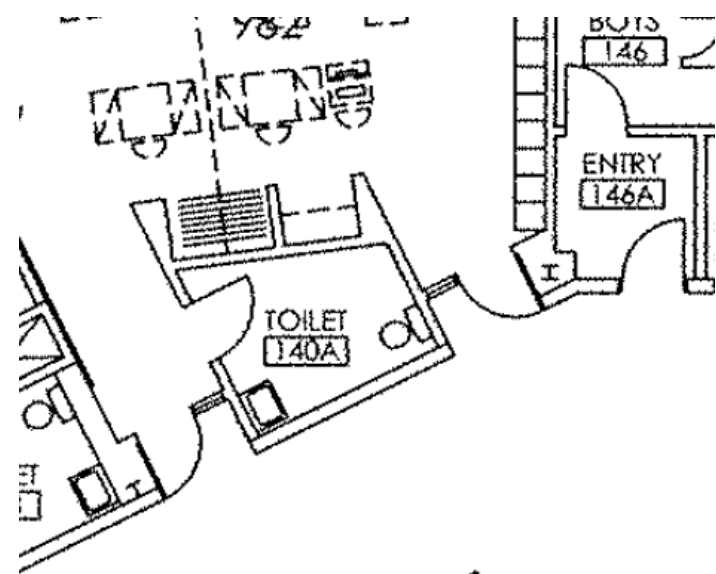
## Corridor

create a space which accommodates traffic flow and major building system components

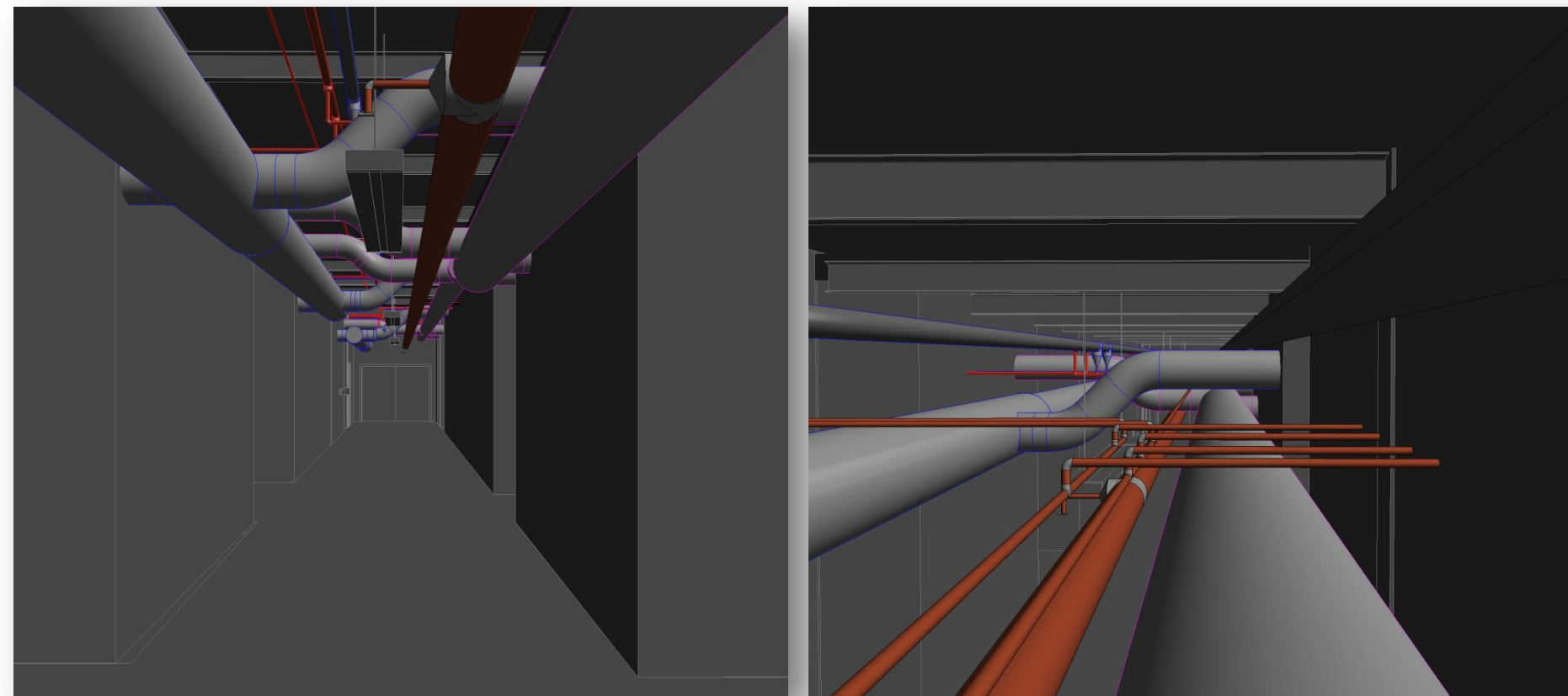




- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - **Corridor**
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation



## Corridor



create a space which accommodates traffic flow and major building system components

## Integrated Design Components

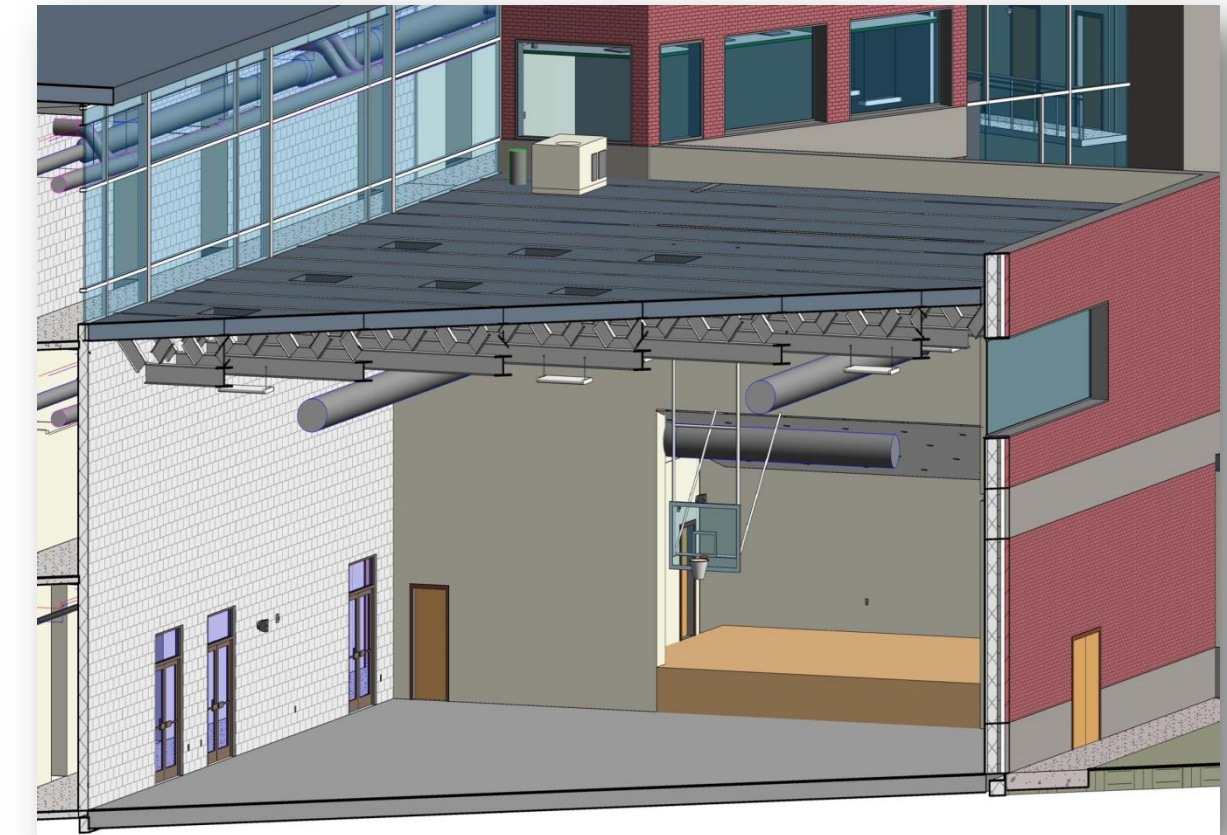
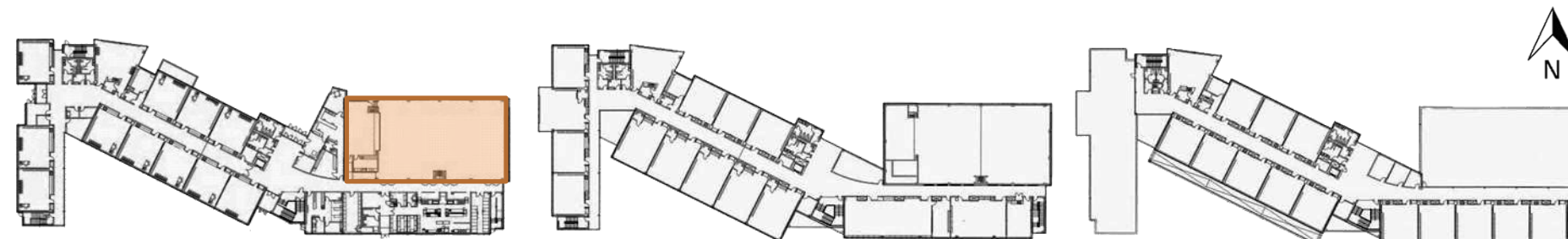
- Plenum space planning
- Exposed ceiling
- Acoustical considerations
- Shaft and heat pump space planning



- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - *Multipurpose Room*
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

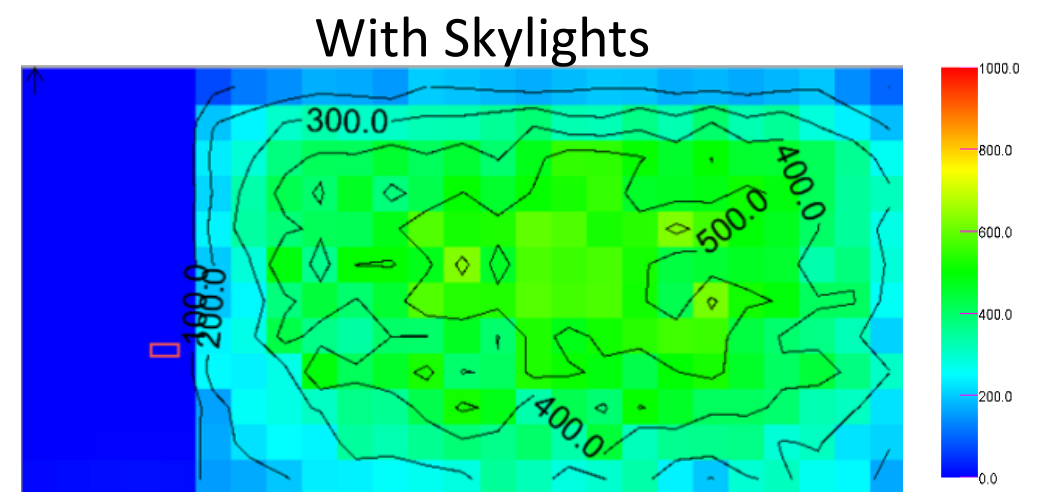
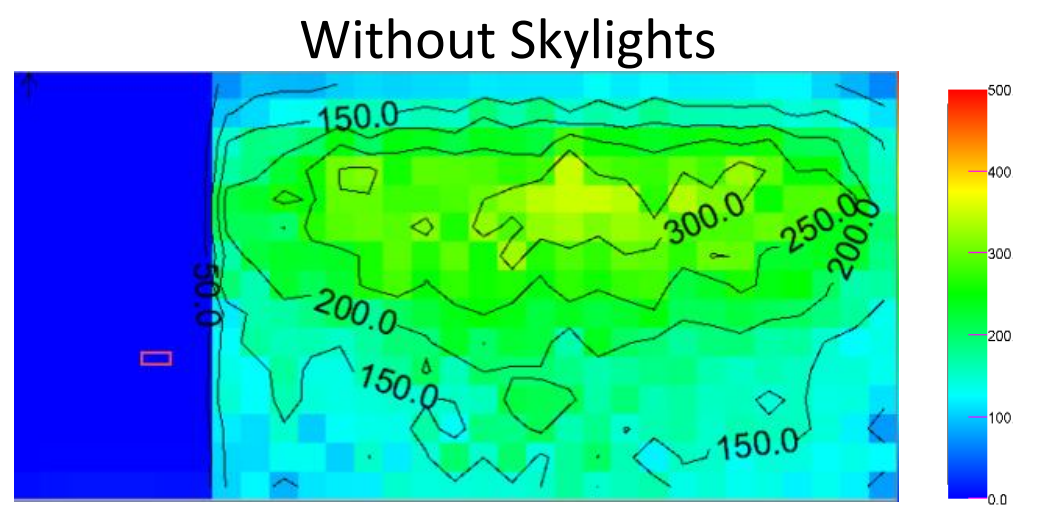
## Multipurpose Room

create a flexible space for school and community use

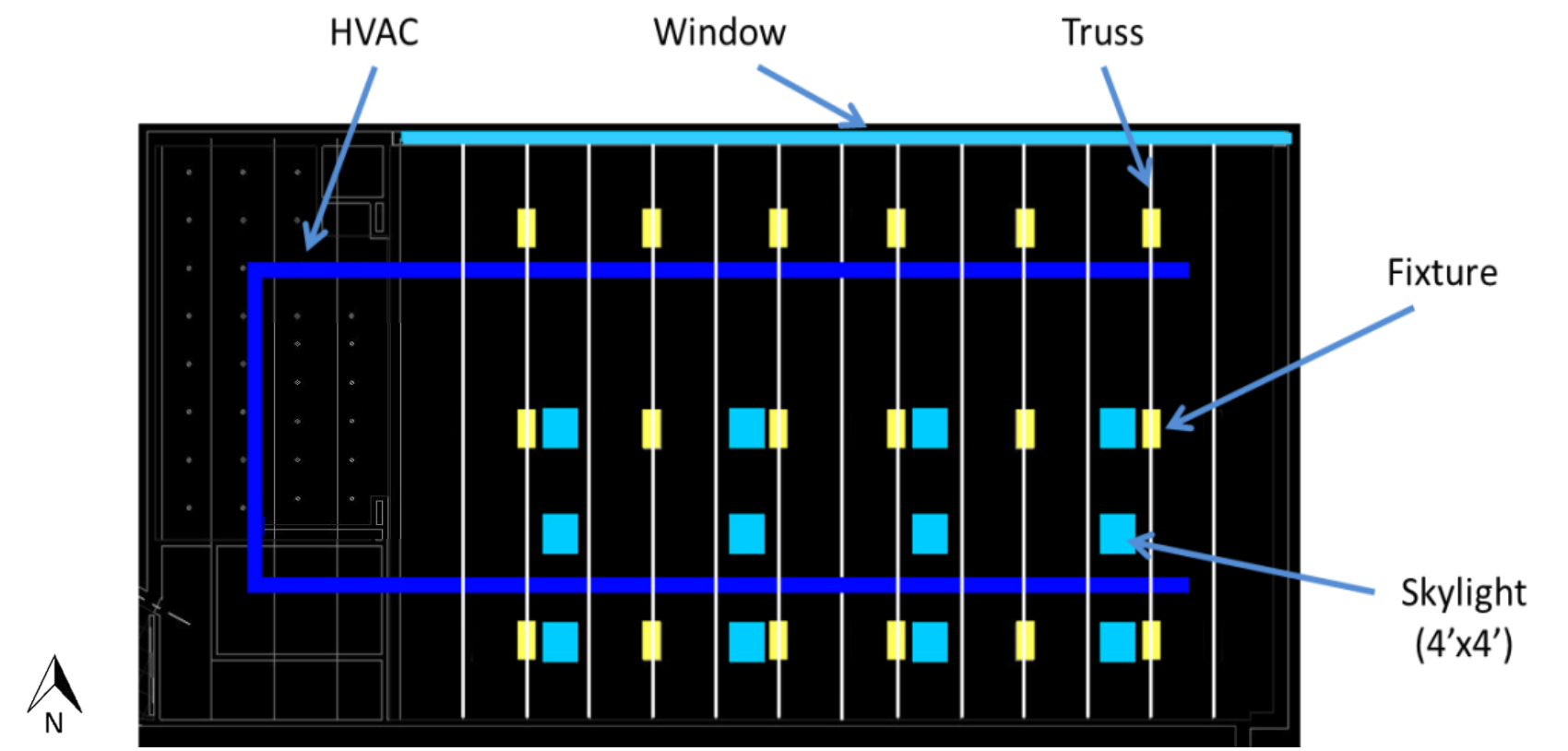


- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - **Multipurpose Room**
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - Clinical Renovation

September 21<sup>st</sup> 10:00AM



# Multipurpose Room



## Integrated Design Components

- Long span trusses
- Duct work coordination and air distribution
- Daylighting considerations

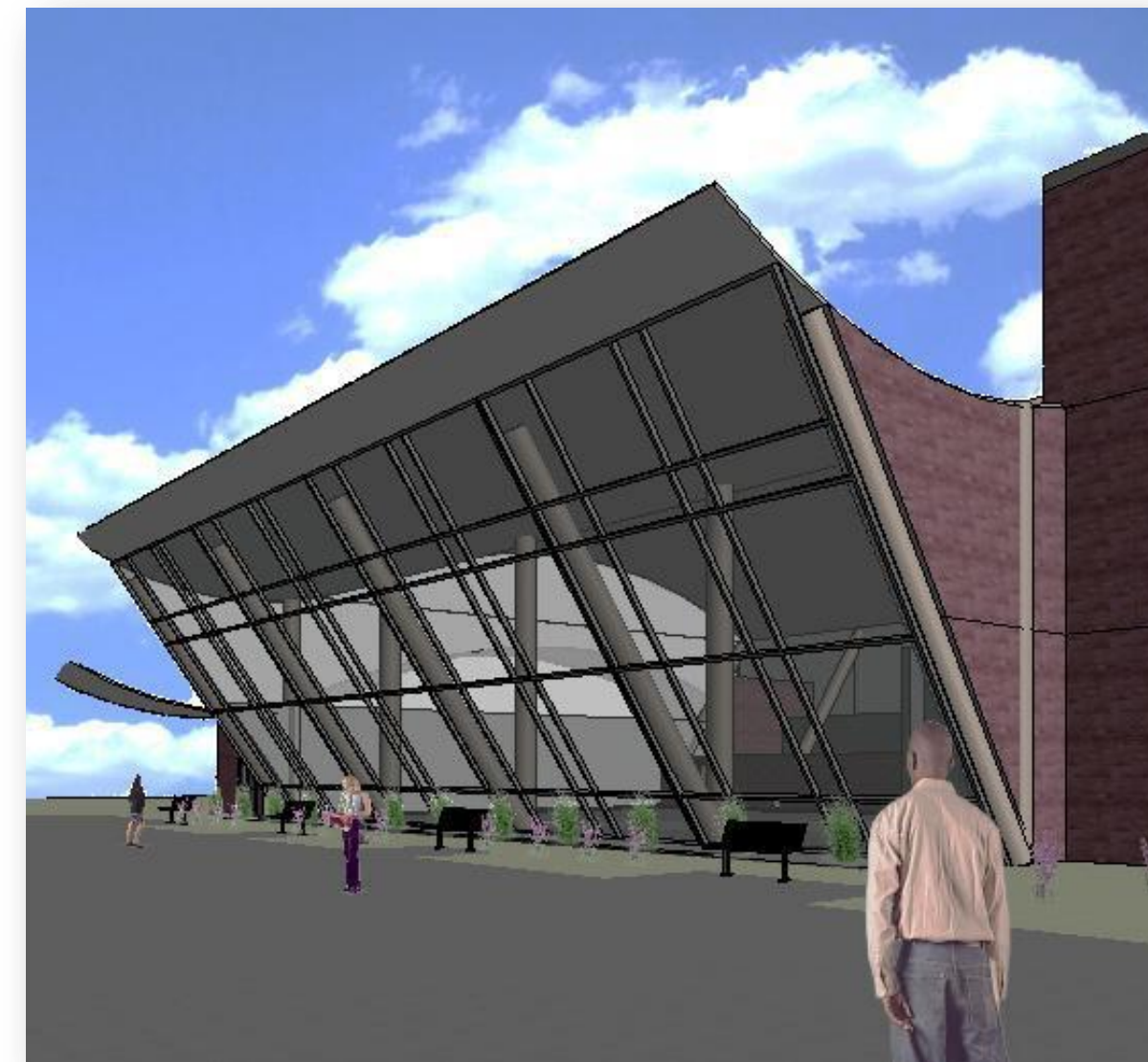
create a flexible space for the school and community



# Natatorium

*Proposed as Add/Alternate, \$3M budget and 3 month schedule*

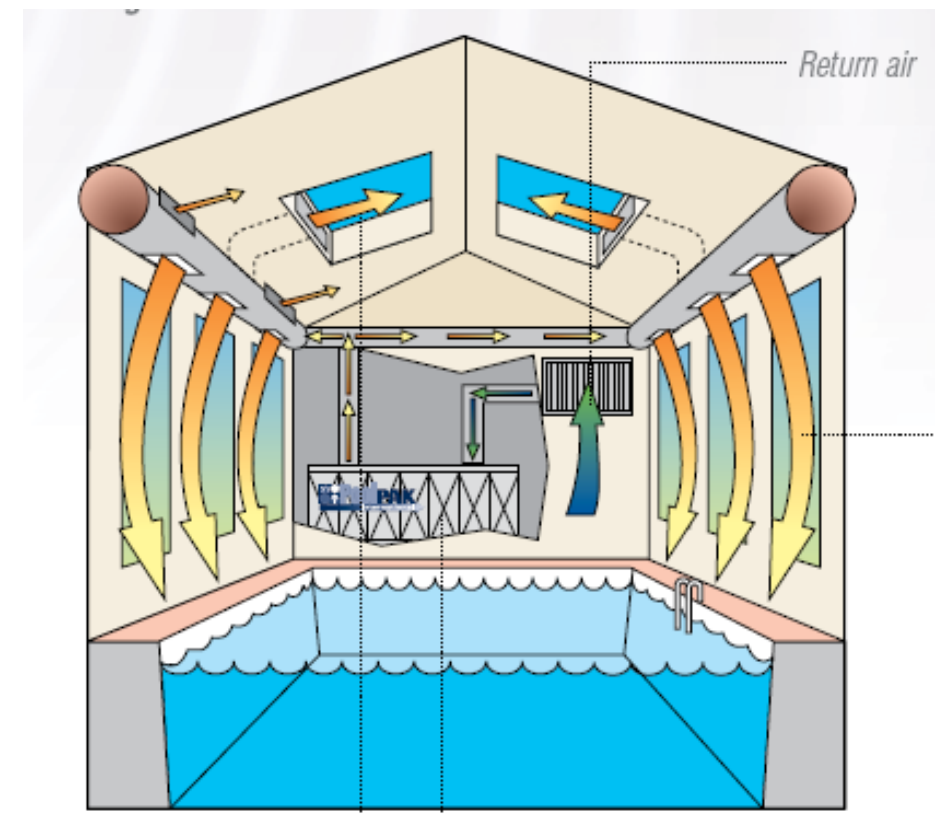
create a recreational building to encourage healthy living and community involvement



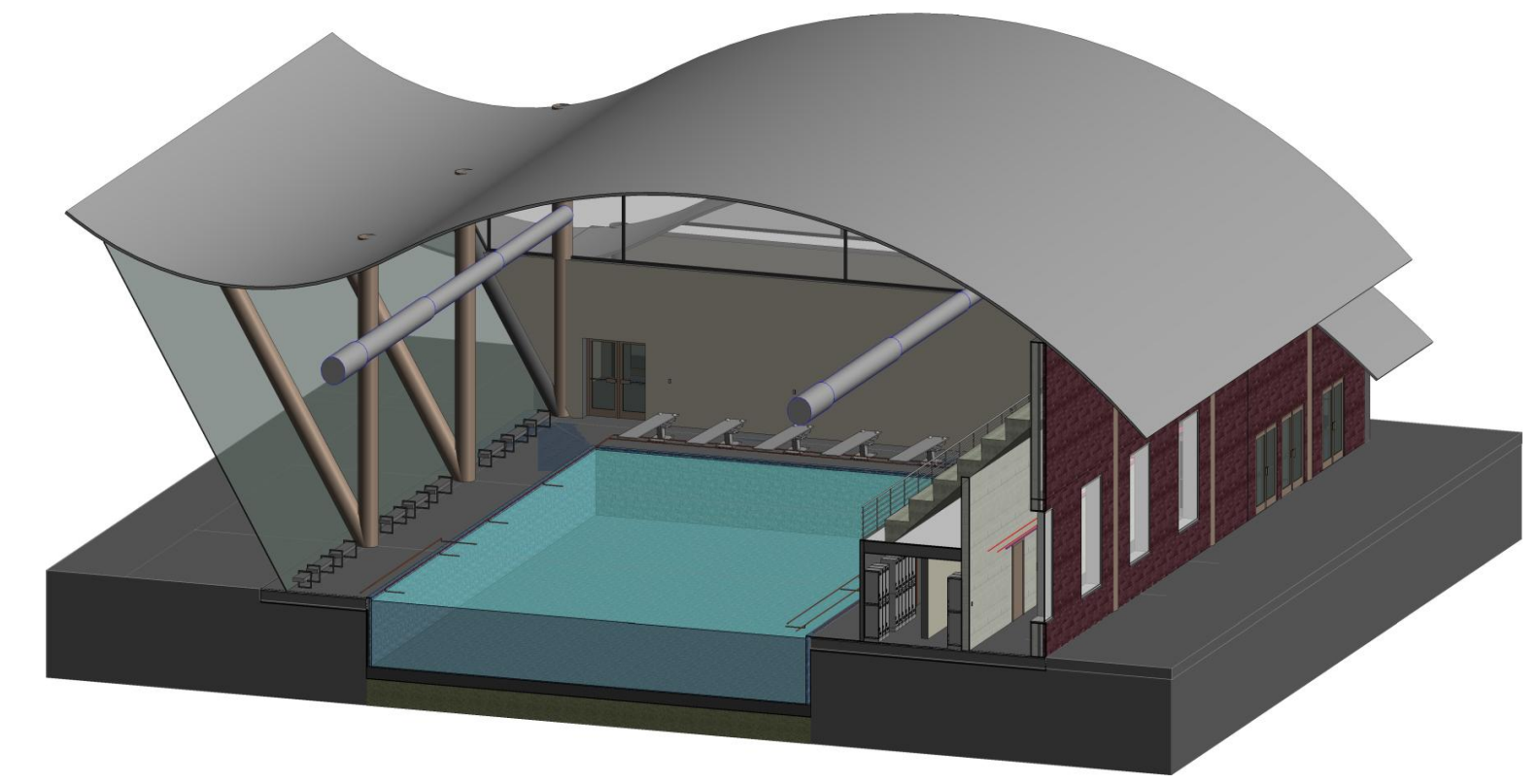
- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - *Natatorium*
  - Clinical Renovation



- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - *Natatorium*
  - Clinical Renovation



# Natatorium



create a recreational building to encourage healthy living and community involvement

## Integrated Design Components

- Temperature and humidity design considerations
- Innovative roof design
- Suspended light fixtures meet multiple criteria

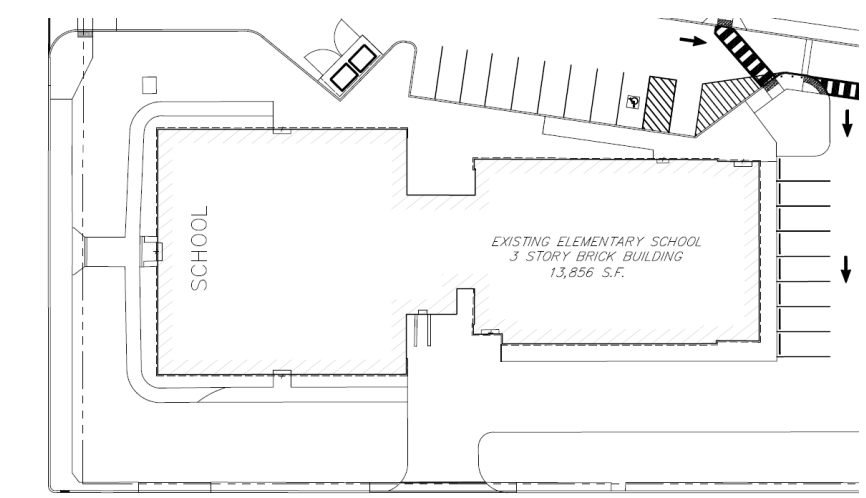
Pool	Criteria	As Designed
Water Surface	Avg. 30	31
	Avg:Min 3:1	2:1
Deck Surface	Avg. 10	22
	Avg:Min 4:1	2.5:1
Turning Lanes	Avg. 50	48
	Avg:Min 1.7:1	1.3:1
Power Density	1.2	1.03

- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
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  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - *Clinical Renovation*

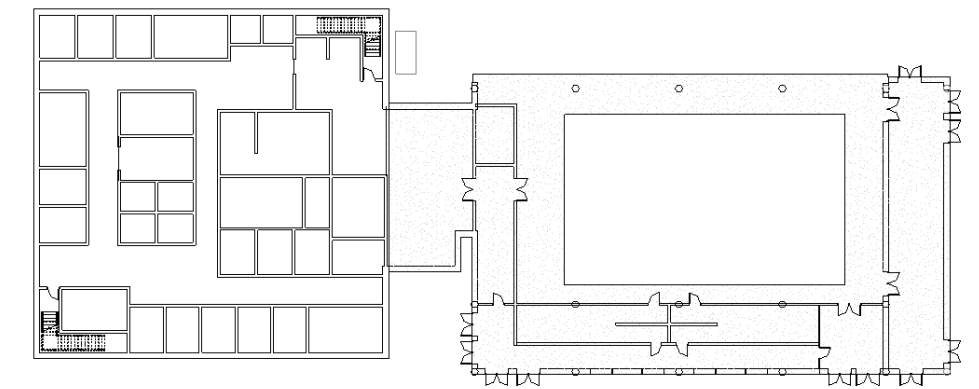
# Clinic Renovation

*Included with Add/Alternate, \$3M budget and 3 month schedule*

create a functional community clinic while repurposing usable site assets



Original School Footprint

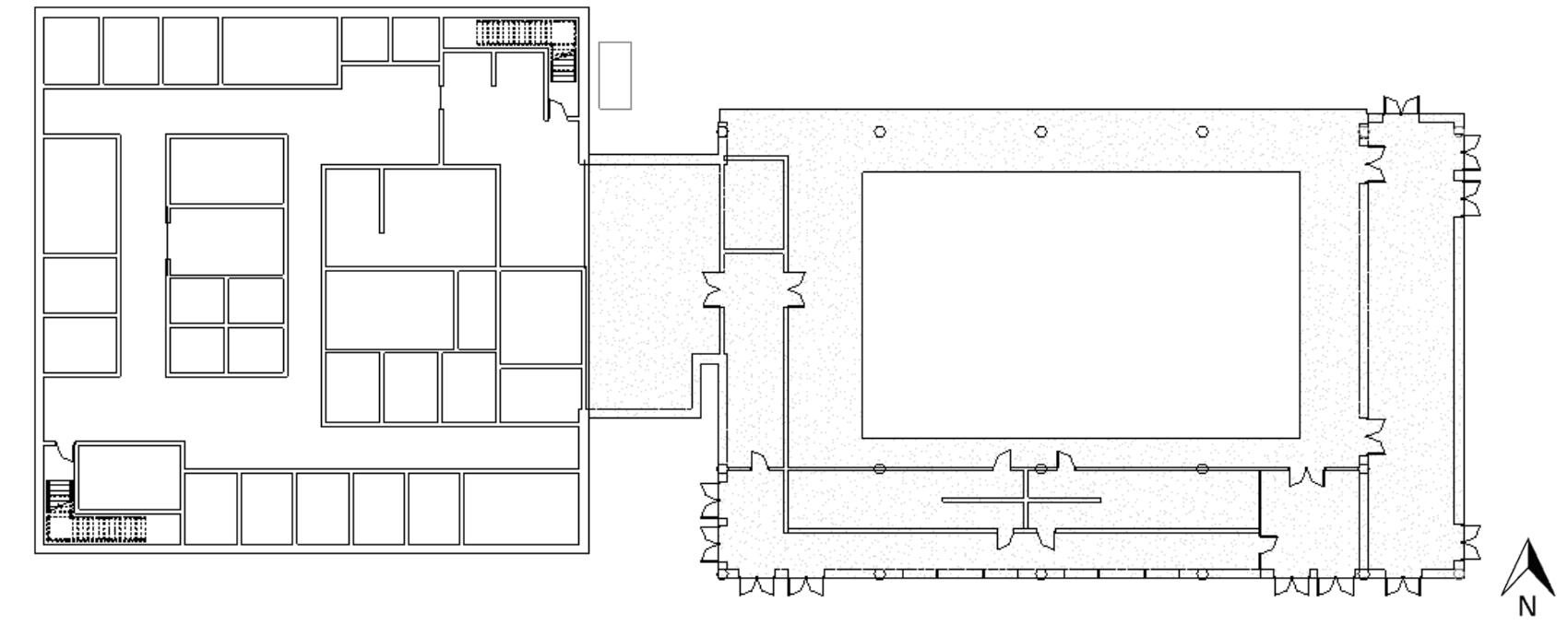


Clinic renovation floor plan

- Introduction
- Phase 1
  - Enclosure
  - Typical Classroom
  - Atrium
  - Corridor
  - Multipurpose Room
- Phase 2
  - Natatorium
  - **Clinical Renovation**

# Clinic Renovation

*Included with Add/Alternate, \$3M budget and 3 month schedule*



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## Design Considerations

- Security benefits of isolating 24 hour clinic open to public
- Limits potential for spreading of germs to students
- Asbestos Abatement Plan
- Result: Effective and sustainable reuse of original elementary school



*In Loving Memory*



*Patrick J. Zuza*

creation.

